COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE.

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TO EMBODY THE MONROE DOCTRINE.

Resolutions Introduced In the Senate by Baker of Kansas.

LIVINGSTON ASKS QUESTIONS.

He Would Like to Have Mr. Cleveland Find Out What England Has Been Doing in Venezuela Recently and Tell Her to Stop.

Washington, Jan. 9.—The presentation by Mr. Cullom (Rep.) of Illinois of a petition from Chicago on the subject of naphtha launches was the origin of a colloquy among Senators, in the course of which Mr. Frye (Rep.) of Maine, chairman of the Committee on Commerce, to which the petition was referred, stated that he had no idea that the committee would report a bill to bring small naphtha launches within the requirements of existing law as to lights, boats, inspection of boilers, etc., but that it would report a bill to bring within the requirements of the law, naphtha launches engaged in the transportation of passengers or freight.

Mr. Vilas (Dem.) of Wisconsin introduced a bill which was referred to the Judiciary Committee, withdrawing from the Supreme Court of the United States jurisdiction of criminal cases not capital and transfer it to the United States Court of Appeals. In presenting some petitions some favoring appropriations for coast defenses, Mr. Daniel (Dem.) of Virginia expressed the opinion that the public apprehensions as to the danger of the bombardment of American seaports were over-strained, but he also expressed the hope that the country would prepare itself for whatever emergencies might happen. He favored the passage of Mr. Squire's fortification bill.

Mr. Chandler (Rep.) of New Hampshire offered a resolution which was agreed to instructing the Committee on Immigration to inquire whether legislation is necessary to prevent the introduction into the United States of aliens imprisoned in penal institutions of European nations established in their American possessions.

Baker's Monroe Doctrine.

Mr. Baker (Rep.) of Kansas introduced the following joint resolution and addressed the Senate in support of it.

Resolved, That the United States of America will regard it as an unfriendly act for any foreign power, without our consent, by war, treaty, purchase or otherwise, to extend its territory limits in the Western hemisphere on either of the American continents, or to, or over any of the islands adjacent thereto which this country deems necessary or proper for its self-preservation. And the United States of America reserves the right to be the sole judge of this necessity.

Resolved, That the principle herein enunciated is founded upon the law of self-preservation, which from necessity, adheres in, and belongs to every civilized nation as a sovereign and inalienable right; and this principle is attested by Washington's farewell address and President Monroe's ever memorable message of Dec. 2, 1823."

In closing his speech, the first made by him in the Senate, Mr. Baker declared that the United States would maintain the position announced in his resolution by war if necessary in order that peace might come.

"We shall not," he said, "invite or provoke war. The justice of our cause will challenge and command the admiration of the civilized world; but if it does come, we will triumph in a cause which history will bless and when the shock of fierce contending armies shall be heard no more then we shall behold Greater America united, prosperous and free, still the wonder and marvel of the world, matchless, unconquerable."

The joint resolution was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

Stewart on Finance.

At 1:45 Mr. Stewart (Rep.) of Nevada took the floor and addressed the Senate on the financial question in general, but particularly on the Elkins and Butler resolutions forbidding the issue of bonds under private contract. Mr. Stewart sharply criticized the proposal for a popular loan, and said that bonds had been offered under impossible conditions.

Mr. Stewart ridiculed the emergency tariff bill as something got up by the politicians to distract the people, to muddy the waters; and he declared that no amount of trade protection would do the country any good until silver was admitted to the mints on the same terms as gold. The people were crying for work, not for charity. "Give the people money," he cried; "start the wheels of industry and they will accumulate wealth beyond parallel."

Mr. Stewart spoke for an hour and three-quarters, and then on motion of Mr. Jones (Dem.) of Arkansas the public bond bill with the free silver substitute reported from the Finance Committee, was taken up.

Mr. Chandler (Rep.) of New Hampshire asked Mr. Jones whether he would not prefer to make his opening speech in favor of the substitute to-morrow.

Mr. Jones admitted that he would, with the understanding that the bill shall come up to-morrw as the unfinished business.

The Senate thereupon proceeded to executive business.

At 4:10 the doors were re-opened and the Senate adjourned until to-morrow.

HOUSE.

Resolution Inquiring as to Great Britain's Actions in Venezuela.

Washington, Jan. 9.—For some reason not apparent on the surface, the Committee on Rules did not to-day report the changes it proposed to make in the code of the Fifty-first Congress under which the House has been operating, although their work has been completed and is in print. Mr. Henderson (Rep.) of Iowa gave notice that he would make the report to-morrow.

Mr. Livingston (Dem.) of Georgia asked unanimous consent for the consideration of the following concurrent resolution:

That the President of the United States is hereby requested to forthwith ascertain whether Great Britain is advancing her outposts in the territory in dispute between her colony of British Guiana and the republic of Venezuela or is reinforcing posts heretofore established with troops, police or ordnance, and should the President become convinced of the fact that a military or police force is advancing to invade or reinforce, or since the 17th day of December last has invaded or reinforced posts formerly occupied within said disputed territory, he demand the immediate withdrawal of said soldiers and the reduction of the police force in said territory to not a greater number than occupied the British outposts on the aforesaid 17th day of December, 1895.

Mr. Boutelle (Rep.) of Maine objected and the resolution went to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

Mr. Henderson (Rep.) of Iowa stated that the Committee on Rules had concluded its work and would report the new rules to the House to-morrow for its consideration.

Rising to a question of privilege Mr. Brumm (Rep.) of Pennsylvania read from a Philadelphia paper an analysis by its Washington correspondent of the House vote on the bond bill in which it was said that "Mr. Brumm was not present and he was classed as a dodger."

Mr. Brumm explained that he had been called away suddenly that day by a telegram announcing the probable fatal illness of his son, hence his failure to vote.

Mr. Blue (Rep.) of Kansas from the Committee on Appropriations reported the general pension bill for the year ending June 30, 1897, and gave notice that he would call it up after the report of the Committee on Rules had been disposed of to-morrow.

At 12:25 the House adjourned until to-morrow.

CLEVELAND WAXED WROTH.

Letter Called Forth by Criticisms of the Methods of the Bond Issue.

Washington, Jan. 9.—Senator Caffery of Louisiana to-night made public a letter of the President to him which, had opportunity presented since Monday, he would have incorporated it in remarks which he intended to make in the Senate on the bond bill. It reads:

Executive Mansion, Washington, Jan. 5.

My Dear Senator—I have read to-day in The Congressional Record the debate in the Senate on Friday concerning the financial situation and bond issues.

I am amazed at the intolerance that leads even excited partisanship to adopt as a basis of attack the unfounded accusations and assertions of a maliciously mendacious and sensational newspaper.

No banker or financier, nor any other human being, has been invited to visit Washington for the purpose of arranging in any way or manner for the disposition of bonds to meet the present or future needs of the gold reserve.

No arrangements of any kind have been made for the disposition of such bonds to any syndicate or through the agency of any syndicate.

No assurance of such a disposal of bonds has been directly or indirectly given to any person. In point of fact a decided leaning towards a popular loan and advertising for bids has been plainly exhibited on the part of the administration at all times when the subject was under discussion.

Those charged with the responsibility of maintaining our gold reserve, so far as legislation renders it possible have anxiously conferred with each other and as occasion permitted, with those having knowledge of financial affairs and present monetary conditions as to the best and most favorable means of selling bonds for gold.

The unusual importance of a successful result if the attempt is again made ought to be apparent to every American citizen who bestows on the subject a moment's patriotic thought.

The Secretary of the Treasury from the first moment that the necessity of another sale of bonds seemed to be approaching, desired to offer them issued to the people by public advertisement, if they could thus be successfully disposed of. After full consideration he came to the conclusion, to which I fully agree, that the amount of gold in the reserve, being now $20,000,000 more than it was in February last when a sale of bonds was made to a syndicate, and other conditions differing from those then existing, justify us in offering the bonds now about to be issued for sale by popular subscription.

This is the entire matter and all these particulars could have been easily obtained by any member of the Senate by simply inquiry.

If Mr. Morgan or any one else reasoning from his own standpoint, brought himself to the belief that the government would at length be constrained to again sell bonds to a syndicate, I suppose he would have a perfect right if he chose, to take such steps as seemed to him prudent, and to put himself in condition to negotiate.

I expect an issue of bonds will be advertised for sale to-morrow and that bids will be invited not only for those now allowed by law but for such other and different bonds as Congress may authorize during the pendency of the advertisement.

Not having had an opportunity to confer with you in person since the present session of Congress began and noticing your participation in the debate of last Friday, I have thought it not amiss to put you in possession of the facts and information herein contained.

Yours Very Truly,
GROVER CLEVELAND.

Hon. Donaldson Caffery.

The Katahdin Formally Accepted

Washington, Jan. 9.—In accordance with the joint resolution of Congress, Secretary Herbert to-day, immediately upon his return from New York, accepted the ram Katahdin on behalf of the government. The formalities were concluded with General Hydem, president of the Bath Iron Works of Bath, Me., the contractors for the little vessel. The Katahdin will be turned over to the government at once by the iron works and the finishing touches to her put on at the Brooklyn navy yard.

It is expected that the ram will be placed in commission in about ten days.

International Chess.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 9.—To-day's game in the international chess masters' tournament resulted as follows: Tschigorin (black) beat Pillsbury in a queen's gambit declined after 40 moves. Steinitz (white) beat Lasker in a queen's gambit declined after 30 moves. The score up to date is as follows: Lasker and Pillsbury, 6½ each; Steinitz, 5½; Tschigorin, 3½.

BITTER FEELING AGAINST GERMANY.

Great Britain's Naval Preparations Meet Popular Approval.

THE PEOPLE FAVOR WARFARE.

Court Influence May Be Able to Prevent an Outbreak—Chances for Settlement by Diplomacy and Not by War.

London, Jan. 9.—Dispatches from Cape Colony continue to dribble in, but the freshest of them received to-day was two days old, showing that the telegraph and cable companies are either clearing up the accumulation of old business or that the government still refuses to allow the transmission of news dispatches.

Much interest is manifested here in the receipt of intelligence that will show the attitude of the Hon. Cecil Rhodes, lately prime minister of Cape Colony, who is strongly suspected of having much to do with the dispatch of Dr. Jameson's force to the Transvaal. But until the normal condition of the telegraphic service is restored nothing of this point can be stated definitely, and nothing but speculation can be indulged in.

On the continent, it is openly charged that not only was Mr. Rhodes fully cognizant of the movements of Dr. Jameson, but that the British government was also aware of what was going on. Had the raid been successful Great Britain, according to the belief in Europe, would have stepped in and occupied the country, ostensibly to protect the subjects, but really to establish an occupation similar to that in Egypt, which is tantamount to the annexation of the country. As the raid resulted in a most miserable fiasco, the British government is accused of attempting to forestall condemnation by emphatically denying any prior knowledge of the matter and of taking measures to prevent departure of the expedition after it knew it had departed and had resulted in a failure.

Of course these statements are denied here, and the government newspapers insist that Mr. Chamberlain, the colonial secretary, has acted throughout with clean hands. At any rate, it can be said so far as the Transvaal is concerned that the government has done everything in its power to prevent the raid from affecting any more than possible the relations between Great Britain and the South African Republic. But that the troubles have affected the British foreign relations, more particularly those with Germany, there is no denial.

Increased Bitterness.

Since the fact became known that Emperor William had, before the Jameson raid, decided to intervene in the Transvaal, the feeling against Germany has greatly increased in bitterness. The naval preparations now being made meet with the fullest popular approval, and the more fiery among those who are in favor of war declare that the time has come for Great Britain to assert herself in her might and teach Germany that she will brook no interference with her suzerainty in the Transvaal. Those of calmer blood hold that court interference will be sufficiently powerful to prevent an outbreak, but court interference does not and cannot control the popular demand which is decidedly in favor of warfare.

A dispassionate view of the situation leads to the belief, however, that the excitement will soon die away and matters resume their normal condition.

The naval preparations, however, are proceeding apace. In addition to the flying squadron which has been ordered to be put in readiness, instructions were issued to-day for the immediate commissioning of 20 torpedo boat destroyers.

All these preparations together with the mobilization of the land forces do not necessarily mean that there will be a war. In well-informed circles it is believed that they simply mean that the government is on the alert against any emergency that may arise, and should conditions demand it, it will be ready to strike a swift blow against any enemy.

The best criterion of the situation is to be found at the stock exchange, where the tone and prices respond to every touch of fear or hope. This morning the markets displayed a sanguine tone, and consols advanced from yesterday's closing prices. Later there was a slight decline, but on the whole there was an advance as compared with the values of yesterday.

Diplomacy Not War.

Altogether it can be said that there appears to be an improvement in the situation, and unless new and unforseen difficulties arise it is thought the pending questions will be settled diplomatically and not by war.

Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, Secretary of State for the Colonies, has sent the following telegram to President Krueger of the South African republic:

"I have received the command of the Queen to acquaint you with the fact that Her Majesty has heard with satisfaction that you have decided to hand over Dr. Jameson and the other prisoners to the British authorities. This act will redound to your credit and your honor, and conduce to the peace of South Africa. The harmonious operation of the British and Dutch races is necessary to South Africa's future development and prosperity.

Russia's View.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 9.—The Novoe Vremya in an article discussing the Transvaal situation, says: "The attitude of the British government press seems to be rather an attempt to intimidate Germany than a serious intention to go to war. The Transvaal question will only acquire serious importance if fresh developments occur which force the German Emperor to act in conformity with his message to President Kruger.

"In that event, the complete isolation of England, which is so menacing to her position in Egypt, would be fully exhibited."

Portugal Neutral.

Lisbon, Jan. 9.—A dispatch from Lorenzo Marquez Portuguese South Africa, says that the British gunboat Thrush and the German cruiser Seeadler are now in Delgoa Bay. It is reported that the government of Portugal has decided to remain absolutely neutral in the disputes between Germany and England regarding the South African dispute, permitting neither to land troops at Delgoa Bay, or to march them across Portuguese South African territory.

THE FLYING SQUADRON.

Torpedo Destroyers Included in England's Preparations.

London, Jan. 9.—The flying squadron, composed of the battleships Royal Oak and Revenge and the cruisers Gibraltar, Hermione, Charybdis and Thesus, which is now fitting out, will, when all preparations are complete, assemble at Portsmouth for final orders.

The admiralty have ordered the Davenport dock yard to put six of the swiftest torpedo destroyers into commission and get them in readiness to join the flying squadron at Portsmouth on Jan. 14.

In addition to the six fast torpedo destroyers ordered to be got in readiness, the admiralty have sent orders to other yards requiring six other ships of the same class to be put into commission as quickly as possible and have also ordered 20 torpedo destroyers to be put in commission immediately.

Kruger Demands Indemnity.

London, Jan. 9.—It was reported on the stock exchange to-day that President Krueger of the Transvaal republic has made claim to 500,000 pounds sterling indemnity from the British South Africa company for the damage inflicted by Dr. Jameson's raid into the Transvaal.

England Storing Coal.

Washington, Jan. 9.—Information has reached the Navy Department that the British government is displaying great activity in storing coal at its well-fortified naval coaling and supply station of St. Lucia, near the Venezuelan coast. The disturbed relations between Great Britain and Germany are given as the reason for the activity.

PERSIAN EARTHQUAKE.

Village Totally Destroyed and Eleven Hundred Lives Lost.

Teheran, Persia, Jan. 9.—Two severe earthquake shocks, causing the loss of 1100 lives, have occurred in the Khalkhal district. The first shock, which was experienced on Thursday last, was very severe. It completely destroyed the village of Zanzabad and partly destroyed other villages. Three hundred persons perished in the several villages.

On the following Sunday there was another severe shock which destroyed the small town of Goi and did great damage in many of the villages in the district affected. Eight hundred persons were killed in Goi alone. Large numbers of cattle and sheep perished.

PRESS CLUB DAY.

Extensive Preparations for an Elaborate Programme.

Leadville, Colo., Jan. 9.—Extensive preparations are being made for the observance of Press Club Day at the ice palace. It will be the first special day when the structure can be seen in its completed grandeur. An elaborate programme, including general masking on the streets from 4 to 10 p. m., and a grand mask ball and carnival, with skating races for the skate championship, will be the exercises at the palace, and a banquet to the visiting newspaper men will conclude the festivities. The Colorado State Editorial association will meet at the palace in the afternoon. One thousand dollars in prizes will be distributed, including a $50 medal to the finest appearing young lady in newspaper costume representing a newspaper published in the State. Many other attractive features will make Press day the brightest in the carnival calendar.

Ran Private Postoffice.

Cleveland, O., Jan. 9. C. W. Tourgee, ex-postmaster at West Williamsfield, Ashtabula county, chairman of of the Republican county committee, and a very prominent man generally, was brought to Cleveland as a prisoner yesterday by United States Marshal Haskell and Inspector Fleming of the postoffice department, charged with a serious offense against the postal law. Inspector Fleming stated that Tourgee has displayed in his store window a large sign on which is inscribed. "Postoffice," and that he has been in the habit of accepting mail and taking it to trains, thus depriving the official postmaster of his fees. There has been bad feeling between Tourgee and his successor by President Cleveland, Tourgee stated that he did not know he was violating the law.

Distilling Company Assigns.

Louisville, Ky., Jan. 9.—The Belle of Nelson Distilling company, one of the largest concerns in the country, filed a deed of assignment at 1 o'clock this afternoon to the Columbia Finance and Trust company. The assets and liabilities are not known, but it is thought that they will be about $300,000. The company will be re-organized and resume business. The assignment is said to have been caused by the firm carrying the stock of Bartley, Johnson & Co., which assigned a year ago and which is involved in the present failure.

Denver Counterfeiters.

Denver, Jan 9.—While engaged in the manufacture of counterfeit coin in a dilapidated cabin in the railroad yards district William Fisher and George Williams were to-day arrested by the government's secret service agents. A large quantity of spurious nickels and quarters were seized, which are of a quality sufficiently good to make them dangerous.

Voluntary Manslaughter.

Leadville, Colo., Jan. 9.—The jury in the case in which Thomas B. Powers was charged with the murder of his son-in-law, Patrick J. Kennedy, on the 5th of October last, returned a verdict of voluntary manslaughter, after deliberating for four hours, at 6 o'clock last evening.

The verdict was a surprise, and considerable feeling is caused thereby.

The maximum penalty is eight years in the penitentiary.

Wisconsin for McKinley.

Milwaukee, Wis., Jan. 9.—The Republican State central committee in session here to-day decided to hold their State convention in Milwaukee on March 18. A canvass of those present showed a decided preference for McKinley as a Presidential candidate

GOOD STRIKE ON IRONCLAD HILL.

In the Leora V. Belonging to the Emma Aimee Co.

TWO STREAKS HIGH GRADE ORE.

The Company's Other Claim Showing Up Well—A. D. Jones Makes a Big Strike in the Hopeful, One of the Isabella Group.

Special to The Gazette.

Cripple Creek, Jan. 9.—For some days past it has been reported that a good strike had been made in the Annex lode on Ironclad hill, but upon investigation your representative finds that the strike was made on the Leora V., at a point about eight feet from the side line of the Annex. This claim belongs to the Emma Aimee company and is being worked under lease by Jannings Brothers & Batchelor. The lessees have uncovered a vein which is 30 feet wide and within two or three feet of the surface two pay streaks have been disclosed. One of these is about six inches wide and the other four inches. They lie about two feet apart in this big dyke, the rock between them being a species of phonolite. This rock has not yet been tested but it is thought that it will assay pay. The only fire test made was on a piece of rock which had first been thoroughly freed of the gouge matter and which returned $107 to the ton. Tests by panning and chemicals assure the lessees that the two talc streaks will average at least $200 to the ton. The lessees of this claim, or this 500 feet of it, have also a lease on 300 feet of the Annex lode which is under bond to the Golden Link company from the Magna Charta company. The vein discovered runs north and south and immediately into the 300 feet of ground on the Annex. Work was started only a few weeks ago and the leases date from Jan. 1 and run for one year. The company also owns the Emma Aimee where an ore chute has been opened up recently.

Developed by Tunnel.

The claim is developed by a tunnel which is now in the hill a distance of 226 feet. At this point a 3½-foot vein was encountered which has been drifted on a distance of 29 feet and it is here that the ore chute was struck. A chamber in the drift is now being made to give room to sink a winze on this ore chute, one of the streaks in which assays $37 to the ton at the Pittsburg sampler.

The new machinery for the Eclipse No. 1 on Raven hill arrived to-day. The shaft house is already completed and ready to receive the steam hoist. The property is being worked under the management of the well known expert Mr. Charles Moore and belongs to the New Haven company. Work on the ore in the lower level will commence in a few days.

The Maggie Perry, owned by Mr. Perry of Colorado Springs, was bonded and leased to-day to Mr. Waldron, also of Colorado Springs, for one year. The bond calls for $90,000. A new shaft house has just been completed on the property and work will be continued in the old shaft which is now down 20 feet. There is a porphyry dyke running through the whole length of the property, or 1500 feet, and the shaft has been sunk on the contact beween the porphyry and granite. The showing is a particularly good one and some of the rich assays as high as $27 per ton.

A new shaft house has been erected on the Sunshine lode which is situated about half a mile north of Grassy. The shaft has been sent down a distance of 20 feet and is now being timbered. The outlook is favorable and the Sunshine may develop into something good before long.

Strike on the Hopeful.

An important strike was made to-day on the Hopeful lode, belonging to the Isabella company. The claim is northeast of the Buena Vista, the west end line joining the east side line of the old B. V. It is being worked under lease by A. D. Jones, F. F. Frisbee and James Dade. The shaft is now down 30 feet and discloses a vein four and one-half feet wide, all of which is pay ore. It is rich in sylvanite and the pay streak will run away up in the thousands.

The Maggie Lynch lode, located a short distance northwest of Mound City and about a quarter of a mile south of the limits of Cripple Creek town, was purchased to-day by F. E. Taylor of Denver, from Michael B. Lynch and Henry B. Motte for $5000 cash.

A good vein is reported to have been opened up by one of the lessees on the Orphan Bell company's properties. The find is said to have been made eight feet below the surface. There is a strong vein in this shallow shaft which runs over $100 to the ton clear across the vein.

The Pride of Cripple Creek, situated on the north slope of Bull hill has its shaft down a distance of 140 feet. Some ore has been taken out of it that ran as high as 7 ounces in gold to the ton but of late the property has been neglected. It is now being worked again and promises to be a shipper again in the near future.

In the Eisehart brick yard, not far from town, a strike has been made. It seems that while digging out clay a vein was encountered. It is a good one and in place between two good walls and has ore that will run over one ounce to the ton. A claim was staked on the vein which is called the Rosa Eisenhart. A contract has been let to sink and timber a shaft to a depth of 100 feet. Messrs. Allen and Eisenhart are now the owner of the property and the contract has been given to Arthur Ormes.

NOTHING DISCOVERED.

Work in the Anna Lee is Within Thirty Feet of the Third Level.

Special to The Gazette.

Victor, Jan. 10. 3:15 a. m.—There is but little new to report from the Anna Lee shaft as no discoveries have been made although there was a report at one time that two bodies had been recovered from the mine. The officials are very uncommunicative but it is learned upon reliable authority that this is untrue and the the brave workers who have toiled so long and untiringly have not yet been rewarded for their efforts.

One of the leaders of the rescuing party was seen early this morning and he states that the upraise from the fourth level has yet some 30 feet to go before the third level can be reached where it is expected that one or more of the miners were at the time of the cave-in and if the work continues to be as arduous as it has been this point will not be reached before to-morrow night.

The air continues good in the upper workings and work has continued as fast as possible all day and night. The same care has to be exercised, every foot of ground opened up has to be heavily timbered and expert men have been watching the effect of the blasting on the main body of rock all day.

At one time a rumor was circulated that the miners who have been working on other parts of the Portland company's properties had refused to return to work until the bodies or men had been recovered from the Anna Lee shaft. This proved to be without foundation.

Nothing official has yet been heard about the January dividend here. It is generally declared on the first, second or third day of the month.

LENOWING PHILADELPHIA.

Bribery, Brutality and Other Misconduct in the Police Department.

Philadelphia, Jan. 9.—The protection by the police of "speak easies" and policy shops; the brutal conduct of policemen and the discharge of employes from the city departments because they did not frantically agree with their superiors, was brought out this afternoon at the meeting of the Senatorial investigating committee.

Ex-Policeman George Slook, Jr., testified to having received, together with Special Officer Martin and other policemen, sums of money which were paid them for protection by proprietors of "policy shops" and "speak easies." The witness further stated that Martin was indicted in October, 1891, for an alleged bribery in January, 1892, but that the case against him was dismissed last month on the ground that the time for the prosecution had expired by the statute of limitations. The witness declared that, although Martin is unable to read or write, he is still connected with the police department.

BALTIMORE BATTLED WITH WAVES.

Two Men Killed and Seven Injured but the Cruiser Conquered.

Astoria, Ore., Jan. 9.—Advices by the steamer Rhosina, which arrived from Yokohama via Honolulu to-day, tell of a terrific experience the cruiser Baltimore had from Dec. 6 to the 9th in a typhoon in the China sea. Her officers reported the typhoon the worst ever experienced.

The vessel advanced not over one mile an hour for three days. Boatswain Jessen was washed overboard and lost, Carpenter Cooper was thrown against one of the big guns and killed and seven of the crew were seriously, but not fatally, injured. Considerable damage was done to the vessel. The engines, however, worked to perfection. The Baltimore behaved admirably: the officers have only words of praise for her.

The cruiser was expected to sail for San Francisco on Jan. 6. She was 20 days from Yokohama to Honolulu.

THE TORPEDO SYSTEM.

Two and a Half Million Needed for Immediate Expenditure.

Washington, Jan. 9.—At a meeting today of the Senate Committee on Coast defenses of which Senator Squire is chairman, it was shown by statements made before the committee by officers of the bureau of engineers that there is immediate need by the department of two and a half million dollars to be expended for torpedoes and torpeo mines and for land defenses. The discussion of the torpedo system by the committee demonstrated that the torpedoes are of little value unless they are defended by guns, as they can easily be removed by an enemy unless protected by artillery.

In case of a sudden emergency it would take at least a year if the appropriation were made to produce the material, manufacture the torpedoes and put them in place at the principal ports of the United States. The chief of the engineers advocated the expenditure of $12,000,000 during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1897. This sum it is said, would not provide the money necessary to be expended by the ordnance bureau for guns and gun carriages, but would cover the cost for emplacements for guns and of torpedoes.

The hearing is being conducted in regard to the bill introduced in the Senate by Senator Squire providing for the defense of the principal seaports of the country. The committee will resume its inquiry to-morrow.

CANADIAN CABINET DIFFICULTY.

Bowell Has Tendered His Resignation to the Governor-General.

Ottawa, Ont., Jan. 9.—In the House of Commons to-day Sir Adolph Caron announced that Premier Bowell had several interviews with the governor general yesterday which resulted in the Premier offering his resignation to His Excellency. The latter intimated that he was not ready to receive it because he thought Parliament should first have an opportunity of considering and passing an opinion upon the speech from the throne which was now before it. Under these circumstances, Sir Mackenzie Bowell has, as the head of the administration, considered it his duty as far as in him lay, to reorganize the government and therefore he (Caron) moved that the House adjourn until next Tuesday. An exactly similar statement was read in the Senate by the Premier.

Mr. Laurier, the Liberal leader, objected to any adjournment of more than from day to day, as [illegible] vided. Besides reading [illegible] same statement which [illegible] the House of Commons Premier Bowell said he was willing to leave to the good judgment of the people his own action and that of his colleagues who had attacked him.

Blamed for the Explosion.

St. Louis, Jan. 9. The coroner's jury examining the cause of the explosion in the building at 209 North Second street on Jan. 2, in which six persons lost their lives, to-day declared that the explosion was caused by the storage of unsafe and dangerous fireworks in the building. H. B. Grubbs, proprietor of the store, is censured for employing improper and insufficient help to care for the same.

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GREAT BRITAIN'S GRAB.

Causes Which Raised the Venezuela Question.

BOUNDARY DISPUTE REVIEWED.

Why We Are Interested In the Encroachments of England on the Territory of a South American Republic The Monroe Doctrine and Its Present Application.

Since the Venezuela question has developed into an international crisis between this country and Great Britain it is interesting to take a hasty glance at the cause of all the trouble and briefly review the conditions which have led up to it

It is not a very large tract of country that England wants, but it is very valuable. There are mines there gold mines and the glitter of the precious metal has often aroused the cupidity of John Bull

The question is one of principle, however, with the government and not of value We are not particularly interested in the welfare of the Spanish American republic in her disputes with adjacent native nations or in her frequent revolutions, but we are interested in upholding the doctrine of President James Monroe, who declared that any attempt on the part of the European powers 'to extend their system to any portion of this hemisphere' would be regarded by the United States "as dangerous to our peace and safety" and would be opposed accordingly

Great Britain has for years had a foothold in South America, gained when she compelled the Dutch to cede her a portion of Guiana. This colony is known as British Guiana. It adjoins Venezuela on the south. The boundary line of this province has long been in dispute. The British have occupied the disputed territory, and British miners and colonizers have seized on the fertile fields and gold mines there.

Failing to get any satisfaction from England after various requests to vacate the territory, Venezuela appealed to the United States For several years our only reply to this appeal was in the form of mild suggestions to England These suggestions had little effect.

A little stronger stand was taken in our next communication on the subject. England was asked to submit the question of the boundary dispute to arbitration. Lord Salisbury's recent answer to this was that Great Britain had nothing to arbitrate

President Cleveland's message to congress, which has caused all the war talk, proposes that a commission be appointed to settle the question. Then, if England is found to be encroaching on Venezuelan territory, she will either have to give up and get out or fight, provided Uncle Sam does not back down, and there is not much danger of his doing that

The whole question, according to the American view of it, is one of boundary lines, and to settle it the commission will have to turn back several pages of history and search many musty records.

The dispute turns wholly upon the strong demand made by our government that the territorial controversy "in its entirety" shall be submitted to impartial arbitration. The outline which the president gives in his annual message of Secretary Olney's July dispatch to Embassador Bayard says with great formality that our government insists on arbitration as to the whole of the territory, and in the most significant words England's assumption that a portion of the territory already belongs to her, and therefore cannot be put to the risk of arbitration, is utterly rejected.

In the language of the message, "the resort to such arbitration should include the whole controversy and is not satisfied if one of the powers concerned is permitted to draw an arbitrary line through the territory in debate and to declare that it will submit to arbitration only the portion lying on one side of it."

The "arbitrary line" referred to in the president's message is the famous Schomburgk line, beginning at the mouth of the Orinoco river and pursuing an irregular course southward to the Brazilian frontier This is the line that Lord Salisbury now insists upon as the extreme possible boundary of the Venezuelan republic, and he refuses absolutely to submit to arbitration any of the territory east of it. As a matter of fact, England is now and has been for more than ten years in full control of all the country east of the Schomburgk. But Venezuela asserts that throughout that region, extending as far as the Essequibo river, the British are mere usurpers, and the United States substantially indorses the assertion by refusing to sanction British occupation there unless the English title can be established by impartial arbitration

To fully understand the significance of our government's position respecting the merits of the case and its support of Venezuela's demand for arbitration of the territorial question "in its entirety" it is necessary to go back for a period of about nine years.

On Feb 17, 1888, Mr. Bayard, then secretary of state, addressed to Minister Phelps in London a long communication regarding recent acts of British aggression in Venezuelan territory In it he said:

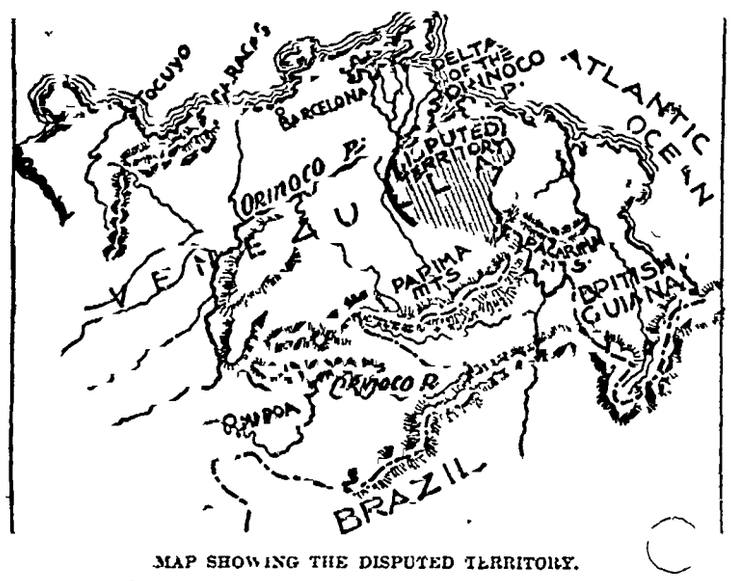
"The government of the United States has hitherto taken an earnest and friendly interest in the question of boundaries so long in dispute between Great Britain and Venezuela and, so far as its disinterested counsels were admissible, has advocated an amicable, final and honorable settlement of the dispute We have followed this course on the assumption that the issue was one of historical fact, eminently adaptable for admitting of arbitration, and that the territorial claims of each party had a fixed limit, the right to which would, without difficulty, be determined according to the evidence

"The claim now stated to have been put forth by the authority of British Guiana necessarily gives rise to grave disquietude and creates an apprehension that the territorial claim does not follow historical traditions or evidence, but is apparently undefined

"If, indeed, it should appear that there is no fixed limit to the British boundary claim, our good disposition to aid in a settlement might not only be defeated, but be obliged to give place to a feeling of grave concern"

Our First Proposition.

As early as 1888, therefore, the United States government took firm ground on the straightforward proposition that the whole legitimate issue between Venezuela and Great Britain was "one of historical fact," capable of determination only by arbitration according to the evidence This view found positive repetition in the joint Venezuelan resolution of the last congress, passed unanimously, which declared that the controversy "turns exclusively upon simple and readily ascertainable historical facts."



MAP SHOWING THE DISPUTED TERRITORY.

Consequently Secretary Olney's dispatch of last July is, above all other considerations, an emphatic reaffirmation of a thoroughly established policy of state. It is also a decided extension of that policy, in that it in terms invokes the Monroe doctrine as applicable to the matter. The entire practical situation may be summed up briefly as follows:

Our government completely refuses to recognize that forcible occupation gives Great Britain any title to territory claimed by Venezuela, whether west or east of the arbitrary Schomburgk line, and insists that the legitimate ownership of the territory, "in its entirety," can be decided only by arbitration on the basis of "historical fact."

All considerations of historical fact in the Venezuelan controversy hinge upon one simple question. What were, respectively, the geographical limits of the Venezuelan republic when it declared its independence of Spain in 1810 and of British Guiana when England acquired that colony by treaty from Holland in 1814? There is no other question involved, for England has not since 1814 added one foot of territory to her original British Guiana colony by any process which can come within the cognizance of the laws of nations

From 1814 to 1841 England never intimated in the slightest manner that she deemed herself entitled to any important portion of the Atlantic coast west of the Essequibo river. Most interesting and valuable evidence is afforded by a long note written on May 26, 1836, by Sir Robert Ker Porter, British charge d'affaires at Caracas, to the Venezuelan authorities, petitioning them with great earnestness to erect a lighthouse at Point Barima and otherwise provide for safer navigation at the grand mouth of the Orinoco. Mr. Porter thus conceded that Point Barima and the Orinoco mouth were exclusively within the jurisdiction of the Venezuelan government, and the British foreign office never took occasion to repudiate his action in that matter until some 50 years later, after it had become the fixed policy of the London cabinet to hold Point Barima and the mouth of the Orinoco by force of arms and without admitting arbitration

Origin of the Schomburgk Line.

The Schomburgk line, with its initial point at the center of the Orinoco mouth, was traced in 1841 by Sir Robert Schomburgk, an English engineer. In surveying it he acted entirely in the interests of the British government and without the consent or even the knowledge of Venezuela Great excitement was occasioned in the republic when it became known what Schomburgk had done, and that he had set up posts to indicate British dominion A prompt remonstrance was made, and Lord Aberdeen, who was then prime minister of England, answered, on Dec 11, 1841, that the marks placed by Mr. Schomburgk at some points of the country which he had surveyed were simply a preliminary step, subject to future discussion between the two governments; that they were the only tangible means of preparing to discuss the question of limits with the government of Venezuela, that they were placed with that express object and not, as the government of Venezuela seemed to fear it, with the intention of indicating dominion or empire on the part of Great Britain Soon afterward Lord Aberdeen ordered that all of Schomburgk's posts should be removed

Three years later (1844) Lord Aberdeen voluntarily proposed to Senor Forteque, Venezuelan plenipotentiary in England, a boundary line beginning on the coast at the mouth of the river Moroco, which empties into the ocean some distance to the westward of the Essequibo.

On Nov. 11, 1850, Mr. Belford Hinton Wilson, charge d'affaires of Great Britain in Venezuela sent to the Venezuelan government a note specifically contradicting a rumor that England intended claiming Venezuelan Guiana and adding. "The Venezuelan government in justice to Great Britain cannot mistrust for a moment the sincerity of the formal declaration which is now made in the name and by the express order of her majesty's government that Great Britain has no intention to occupy or encroach upon the territory in dispute. Therefore the Venezuelan government, in an equal spirit of good faith and friendship, cannot refuse to make a similar declaration to her majesty's government namely, that Venezuela herself has no intention to occupy or encroach upon the territory in dispute"

Venezuela accordingly gave the desired assurance, and thus was established the celebrated status quo of 1850, which Venezuela has always adhered to in good faith, and which England, during the last dozen years, has violated without scruple or bounds.

On Sept 19, 1881, Lord Granville, in a note to Senor Rojas, Venezuela's diplomatic agent in England, suggested an agreement on a boundary line to begin on the coast 30 miles east from the mouth of the river Barima The starting point thus indicated is well to the east of the Orinoco mouth, and, in fact, Granville explicitly stated that he had endeavored to satisfy the reasonable pretensions and claims of Venezuela, giving to her the so called Dardanelles of the Orinoco and the complete dominion of its mouth

Then followed the memorable events leading to Guzman Blanco's mission to England, his actual negotiation of a treaty embracing the arbitration principle and the subsequent repudiation of that treaty by England In 1881 Venezuela imposed an additional duty of 30 per cent on all merchandise from the British colonies This was intended as an aggressive movement for crippling British West Indian trade It had the desired effect. The British government thereupon invited Venezuela to send a diplomatic representative of high rank to London for the purpose of settling all questions at issue between the two countries, and Guzman Blanco was dispatched accordingly. After protracted negotiations he induced Lord Granville, on June 18, 1885, to approve a treaty which provided (article 15) that any differences between Venezuela and England which could not be adjusted in ordinary ways should be settled by arbitration. But on July 27 of the same year Lord Salisbury, the Tories having come into power meantime, informed General Blanco that "to engage to refer to arbitration all disputes and controversies whatsoever would be without precedent in the treaties made by Great Britain Questions might arise, such as those involving the title of the British crown to territory or other sovereign rights, which her majesty's government could not pledge themselves beforehand to refer to arbitration"

Therefore Lord Salisbury deliberately repudiated the Granville treaty, and all subsequent efforts to revive it were unavailing

But notwithstanding this harsh action the Liberal ministry, which soon took the place of Salisbury's government, showed a disposition to recognize the injustice of British pretension to sovereignty at the mouth of the Orinoco. Lord Rosebery, on July 20, 1886, wrote in a spirit of conciliation, proposing a boundary line starting somewhere to the east of the Orinoco mouth, merely remarking that her majesty attached special importance to the possession of the river Guaima, with the proviso, however, that the river Orinoco should be "entirely free to commerce navigation"

The foregoing detailed review of the historical aspects of England's claim appears to show that Lord Salisbury's present insistence on the Schomburgk line as the boundary between British Guiana and Venezuela is merely the development of an arbitrary course determined on within the past ten years, in contempt of the traditions and also the formal record made in the 72 years from 1814 to 1886

In justification of England's present attitude it is now urged that the territorial limits have always been in debate; that she has really claimed all the time dominion as far west on the coast as Point Barima, that the various Aberdeen, Granville and Rosebery compromise propositions were only tentative and conciliatory and never surrendered England's real claim to joint ownership of the Orinoco mouth, which claim she has ever been prepared to assert and establish, and that, in view of her recognized de facto occupation for ten years of all the country east of the Schomburgk line, she should not be asked to submit the proprietorship of that country to arbitration now

Such is Great Britain's defense Venezuela's sole reply is that this contention, while very convenient for the interests of England, utterly ignores her own national rights, which are founded on historical truths whose great weight nobody in his senses can doubt

Ex-Minister Scruggs' Views.

William L. Scruggs, for many years United States minister to Brazil, in a late magazine article on the subject, says

"The real issue involved in the present phase of the controversy between England and Venezuela is very simple Briefly stated, it is about this. Whether, under pretexts afforded by the incidents of a boundary dispute which she has persistently refused to settle upon any just or reasonable basis, Great Britain shall be permitted to dismember an American republic, menace the safety of others adjacent, and thus to indefinitely extend her colonial system on this continent, in open violation of public law and in total disregard of the principles of the Monroe doctrine.

"This language may seem a little strong, coming as it does from an impartial source, but it will be found to be fully justified by the facts and circumstances of the case It is an axiom of international ethics, sanctioned by general usage, that all boundary disputes arising from imperfect surveys, or from adverse constructions of treaty provisions, or which turn exclusively upon ascertainable historical facts, or which involve questions of prescriptive right, are in the last resort, properly referable to a joint commission or to outside friendly arbitration The present case falls clearly within these provisions and should constitute no exception"

A Queer Cemetery.

A correspondent of the Boston Traveller describes the queer cemetery of the Mexican city of Guanajuato There is hardly room in Guanajuato for the living, so it behooves her people to exercise rigid economy in the disposition of her dead The burial place is on the top of a steep hill, which overlooks the city, and consists of an area inclosed by what appears from the outside to be a high wall but which discovers itself from within to be a receptacle for bodies which are placed in tiers much as the confines of their native valleys compel them to live Each apartment in the wall is large enough to admit one coffin, and is rented for $1 per month The poor people are buried in the ground without the formality of a coffin, though one is usually rented in which the body is conveyed to the grave As there are not graves enough to go around whenever a new one is needed a previous tenant must be disturbed and this likewise happens when a tenant's rent is not promptly paid in advance The body is then removed from its place in the mausoleum or exhumed as the case may be, and the bones are thrown into the basement below

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Gal. apricots, peaches, pears and plums, per can	35
Gal. New York apples	23
Gal tomatoes	35
California table fruit, per can	15
Cream of Maize, 3 lb	25
Fine comb honey, per frame	16
10-lb pail Hammond's pure lard	90
Fowler's medium hams, per lb	10½
Fowler's breakfast bacon, per lb	10½
Fowler's pickle pork, per lb	11
Butter—Rock Springs Creamery, per lb	25
Our best Mocha and Java, per lb	40
Crushed Mocha and Java, per lb	15
Arbuckle and Lion coffee, per pkg	23
Maple syrup, gal. can	1 00
Maple syrup, ½ gal. can	60
7 lbs buckwheat flour	24
27 bars White Russian soap	1 00
100 lbs Pride of Colorado flour	1 90
100 lbs Longmont Patent flour	2 00
25 fine bottle white meal	30
5 lbs choice raisins	24
Fancy Oregon prunes	11
4 lbs choice rice	25
7 lbs navy beans	24
Silver Thread kraut, per gal	25
Armour's and Snider's soups, per can	35
Fine Colorado cheese, per lb	15
Fancy Queen olives, per quart	35
Sardines, per box	4
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TELEPHONE 227.

A special meeting of the stockholders of The Equitable Mining and Milling company will be held at the office of the company, No 108 North Tejon street, Colorado Springs, Colo, Monday, Feb 10, 1896, at 11 o'clock a. m. The object of the meeting is for the purpose of adjusting the affairs of the company, and such other matters as may properly come before the meeting. A. BROWN, Secretary.

Colorado Springs, Colo, Jan. 6, 1896.

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WANTED—By a gentleman, comfortable room with or without board in private family Address stating terms and particulars E. P. Gazette.

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WANTED—An A 1 bookkeeper. Must be experienced Answer Box 722, city

WANTED—Any kind of office work by man of experience. References as to ability and character. Address K, this office

WANTED—Day work by competent woman. 15c an hour. Address M M., Gazette.

WANTED—A good boy wants work. Wages no object Address N N., Gazette

WANTED—A position as bookkeeper by competent young man. Address C. S., this office.

WANTED—Energetic and experienced broker desires partner with some capital. Address D. 4, care Gazette.

WANTED—3 or 4 unfurnished rooms near High School. Address E. A. L., Gazette.

WANTED—A laundress at Le Chelten Inn. 798 Pike's Peak Ave.

WANTED—A lady tenant for a partially furnished room, with use of kitchen in cottage, with two ladies. Address A. M., Gazette

WANTED—Day boarders wanted at 126 E Kiowa.

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WANTED—2 furnished rooms for light housekeeping, cellar privilege. Address J. Z. Gazette.

WANTED—Brokers, if you want a stenographer, call at 104 S Tejon.

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WANTED—A stenographer and typewriter, must be good and quick workman preferred. Apply to Brooks, Armitt & Blackmer.

WANTED—A girl for general housework. References 25. Wages. Apply to Mrs. Van Vechten, Cheyenne road.

WANTED—Apprentice girls wanted to learn hairdressing at 18 E. Kiowa.

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WANTED—To buy a cow with calf. Address rear of 317 W. Kiowa.

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WANTED—A girl to do general housework at 123 N Nevada

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WANTED—Any position, by a young man speaking four languages, salary no object, opportunity only solicited Address R L Gazette.

WANTED—Materials of all kinds to clean, gloves, gent's ties and ladies' dresses without ripping; silk waists especially, at 117 North Weber.

WANTED—Experienced girl with references to take charge of infant 230 E Dale

WANTED—To trade 160 acres clear good land in Kansas, to trade for Hazel Clare M. & M. Co. stock; will put land at appraised value and take the stock at 25 per share. Address P. O Box 186

WANTED—Girl for general housework, 102 S Weber.

WANTED—To buy a house and lot in the north end, must have modern improvements and centrally located. Address P. O. Box 845.

WANTED A good strong girl to do general housework. Apply at 323 S. Tejon st, city.

WANTED—By man of push, to either buy out or buy into good paying business where largeness of capacity and experience will compensate for smallness of capital. Address H., 45, Gazette.

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FOR SALE Cheap; seat on the Consolidated Exchange. Address A., Box 771, City.

FOR SALE Or will trade for city property or mining stock, two good farms in Nebraska. Apply at 434 E. St Vrain.

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FOR SALE Chickens, ducks, young turkeys, at 19 W. Morono ave.

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FOR SALE—A light road wagon, nearly new, at J. D O'Hairo's, 108 E. Pike's Peak ave.

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TO RENT—To a small family without children a six room cottage with bath, desirable location. Apply to Mrs. Woods, 227 E. Bijou, east door.

TO RENT—One furnished room for light housekeeping. 717 N Weber

TO RENT—At $8 per month, two unfurnished rooms with pantry and closet. 625 North Wahsatch.

TO RENT—Nicely furnished front rooms, electric light and bath suitable for two Price $9 per month. Central. Address B B, Gazette.

TO RENT—Large, pleasant south room, with outside entrance. Low rate for winter. 115 E Boulder st. Second door from Tejon st. Specially desirable for gentlemen

TO RENT—Furnished room for housekeeping or suitable for two gentlemen, cheap. Apply west door 11 E Cimarron.

TO RENT—Three furnished rooms for housekeeping 649 N. Wahsatch

TO RENT—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping 320 E Kiowa st.

TO RENT—Nicely furnished rooms at 709 S Tejon st

TO RENT—South room furnished, 525 North Weber.

TO RENT—One or two front rooms in north end of city suitable for college students. Terms reasonable Address J H, Gazette.

TO RENT—A first-class boarding house doing a splendid business Rooms now all filled. Excellent location. Address Boarding House, Gazette office.

TO RENT—Partly furnished, a well built country house at low rental. Herbert Skinner, 109 E. Kiowa.

TO RENT—Furnished rooms for lodging or housekeeping. 411 E. Bijou.

TO RENT—Newly furnished rooms, all conveniences. 317 St. Vrain

TO RENT—Paint rooms over Buckeye stables

TO RENT—Pleasant iron room Apply 415 E. Bijou

TO RENT—Adjoining the city on the north, 1000 acres, good home eight rooms, water, shade, etc Chas. L Tutt, 14 Pike's Peak ave.

TO RENT—Pianos, organs and sewing machines, at Aiken's Music store on Pike's Peak ave.

TO RENT—Pianos, organs and sewing machines. Hext & Williams', 21 N. Tejon st.

TO RENT Three downstairs furnished rooms for housekeeping, or furnished house. 522 E Kiowa.

TO RENT—Barn, 419 E. Huerfano.

TO RENT—Furnished rooms with steam heat and electric light. The Woodside Cottage.

TO RENT—Unfurnished modern six room house, close in. Paul Hutchinson, 109 E. Kiowa.

TO RENT—Stable for horses and vehicle in rear of 720 N. Tejon st Apply on premises.

TO RENT—Furnished front room for gentleman Call from 12 to 3 313 E Bijou

TO RENT Two large unfurnished rooms, south front, privilege of bath. 528 East Boulder.

TO RENT—Furnished front bed room in private family. 612 N Tejon st.

TO RENT—A furnished room at 128 N. Weber

TO RENT—Rooms and board, table board if desired, new house, modern conveniences. Terms reasonable. 419 E. Platte ave

BOARD AND ROOMS.

TO RENT—Rooms, single or en suite, with board. Miss Grimes, 1 N. Cascade ave. opp. The Antlers.

TO RENT—Bright sunny rooms with board. Winter rates. 128 E. Boulder

TO RENT—Four bright sunny rooms, with board. Special terms for winter. Also table boarders. 104 E. Boulder, cor Tejon.

TO RENT—Newly furnished rooms with board. Table boarders desired. 311 North Cascade avenue. Mrs. Zevely.

TO RENT—Rooms with first class board. Light and fire furnished. 109 S. Nevada.

TO RENT—Desirable rooms with board at Miss Blandin's. 28 E. Dale st.

TO RENT—With board, one large sunny room at Mrs Harrison's. One door west of Cascade ave. Steam heat, electric light. 18 West Kiowa st.

TO RENT—Rooms with board, at the Woodside. 3 N. Weber. Mrs. M.W. Nerney.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PUGH BROS, house and sign painters. Address 515 W. Huerfano st

FLUTE—A fine Boehm flute for sale. Call at El Paso County bank. E C. Beetle,

EASTERN lady of education and refinement desires position as governess. English, German, acquired abroad. Highest references Address Miss Graffner, 1620 L, 13th ave., Denver, Colo

A LIMITED number of horses and cattle taken to pasture one mile north of town. Good grass, good water, good shelter. Horses called for and delivered Apply at Windmill Ranch, or address P. O. Box 305

LEAVE your orders for home-made Ralston bread, doughnuts, cookies, pies, etc, at 107 Cheyenne ave.

A LADY'S gold watch to exchange for stocks Address Box 670, City.

BICYCLE Muffs for sale at Wilbur's and Wahl's

LOST.

LOST—White and reddish brown spotted setter, answers to name of "Duke" Liberal reward paid for his return to C H Browine, Manitou

LOST—On Cascade ave, between Dale and Pike's Peak ave, a stationery die, "15 West Dale St" Tiffany's make Finder will please leave at this office and get reward

LOST—A memorandum book containing lists of mining stocks. Return to Gazett office.

LOST—Wednesday evening, from a carriage, between D. & R G station and Gazette building, or on Tejon street, North Cascade ave or on Mesa road to Glen Eyrie, a large beaver muff with veil. $5 00 reward for return to T. J. Fisher, Gazette Building

LOST—On Tuesday a large pocket book containing valuable papers. Finder will be rewarded by leaving at this office.

TO LOAN.

TO LOAN—At low rate, $2500, 3 to 5 years on improved realty in this city. C. W. Haines, 64 5 Bank Block.

MONEY TO LOAN—Any amount, at low rates in sums to suit borrowers on real estate, approved mining stocks or any good security. Lindley and Fitzpatrick, brokers, 19 and 20 Bank block.

MONEY TO LOAN—In sums to suit borrowers on approved mining stocks or good security. Chas. H. Rogers, broker, 27 Midland Block.

TO LOAN—Money to loan in any amount on good Colorado Springs real estate at lowest rates. Crescent Agency, No. 5 Pike's Peak ave.

TO LOAN—Money to loan on good city real estate, or other marketable securities, in sums to suit, at lowest rates. First mortgages for sale. W. H. McIntyre, Hagerman Block.

TO TRADE.

TO EXCHANGE—Good mining stock and other property for lease and furniture of large house, close in. Room 5, 117 Pike's Peak

TO TRADE—For mining stock 1¼ acre of good property in Manitou with a five room house and large cellar, also one 3¼ Studebaker wagon almost new and 3 good work horses. Address box 273, Manitou.

TO TRADE—For cheap mining stocks extension top carriage. Call at 419 E Dale.

TO SELL OR TRADE a seat on Consolidated Exchange. L., care Box 1, Colorado Springs, Colo.

TO TRADE 55 feet front, clear, 3 rooms, car line, will trade for city property and assume. Address G. E. L., Gazette

FOUND.

FOUND—A lady's fur muff. Owner can have same by identifying and paying for this ad. at this office.

FOUND—A female cocker spaniel at 315 N. Weber

We know our business. This is demonstrated by the fact that we have compounded prescriptions for the people of Colorado Springs for five years without making one single mistake If you are sick and have a prescription to be filled it is worth your time to consider this Purity of drugs and chemicals guaranteed Prices the lowest.

CITY DRUG STORE
J. B. DAVIS, Manager.
15 East Huerfano Street.

NORTH END
Boarding Stables
Buena Ventura, bet. Cascade & Tejon.

Boarding Commission and Sale Stables.
Horses Bought and Sold on Commission.
McGINNIS & JOHNSON.

Glockner Sanitarium North Cascade Ave
Care of Sisters of Charity.
Offers superior advantages to invalids and those afflicted with Throat Troubles.
Address, SISTER FIDELIS,
In charge

Notice of Dissolution.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers hereunto under the firm name of Arkell, MacMillan & Stewart, is this day by mutual consent dissolved.
The business of said firm will be carried on by its successors, Edwin Arkell & Co, at Colorado Springs, Colorado.
EDWIN ARKELL,
JOHN F. MACMILLAN,
JAMES T. STEWART.
Aspen, Colo, Dec 31, 1895

Notice of Dissolution.

The firm of Greenfield & Jacob is this day dissolved, and the undersigned desires to announce that he is in no way responsible for any business transaction of W. H. Jacob. G. P. GREENFIELD.
Colorado Springs, Colo., Jan. 8, 1896.

1879 **Edward Ferris** 104 PIKE'S PEAK AVE. Old-Established Loan and Investment Co 1895

I offer the Following Bargains in Real Estate:

1. I offer the following bargain: A beautiful property on San Rafael street, fronts College reservation. House in first class condition, has seven rooms and bath room Laundry with stationary tubs, hot and cold water, furnace, electric lights and all modern conveniences, lovely lawn, fruit trees and shrubery, good barn with water, altogether one of the most desirable residence properties in the city. Will be sold very cheap if within the next few weeks.

2 Property in first rate location, South Weber street, good stone house with seven rooms, lot fifty by one hundred and ninety A bargain on easy terms

3 New ten-room house East Monument street, all modern conveniences. For sale at less than cost.

4 Several vacant lots on North Weber street, good location; moderate price

5 Fine vacant property in D Russ Woods addition, north end

6. Seven-room house E. Bijou street, new, with all modern conveniences. Well rented

7 Several good properties in Colorado City Will exchange for mining stocks

8. Nice improved property in West Colorado Springs.

9 Good house and lot for rent or sale in Borrain, Cheyenne road.

10. Nice five-room house on Weber street good cellar, gas, furnace, hot and cold water, range, good barn, lot twenty-five by one hundred and ninety Five minutes walk from First National bank.

11. I call special attention to a most disirable business property directly in the business center now paying 10 per cent rental on the price asked Always occupied and will be worth much more money.

12 Best corner on Cascade avenue, fronting the mountains. A beautiful location for a hotel or apartment house. Lot 125 by 190 feet, small house.

13 Corner lot South Weber street, lot 50 by 100. Price $1,250; house has five rooms

Mines and mining stocks Am member of Board of Trade and Mining Exchange Make a specialty of Cripple Creek stocks If you want to buy or sell I solicit your orders. I have purchased for my clients very many thousands of shares and have always made a good, and in most cases an enormous profit. If you want your business properly and carefully attended to come to No. 104 Pike's Peak avenue, back room.

I have various other properties for sale in Colorado Springs and Manitou

The properties offered above will be worth much more than I now ask for them and they are well worthy the attention of investors.

EDWARD FERRIS. CLARK H. SMITH.

1879 **EDWARD FERRIS, 104 P. P. Av.** 1895

ROCKERS....
Not one or two styles, but the whole line that we carry at greatly
REDUCED PRICES
For the next 10 days.
110 South Tejon. **JOHN T. CLOUGH.**

VERNER Z. REED & CO.
(Successors to Reed Bros)
REAL ESTATE, MINES & LOANS.

Our record for 1895 is 25 mines sold, two successful mining companies organized, and almost $4 000 000.00 in actual cash business transacted. The best part of the record is that all of our clients have made money.
We thoroughly know the Cripple Creek Mining district, have a wide acquaintance with mine owners, have reliable connections in the East and in Europe, and our facilities for placing mining investments or selling mines is unsurpassed in Colorado.
The real estate department of our business will be conducted as usual and we shall continue to loan money on real estate. There has never been a foreclosure on a loan made by us.
Cable address: "Reed."

VERNER Z. REED & CO.,
28 South Tejon St. Telephone 207.

D. M. Holden, Pres.; N. O. Johnson, Vice Pres.; David Heron, Cashier.
Exchange National Bank
Capital - $100,000
Surplus - 20,000

DIRECTORS:
Geo. De La Vergne, W. H. Reed,
N. O. Johnson, A. S. Holbrook,
D. M. Holden, J. A. Himebaugh
W. S. Nichols, H. E. Bassett,
A. L. Lawton, D. Heron,
H. C. McCreery.

DECORATIONS.
Holly, Greens made up to order in any style desired. Cut Flowers, Roses, Carnations, Violets, Roman Hyacinths, Chrysanthemums, etc. Also fine assortment of decorative plants.
William Clark's Greenhouses

The discriminating, up to date young lady completes the harmony of her charming costume with a pair of the symmetrical and enduring TUDLOW SHOES and so do her sisters, her cousins & her aunts. Shown in Black & Seasonable Tans
MATT. CONWAY,
Special Agent. 19 East Pike's Peak Ave

Mandolins, Guitars, Banjos Violins.
String & Musical Instruments.
All kinds and all prices.
21 N. Tejon. HEXT & WILLIAMS

EL PASO LAUNDRY CO.,
G. W. Woodward, Manager.
Strictly Hand Work. 131 North Tejon
Try and be convinced.
Special attention given to Ladies' Work

Notice.

To whom it may concern—Take notice. That on or about the 4th day of August, A. D 1895, I lost certificate No. 127, for three thousand shares of the capital stock of The American Consolidated Mining and Milling company, dated June 18th, A. D. 1894, issued to F. H Pettengill and by him for value transferred to me, also certificate No. 128, for 20,000 shares of the capital stock of The American Consolidated Mining and Milling company, dated June 18th, A. D. 1894, and issued to F. H Pettengill, trustee, and by him transferred for value to me. All persons are hereby cautioned against buying or dealing with said stock
JOHN NEWMAN.

WOLCOTT TALKS OF BIMETALLISM.

What is Being Done in Europe For a Double Standard.

AN IMPORTANT CONFERENCE.

Bimetallists From England, Austria, Germany and France Met in Paris—Prospects of Speedy Action Not Favorable.

Washington, Jan. 9.—United States Senator Wolcott of Colorado, who has just returned from an extended stay in Europe, was asked to-day by a reporter what the bimetallists of Europe were doing and said that an international committee of the European Bimetallic leagues, including Mr. Alford, Belgian delegate to the Brussels conference, and leading bimetallists from England, Austria, Germany and France had an important conference recently in Paris and he had several interviews with its members.

"We have no idea in this country," he continued, "of the unselfish and important efforts throughout England, and the continent in favor of the recognition of silver. There is hardly an intelligent land owner in Europe who is not a bimetallist. There were two important results of the meeting in Paris. The first was a plan for an identical resolution on the importance of international agreement to be introduced simultaneously in the English Parliament, the French Assembly and the German Reichstag, was agreed upon; and another important result was the establishment of cordial and closer relations between the bimetallist associations of the different countries of Europe notably between France and Germany. The statesmen of France and the manager of the Bank of France are bimetallists and public opinion favors it. The Paris newspapers, however, with one or two exceptions, controlled by private moneyed interests, are gold monometallists.

"While bimetallists abroad are actively at work it must nevertheless be admitted," said Mr. Wolcott, "that the prospects of any speedy action are not favorable. In Germany where there has been much hope the banking element, aroused by the possibility of action by the Reichstag, is expending much effort in favor of the single standard, and its influence is naturally widely felt. Whoever invites this country to await European agreement before opening our mints to silver, offers no hope of definite relief."

FORM OF BIDS.

Circular Letter of Instruction to Those Who Want Bonds.

Washington, Jan. 9.—Secretary Carlisle expressed the opinion to-day that the new bond issue will be a success. He did not intimate whence the gold would come, but he spoke with a full knowledge of the number of inquiries for blank forms for bids and the informal offers already made. Mails to-day brought in quite a number of inquiries for blank forms on which to make bids and in some cases, persons desirous of subscribing stated the amount they wanted and the price they would offer.

These figures, of course, are withheld from publication. The bids are regarded as informal, and where possible, those making them will be communicated with and blank forms will be sent so that they may comply with all the requirements and make their bids in regular shape. A circular letter of instruction to prospective bidders was issued to-day. It says:

"The subscriber should state plainly the amount of bonds desired, the price which he proposes to pay and the place where the bonds should be delivered, which may be the subscriber's home or any other more convenient place.

"He should, at the same time state whether he desires to deposit the amount of his subscription at the Treasury Department in the city of Washington or at one of the following sub-treasuries, viz: New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Cincinnati, Chicago, St. Louis, New Orleans or San Francisco. Deposits at said places must be with exchanges on New York. The bonds will be issued in the following denominations, viz: coupon bonds, $50, $100, $500 and $1,000; registered bonds, $50, $100, $500, $1,000, $5,000 and $10,000."

The blank forms of answer reads: "I hereby propose under the terms of your circular of January 6, 1896 to purchase United States 4 per cent. 30-year bonds described in said circular, of the face value of dollars and I agree to pay therefor at the rate of and accrued interest per $100. I further agree upon due notice of the acceptance of this subscription to deposit the amount thereof in gold coin or gold certificates with the United States assistant treasurer at in accordance with the terms of said circular."

"I desire (registered or coupon) bonds in denominations as stated below, and wish them to be delivered to me at (Signature)

To the Secretary of the Treasury:

Coupon.	Registered.
50 $	50 $
100 $	100 $
500 $	500 $
1000 $	1000 $
	5000 $
	10,000 $

ALL OR NONE.

Morgan Syndicate Believe They Can Get the Entire Issue.

New York, Jan. 9.—From a source a member of J. Pierpont Morgan's bond syndicate, the following facts have been obtained:

The syndicate expects to secure the entire $100,000,000 4 per cent. bonds, which are to be sold by the treasury on Feb. 5.

Mr. Morgan will bid for the entire issue and expects to be awarded the entire $100,000,000. It will take all or none.

The reason for Mr. Morgan's confidence of entire success is that he will make an offer so advantageous that no other proposition can stand in his way.

This offer is to purchase the entire $100,000,000, paying principal and premium in gold and in addition furnish an amount in gold equal to one-third of the issue or $33,333,333.33 in exchange for greenbacks. The government gold reserve will thus not only be brought up to the recognized limit but will have a large surplus for its protection.

The price which the syndicate will offer is not exactly known by anyone besides Mr. Morgan. It will be considerably more than $1.09½ paid last February. This low premium was paid because of the provision in the contract compelling the syndicate to protect the treasury reserve. No such contract will be made this time. Therefore a higher price will be paid. The figure is believed to be $1.05.

The syndicate is now accumulating gold from every available source.

Members of the syndicate will be at liberty to make individual bids besides the syndicate bid.

This is the state of affairs to-day. The position will probably hold until Feb. 5 without any change of important details. The President and Secretary of the Treasury have no agreement, private or public with the syndicate. They know however, what are Mr. Morgan's intentions and knew it when the public call was issued.

Hotel Burned.

Leadville, Jan. 9.—The Palmer house at Robinson, 15 miles from Leadville, on the South Park and Rio Grande railroads was burned last night. There was a total destruction of the house and contents. The 8-year-old son of Mrs. Conwell was suffocated in the flames. The charred remains were found to-day. Mrs. Conwell is the widow of the late assessor of Summit county, is a cripple and with two children had a narrow escape. They were rescued by neighbors. A purse of $50 has been raised for the family. Matches in the hands of a small boy started the fire.

A REMARKABLE RAILROAD SYSTEM.

People Who Go to the St. Louis Convention Will Ride In Fine Street Cars.

[Special Correspondence.]

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 7. This city has the finest street car system in the world. People who come to the convention next June may be prepared to see and enjoy something unique in street railroad equipment. They will ride in palace cars propelled by electricity, and they can ride from one end of the city to another and around it, 12 miles in all, for 5 cents.

St. Louis was a long time waking up to the demand for rapid transit. I can recall the sensation created here not very many years ago by the report of the starting of the wonderful cable cars in Chicago. San Francisco had rapid transit long before Chicago, and Chicago was far ahead of St. Louis. But that should not be a subject of reproach. The plodding car horse is still a feature of the landscape in Washington and New York.

When St. Louis awoke to the need of quick transit, there was a long delay while the railway owners debated the relative advantages of cable and electric propulsion. A cable road was the first started, and the opposition to the trolley kept electricity in the background for a long time. But sufficient inducements were offered the members of the city assembly after a time, and franchises were granted. Before many years the city was gridironed with trolley lines. Boston's system is more complicated and clumsy, but it is not so far reaching in its usefulness. Fortunately for St. Louis, the street cars are not centered in one or two of the business streets. Every street leading to the business center has one or more car lines on it, however.

Within the city limits are 320 miles of single track. The stranger who comes here to see the city from a street car must be prepared to do a good deal of riding.

The gross annual receipts of the different companies are $5,000,000, which would represent 100,000,000 passengers carried in a year, not counting deadheads or making allowance for children who ride at half fare. The 5 cent fare prevails here everywhere, and no tickets are sold. There is a very elaborate system of transfers, which makes it possible to reach almost any part of the city from any other part for 5 cents.

To carry these 100,000,000 passengers there are 920 motor cars, 160 grip cars and 849 "trailers." These cars, if placed in a line, would cover nearly 20 miles of streets.

The four great systems are the Missouri railway, which controls 25 miles of electric and 10 miles of cable road; the Lindell, which controls 62 miles of electric; the Union Depot company, which controls 75 miles of electric, and the National railway, which has 43 miles of electric and 10 of cable line. The first three are owned in St. Louis; the fourth is the property of a Chicago syndicate.

The aggregate capital of the street railroads of the city is $21,700,000, and they have a bonded indebtedness of $17,150,000.

All these figures come out of one of the pigeonholes of the private desk of Banker James Campbell as I sit in his office in the Rialto building and discuss the possibility of foreign capital coming in to purchase the St. Louis railroads. Mr. Campbell says there is no danger that the Philadelphia traction syndicate will get into St. Louis, as has been reported, and Mr. Campbell knows if any one does.

St. Louis was the city which inaugurated the mail car system. It came from a suggestion by John B. Harlow of the St. Louis postoffice, now civil service commissioner at Washington. The system has been in operation over lines running north, south and west for several years. Boston took up the idea, and now conservative New York and Washington have street railway mail cars.

The express car system was introduced first on St. Louis railways. An express car now runs on a fixed schedule from South St. Louis to the heart of the city, and before summer comes all the lines in the city will probably be doing an express business. In time, no doubt, the delivery system of the stores will be revolutionized. Delivery cars will be loaded with bundles for different sections and delivery wagons will cover short routes from general warehouses in these sections.

The first street car ambulance was built in St. Louis and used over the Union Depot lines from the center of the city to the City hospital. It was equipped with every necessary appliance for performing a surgical operation, if necessary, en route. The railway company built this car and operated it for a time, but it is out of use just now because the city made no provision for paying operating expenses or putting in switches at the hospital grounds.

The funeral car is a novelty, founded on the French funeral train, which has had some serious consideration. The objection to it lies in the fear that the line running to the cemetery might become known as the "funeral line." The funeral car has been planned a combination car, with a place for the corpse in front and seats for the mourners behind. Such a car could be switched from one end of the city to another from track to track. It would cheapen funerals about one half.

The living and not the dead are the chief solicitude of the companies now, however, and St. Louis people have reason to congratulate themselves. The cars on almost all the lines are mounted on heavy springs, and they ride with the ease of a railroad coach. They are equipped with double seats of wicker on each side of a broad aisle and in the winter months they are warmed by stoves. St. Louis street cars were the first in the country to be warmed in winter. Push buttons at intervals give passengers a means of communicating with the conductor, which is a great improvement on the old hand waving, which sometimes attracted the conductor's attention and sometimes missed him entirely. Many of the cars have smoking compartments. Only one thing the St. Louis street car system needs to make it perfect. The cars should stop before crossing the street. This is the Baltimore plan and it is spreading rapidly to other communities.

GEORGE GRANTHAM BAIN.

Had Gone Far Enough.

A South Side man tells a good story on himself.

He comes of Revolutionary stock, and his family for several generations back has been prominent in New York state, but he has never worried much about his ancestry, having been too busily engaged in trapping the unwary dollar. His wife comes of good old Virginia stock and knows all about her lineage. She has frequently insisted that her husband make some effort to trace his family history, of which he could give no earlier account than that one of his ancestors moved from Massachusetts to Connecticut about 1760. As the family name is thoroughly English she believed it possible that this ancestor came in direct line from some old pilgrim settler.

At last the husband yielded to her persuasions and wrote to a "specialist" in the east to find out what he could about the family in Massachusetts prior to 1760. In the course of a few weeks he received a letter reporting progress. The man who digs up family histories said he had obtained a clew. He had learned from early records that in Mass., in 1685, one James had been sentenced to six hours in the stocks for public intoxication, and that in the same town the following year this aforesaid James enjoyed the unique distinction of being the first prisoner to occupy a newly built jail, the charge against him being the theft of a cask of rum.

"My dear," said the husband after he had read the report to his horrified wife, "we haven't got far enough along to prove that James was a relative of ours, but I think we can do it with a little more research."

"The investigation has gone far enough," said she.

Now, when she tells of her husband's family history, she is content to dwell on the Revolutionary period. Chicago Record.

A Child's Letter.

Children's letters are usually more amusing and characteristic than their compositions because the latter are apt to show more consciousness. Here is a fine specimen of a letter, published in Good Words:

"I am now going to tell you the horrible and wretched plaege that my multiplication gives me you can't conceive it the most Devilish thing is 8 times 8 and 7 times 7 it is what nature itself can't endure. I am very glad that Satan has not given me boils and many other misfortunes. This is Saturday and I am very glad of it, because I have play half the day and I get money, too; but, alas, I owe Isabella 4 pence for I am finned 2 pence whenever I bite my nails. Isabella is teaching me to make some simme colings and nots of interrigations periods commos &c. As this is Sunday I will meditate upon Senciable and Religions subjects. First I should be very thankful I am not a beggar."

MAYER, STROUSE & CO., 412 B'way, N. Y., Mfrs.

Notice of Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of The Wheeler Gold Mining and Town company for the election of directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may come before them, will be held at office of the company, 53 First National Bank building, Colorado Springs, between the hours of 2 and 5 p.m., on Monday, Jan. 29, 1896.

Colorado Springs, Colo., Jan. 9, 1896.

E. D. LOWE, President.

P. F. CURTIS, Secretary.

A "Before Inventory" Clearing Sale.

We will be ready in a week or two to count up Stock; we find some departments overloaded; other departments with broken lines. All must be turned into money and prices must be cut to do it. All Underwear must be cut during this sale.

CLOAKS.

We Offer the Choice of all Our Ladies Cloaks and Capes at $5.00.

SILKS.

Fancy Dress Trimming Silks Were 50c. Now 35c.

GLOVES.

One Lot of Ladies Good Quality Kid Gloves, a Broken Line, in Colors at 50c.

UNDERWEAR.

Children's Ribbed Vests and Pants 15c. Gents Camel Hair Shirts and Drawers Reduced From 75c. to 53c. Gents Extra Heavy Cotton Underwear 25c.

HOSIERY.

Gents Good Quality Wool Socks 21c. Ladies Full Regular Made Fast Black Hose with High Spliced Heels a Bargain at 25c. Now 19c. or 3 Pair 50c.

HUBBARD & CO.

Our New Location, 19 South Tejon St.

CALL ON US AND ...SEE THE FIRST

'96 Victor

In Colorado Springs.

We have received a lot of them. Not materially changed in appearance, but in detail, viz:

28 Spokes front, vs. 24.
32 Spokes rear, vs. 28.
5 inch tread, vs. 6.
1⅝ inch double tire, vs. 1¼.

Improved single tube tire.
Weight, 17 lbs. to 24 lbs.
Level top bar on all frames.
Wheel base 2 in. shorter.

Round Fork Crown and New Fork Side.

New chain very light and silent.
New rear hub. New design pedals.
New design saddles.
New design bars, etc. etc.

A. S. BLAKE

10 S. Tejon Street.

Union Ice and Coal Co

BANNING & GALLAGHER.

Natural Ice, Canon, Sunshine and Maitland.

McFerran Lump Coal, $3.00 per ton.

TELEPHONES 31 & 148

Up town office 15 N. Tejon Street.

H. I. REID,

Member American Soc. Ir'n Engineers.

CIVIL AND CONSULTING ENGINEER.

Office, Gazette Building.

DIELOS DURRICH

Amer. Soc. Ir'n Engin'rs.

County Surveyor. Office, Court House.

Stearn's "Yellow Fellow" ...Bicycles...

SMITH & WELLING.

Bicycle Rooms, 107 Bijou St.

Rem. P. Harbardt in charge, who will personally attend to all repairing.

R. H. DASHWOOD,

NEW AND SECOND-HAND

Furniture, Heaters and Cook Stoves.

HOUSE FURNISHINGS.

16 E. Huerfano St. Colorado Springs, Colo.

TOOK AN OVERDOSE OF SOME DRUG.

Sudden Death at a Ranch Near Town.

HE WAS A CONTRACTOR.

George E. McCormick the Victim—Other Local News—There Will Be Many Good Attractions at the Opera House Next Week.

Coroner Marlow was called yesterday to investigate the death of a man named George E. McCormack, who died the night before at the Williams ranch, about 12 miles northeast of town. He died suddenly during Wednesday night. McCormick was a contractor and during the fall had been engaged on the grading of the branch line of railway which the Rock Island built to the McFarran coal banks. He had some stock which he was wintering at the ranch, and had been living there this winter. Wednesday he was in this city, and had been drinking, but went out to the ranch. He had a clerk who stayed with him almost constantly. During the night McCormick could not sleep, and was up and down several times. Finally his man heard him get into bed and noticed soon after that he was asleep. The clerk got up the next morning and thinking that he would not disturb him until later, went out and remained about the ranch for some time. When he went back and raised the bed covering he found that McCormick had died.

The coroner found a bottle of what he thinks was a preparation of chloral. It was from a Pueblo drug store. It is his supposition that McCormick took an overdose of it to induce sleep. The body was brought in to Hallett & Baker's undertaking rooms, and last evening sent to Omaha for burial. The deceased had relatives stopping in the city. He was 29 years of age and single.

COMING ATTRACTIONS.

Some Excellent Shows Booked for the Next Ten Days.

The popular comic opera, "Hendrick Hudson, Jr.," will be presented at the opera house next Monday evening by the Kimball opera company. Corinne plays the title part. She dresses Hudson in a display of silks and frills and a blaze of jewelry, such as the doughty Dutchman never wore, but delightful to look upon. Corinne and her associates also present a lengthy programme of specialties during the misadventures of Hudson. Perhaps the features of these specialties are the mandolin solos of Corinne. She is an expert on the mandolin, being a pupil of the famous Spanish mandolinist, Signor Pietraputrosa, who was her instructor during her stay in Paris last summer. Corinne's Spanish dancing is also a feature.

Henry E. Dixey.

The appearance of Henry E. Dixey and his merry company of players at the opera house will undoubtedly prove one of the dramatic events of importance Saturday evening. Dixey's name and fame as a comedian are too well known to amusement lovers to need recalling. It was he who scored the longest consecutive run of record in New York city with "Adonis" as the attraction, and it was he who made the song, "It's English, You Know," famous the world over.

Anna Eva Fay Coming.

Anna Eva Fay, the mysterious, wonderful and amusing little lady, will appear in Colorado Springs four nights next week commencing Tuesday, Jan. 14, at the opera house. Miss Fay presents an entertainment of great merit and bewilderment and is attracting the attention and interest of thousands in every city she visits.

This week she is playing such a successful engagement at the Broadway theater in Denver that a return season of one more week will be played in Denver after her appearances here.

Rice's 1492.

Rice's big "1492" which has just concluded an enormously successful engagement in San Francisco will be presented in all its mammoth entirety at the opera house Saturday evening, Jan. 18.

"1492" is a pot pourri of comic opera, farce vaudeville, and extravaganza. History has been levied on for a theme that has been made humorous in the extreme. Numerous novel specialties, ballets, marches and tableaux are executed by bright, clever people—the original Kilyani living pictures, Bessie Bonehill, whose fame spreads over two continents; Richard Harlow as Isabella, Queen of Spain, and the many celebrities identified with this production, including pleasing vocalists, agile dancers, young and shapely females, an orchestra of soloists, adequate scenic, mechanical and electrical effects and rich, and tasteful costuming, is promised in this entertainment. The sale of seats opens Tuesday morning.

HIGH SCHOOL NOTES.

The third class started in on Caesar this term.

The cadets started in on double quick movements Wednesday.

County Superintendent of Schools Lay of Telluride, was a visitor Tuesday.

Mr. Clyde Spicer has been elected manager of the football team for next year.

Miss Gerrans has resumed her duties, and Miss Geiger, who took her place, has gone.

A handsome picture of the football team has been given to each member of the team.

A dancing class of the cadets has been formed so that they will be able to dance at the cadet ball. About 15 have joined.

The Athletic association has appointed a committee to look into the matter of arranging for a State Football league, and also for a State field day.

The Lover for December came out during vacation. As usual, it is very interesting, with articles on the football team and a good story about early Cripple Creek.

The cadet company had a meeting on Monday to arrange for the cadet ball, which will be on Feb. 7. There will be a prize drill then, and in order to get ready for it, the company will drill three times a week for 45 minutes at a time. Committees have been appointed to arrange for the ball as follows: Arrangements, Lieut. Humphrey, Sergt. Rogers, Private Ady; invitation, Sergt. Spinney, Corp. Gowdy, Private King; floor, Lieut. Johnson, Corp. Stubbs, Corp. Russell, Privates Spicer and Wright.

G. A. R. and W. R. C. Installation.

The Grand Army and the Women's Relief corps had a joint installation on Tuesday evening last, and many outsiders were present. The installing officer was Maj. L. E. Sherman, and the new commander is Maj. Charles Hewitt.

Mrs. Ella L. C. Dwinnell installed the officers of the Relief Corps. Mrs. Irene De Toliver is the new president of the corps.

A pleasant feature of the evening was the presentation to Mrs. Marion Sutton, the retiring president, of a handsome gold watch and chain. Mrs. De Toliver made the presentation speech. She also gave a statement of the work of the corps for the year, showing that the society is one of the best charitable organizations in the city. After the ceremonies cake and coffee were served and the company enjoyed a good old-fashioned social hour.

Adverse Suits.

The following adverse suits have been filed:

H. H. Gosling vs. the Arena Gold Mining company; the Negley adversing the Aztec.

H. H. Gosling vs. the Arena Gold Mining company; the Cocoo vs. the Jasper.

Geo. W. Snider vs. the Arena Gold Mining the Aztec, Jasper and Bond Holder.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

THE ANTLERS.

H. S. Gratz, H. C. McPherson, Philadelphia; T. P. Roberts, Chicago; C. S. Thomas, Denver; Karl Elias, Pueblo; W. J. Allen, E. J. Field, Chicago; E. P. Schuartz, New York; B. A. Seitz, M. J. Therican, H. Pagin, Chicago; G. S. Osren, Pueblo; T. M. Patterson, Denver; Miss Wilson Asken, Miss Reke Asken, H. P. Wright, Kansas City; L. P. Dale, Canon City; J. J. Ford, L. L. Downing, Denver; W. D. Maxwell, Albany; C. C. Eckart, Philadelphia; W. W. Benedict, Grand Rapids; F. P. Johnson, P. P. Egan, R. McVicar, Denver; L. J. Tyson, Pueblo; C. S. Hoyt, Jr., Denver; Mrs. B. E. Funston, J. F. Monroe, Philadelphia; J. J. Vandemour, Denver. J. A. Sackly and wife, Chicago; B. C. Cook, H. E. Cook, Cincinnati; S. D. Herr, Chicago; Morris Phillips, St. Louis.

Real Estate Transfers.

Real estate transfers as reported by H LeB. Wills & Co. for the week ending Jan. 6, 1896:

R. R. Latta to M. W. Edson, lot 7, blk 6, Rock Island add	1
J. O. Himebaugh et al. to George Hills, lots 6 and 7, blk 2, Washington Heights add	1
Dan'l W. Dibble to P. O. Dibble, lot 19, blk 92, add 1, West Colorado Springs	2500
J. J. Hagerman to G. M. Carter, lots 15 and 16, blk 82	1
G. M. Carter to James R. McKinnie, w½ of lots 15 and 16, blk 82	1
L. A. Giddings to E. W. Giddings Jr. lot 60, Bristol's add	1500
Joseph Dozier to Ellen T. Brinley et al. lot 13, blk 91	1
Mary B. Mayhew to Daniel B. Mayhew, lots 13 and 14, blk 64	
Thos. J. Wright to Mary E. Wright, lot 12, blk 64, add 1	1
A. N. Henry to Lulu A. Whitney, lots 21 and 22, blk 14, add 1	1
A. Montevarelli to A. Huyser, lot 13 Bristol's sub of blk 210, add 1	1
The Colorado Springs Co. to L. L. Chaplin, lot 15, blk K, Edwards add	1
Robert W. Anderson to American National bank of Pueblo, lot 7, blk 62, West Colorado Springs	1800
B. L. Bennett to Anna M. Lewis, lot 14, blk 142	2000
Albert C. Hardy to A. L. Steninger, lots 27 and 28, blk 283, Monument add	

Open Board Sales.

Buckhorn, 1500 at 5¾.
Colorado City and M., 1000 at 8¾.
Fanny R., 1000 at 9¾.
Garfield G., 1100 at 7¾.
Isabella (Stamped), 500 at 55.
Jack Pot, 100 at 13.
Jefferson, 2000 at 24.
Sacremento, 1500 at 9¾.
Squaw Mountain Tunnel, 500 at 11¾.
Union, 5000 at 43½.
Work, 100 at 20.
Aetna, 26,000 at 2¾.
Champagne, 5000 at 1¾.
Chimborazo, 1000 at 1½.
Capital Gold, 23,000 at $5 per 1000.
Defender, 5000 at 1¾.
Del Coronado, 5000 at $6.75 per 1000.
Geneva, 19,000 at $19.75 per 1000.
Golden Age, 1000 at 4¾.
Goldstone, 5000 at 2½.
Golden Treasure, 6000 at 1½.
Gold Rock, 1000 at 1¾.
Henrietta, 10,000 at 4¾.
Bull and Min. H., 2000 at $5.50 per 1000.
El Paso Gold, 5000 at $5.50 per 1000.
Josephine, 18,000 at 1¾.
Manchester, 25,000 at $13 per 1000.
Ladessa, 2000 at 2½.
Maggie R., 2000 at $11.25 per 1000.
Montevideo, 3000 at 2.
Mountain Queen, 2000 at $6 per 1000.
Marion Gold, 5000 at $5 per 1000.
Potsdam, 1000 at $5 per 1000.
Lottie G., 1000 at 3.
Princess E., 2000 at $11 per 1000.
Proposition, 2000 at $11 per 1000.
Wheel of Fortune, 2000 at 1¾.
Omaha, 5000 at 1.
Woman's Gold, 2500 at 3½.
World's Fair, 10,000 at $9.50 per 1000.
Acumulation 3000 at $2.25 per 1000.
A. P. A., 25,000 at $3 per 1000.
Bull Hill M. and M., 22,000 at $3 per 1000.
Crescent, 30,000 at $11.25 per 1000.
Crown Point, 6000 at $4.50 per 1000.
Cleveland, 5000 at $9.75 per 1000.
Doctor, 29,000 at $4 per 1000.
Ernestine, 5000 at 1¾.
Fanny R., 3000 at $8.50 per 1000.
Gold Leaf, 75,000 at $2.75 per 1000.
Hazelclaire, 20,000 at $12.50 per 1000.
Hartford, 5000 at $4 per 1000.
Kangaroo, 28,000 at $3.75 per 1000.
Hannibal, 6000 at $6 per 1000.
Mohawk, 45,000 at $4 per 1000.
Nonpariel, 15,000 at $2.50 per 1000.
Grouse Mountain Tunnel, 5000 at $9 per 1000.
Bob Lee, 25,000 at 3½.
Oxford, 10,000 at $4.50 per 1000.
Our Gold, 10,000 at $3.75.
Rex, 6000 at $3.75 per 1000.
St. Paul and San A., 5000 at $2.50 per 1000.
Tenderfoot, 6000 at $5 per 1000.
Tiraseca, 51,750 at $1.25 per 1000.
Banner, 4000 at 5.
St. Joseph, 1000 at $7 per 1000.
Adams Ex., 82,000 at $8 per 1000.
True Fissure, 92,000 at $6.75 per 1000.
Harvard, 19,000 at $3.50 per 1000.
Sunlight, 5000 at $1.25 per 1000.
Junior, 244,000 at $4.50 per 1000.
Atlas, Con., 5000 at $7 per 1000.
San B., 5000 at $4.50 per 1000.
Little Pittsburg, 200 at 1½.
Total sales, 1,120,956.

Colorado Springs Day.

Don't forget that Jan. 25 is Colorado Springs day at the Leadville Ice Palace and Carnival; and don't forget that the Colorado Midland is the shortest, quickest and best route to get there by; tickets on sale Friday, Jan. 24, only $5 for the round trip, including two admissions to the Palace. Don't forget it.

Low's discount sale on books still in progress

Special Sale.

Of stamped linens and silk this week. Stamping done to order. Embroidery lessons, two hours 25 cents. Mrs. Crapsey, 110 North Weber street.

For a pain in the chest a piece of flannel dampened with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and bound on over the seat of the pain, and another on the back between the shoulders, will afford prompt relief. This is especially valuable in cases where the pain is caused by a cold and there is a tendency toward pneumonia.

The Coburn library is now open to the public as a circulating library, and those wishing to subscribe can do so by applying to the librarian any day between 9 a. m. and 6 p. m., or on Saturdays until 9 p. m.

Paul Verlaine, the well-known French poet, died in Paris yesterday afternoon. He was 51 years old.

DIED.

KING At Cascade canon, of pneumonia, on January 8, 1896, Mary C. King, mother of Mrs. H. D. Fisher, aged 72 years.

Funeral from St. Stephen's church, this city, Friday, Jan. 10, 1896, at 2:30. Interment private.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

HALLETT & BAKER.
Undertakers, No. 7 Cascade avenue

DR. W. R. SINTON
Dentist, El Paso block

Dr. M. R. Smith, dentist, has removed his office to 118 East Kiowa street, opposite Hagerman block.

DR. W. FOWLER
Dentist.
Rooms in Nichols block, 18 South Tejon street.

J. ALLEN SMITH,
Dentist. Office third floor, Bank block.

N. O. Johnson Sons are headquarters for ladies' and children's bicycle leggings.

G. O. Taylor Whiskies, give the debilitated new life.

BRACE UP

With one of Dr. Johnson's

Strengthening Kidney Plasters.

The best plaster ever made and large enough to produce the desired effect. Each plaster guaranteed to give satisfaction or money refunded. You will see them in the window at 130 North Tejon st. By Mail, 50 cents

GRIEB & TAGGART

PRESCRIPTION DRUGGISTS,

130 N. Tejon Street.

OPERA HOUSE.

Monday, January 13th.

Kimball Opera Comique Organization,

And America's supreme favorite prima-donna danseuse,

CORINNE

In the big operatic extravangaza

"Hendrick Hudson, Jr."

Under the management of Mrs Jennie Kimball.

POPULAR PRICES.

Reserved seats on sale at Johnson & Curtis' coal office, opera house block.

Stockholders' Meeting.

A stockholders' meeting of the Black Wonder Gold Mining company will be held at the company's office, room 4, First National bank, Colorado Springs, Colo., at 2 o'clock on the 11th day of February, 1896, at which five directors will be elected to serve for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before said meeting.

G. M. CARTER,
Secretary.

GO TO THE MAY

For Bargains in

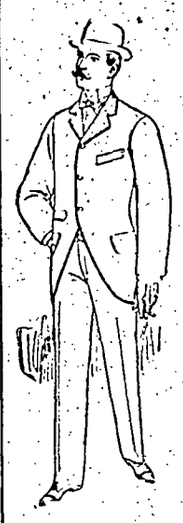
CLOTHING.

Boland's North End Store

Beginning Monday, January 6th, we will make a 20 PER CENT. REDUCTION on 100 Suits MADE TO ORDER from remnants of cloth which we have left from our Fall and Winter samples. These pieces comprise Fancy Pin Checks, Striped Worsteds, Cloths and Scotch and Domestic Cheviots. The prices will range from $12.00 to $22.50. We make them as only first-class Tailors can make them, perfect fitting and desirable workmanship. We are also making a reduction on all our Underwear, Night Robes and Fancy Shirts. We have marked our hats away below down town prices. A call will convince you we are the leaders for fine goods at lowest prices.

131 North Tejon Street,
Cor. Bijou St.

BOLAND'S.



NOW COMES THE SEASON

When every successful clothing store cleans up stock.

Prices we are now making must sell the goods. The fact that we sell

TAILOR-MADE CLOTHING

Shows the policy of our store.

HOLBROOK & PERKINS,

Bank Block. Colorado Springs.

PASTURAGE

FOR HORSES

AT AUSTIN'S BLUFFS.

Accessible to town,
Best of Feed,
Water,
Shelter,
And care of a Competent and Reliable Man

Large comfortable barn and corral where horses can be fed and exercised when first received or longer if owners wish at a third the cost of keeping in town.

Horses belonging to many prominent and well-known citizens now pastured here.

Horses pastured when not needed are benefited and expense saved.

Horses called for and delivered.

For further information, address

F. W. KENT,
P. O. Box 20, City.

Opera House.

Saturday, January 11th.

Engagement of

HENRY E. DIXEY,

The original "Adonis."

Supported by a merry company of players presenting Augustin Daly's sparkling comedy,

The Lottery of Love.

Bright Dialogue. Funny Situations.

POPULAR PRICES.

Reserved Seats on sale at Johnson & Curtis' Coal Office, Opera House Block.

L. B. Farrar. H. A. Scurr.

Room 7, Nichols Blk.

OFFICE OF THE

San Bernardino,
Capitol Gold,
True Fissure,
Bull & Mineral,
Hartford G. M. Co.
Octagon Silver & Gold,
Cheyenne Home M. Co.
Sedan Gold M. Co

See Our Twentieth Century

SHOES FOR LADIES

They are the Latest.

Opp. P. O. VORHES BROS.

JOHN LENNOX,

Carpets. SEE OUR $14 SUITE. Stoves

MATTRESSES.

120 South Tejon.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,

Of Colorado Springs, Colo.,

As Made to the Comptroller of the Currency, Dec. 13, 1895:

RESOURCES.			LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts		$ 848,931 73	Capital stock	$100,000 00
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation		25,000 00	Surplus and undivided profits	180,232 60
Real estate, furniture and fixtures		13,000 00	Circulation	20,600 00
Due from U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. fund)		1,125 00	Deposits	1,658,469 66
Bonds & warrants	161,054 45			
Due from banks	698,586 71			
Cash	312,304 37	1,071,945 53		
Total		$1,959,302 26	Total	$1,959,302 26

NewspaperARCHIVE.com

CLAUDE SACHS, Mining Editor

MINES, STOCKS AND INVESTMENTS.

SILVER .... .67⅞
LEAD 3.15

Colorado Springs Mining Stock Association.

Colorado Springs, Jan. 9.—Business was comparatively dull at the Exchange this morning, neither the listed or the unlisted stocks being so active as upon the previous day or so. The listed stocks, though not such heavy sellers as the unlisted, made a much better showing but continued to decline in price. Even Portland and Golden Fleece showed lower figures. The first named started to sell at $1.80 at which it sold in 100-share blocks. A block of 1000 shares then went at $1.82 but it declined again after that and the closing sales were made at $1.81 though a good deal of surprise was created at the close of the call when $1.84 was bid for more. Golden Fleece started to sell at the same figures which were obtained for it on the previous day but declined a cent before the close. The strongest stocks were those that were least known, namely Franklin and New Haven. The former was a lively seller at 2¾, with an even 10,000 sales at that figure. New Haven started to sell at 6¼ but advanced another point before the close, selling at 6¼. Work was lively but low in price and fell off to 21 before the end of the call. The most active seller of the call was Isabella with a total of 12,200 shares in the two kinds of stock, but in keeping with the general tone of the market the stock showed a decrease in price.

Mines.

	Bid.	Ask.	Sales.
Anaconda	93	....	......
Argentum Juniata	42¾	42½	100
C. C. Consolidated	20¾	21	2000
Favorite	12½	13	......
Gold and Globe	24¾	25¼	......
Gold Crater	....	5.10	......
Golden Fleece	1.68½	1.70	800
Isabella	56	56½	8200
Isabella, stamped	54½	54⅝	4000
Mollie Gibson	45	46	......
Pharmacist	14	14½	......
Portland	1.84	1.86	1250
Rubicon	....	26	......
Rebecca	....	....	......
Specimen	....	17	......
Union	40¾	41	3100
Work	20	21	7000

Prospects.

	Bid.	Ask.	Sales.
Alamo	....	8⅞	8000
Bob Lee	3¼	3½	......
C. C. G. Exploration	16½	18	......
C. O. D.	....	8¼	......
Creede and C. C.	....	6¾	......
Croesus	3	3¼	4000
Franklin	2¼	2½	10000
Fanny R.	9⅜	9½	1000
Good Hope	2⅜	2½	1000
Ida May	14	....	......
Mt. Rosa	18	18¾	1700
Marion Gold	1⅞	2	500
Matoa	....	30	......
New Haven	6¼	6½	2500
Oriole	4⅞	5	......

Separate Sales.

The separate sales for the call were: A. J., 100 at 45; Golden Fleece, 600 at $1.70 and 200 at $1.69; Isabella, 200 at 57, 2000 at 56½, 2500 at 56¾ and 3400 at 56; Union, 100 at 41, 2000 at 41 and 1000 at 43; Alamo, 5000 at 8⅞; Good Hope, 1000 at 2⅜; New Haven, 1500 at 6¼ and 1000 at 6½; Mt. Rosa, 200 at 18 and 1500 at 18¾; Consolidated, 1000 at 21 and 2000 at 20¾; Portland, 200 at $1.80, 1000 at $1.83 and 150 at $1.81; Stamped Isabella, 2000 at 55, 1000 at 54½ and 1000 at 54⅝; Work 6000 at 22 and 1000 at 21; Croesus, 4000 at 3¼; Fanny R., 1000 at 9½; Franklin, 9000 at 2¾; Marion Gold, 7000 at 2 and 4000 at 2⅜.

Unlisted Stocks.

Aetna, 11,000 at 2½.
Caledonia, 31,000 at 1⅜ and 1000 at 1½.
Aola, 2000 at 4¼.
Cleveland, 4000 at 1 and 2000 at 1⅛.
Boston and Colo., 7000 at 2¼.
Copper Mtn., 11,000 at 3.
Calumet, 11,000 at 3½.
Colo. City and M., 6000 at 8¼, 1000 at 8⅛ and 1000 at 7⅞.
Dante, 1000 at 12 and 500 at 11⅞.
Defender, 15,000 at 1½ and 1000 at 1⅝.
Eureka, 3000 at 2⅜ and 1000 at 2½.
Findley, 2000 at 4.
Garfield-Grouse, 1000 at 7⅞.
Gold Rock, 7000 at 2 and 10,000 at 1⅞.
Henrietta, 5000 at 4½ and 5000 at 4¼.
Hazel C., 3000 at 1¼.
Gold Link, 1000 at 5¼.
Little Pittsburg, 7000 at 1¼.
Ladessa, 2000 at 2¼ and 1000 at 2⅜.
Omaha, 1000 at 1¼.
Royal Age, 3000 at 2½ and 1000 at 2¼.
Star of the West, 3000 at 2.
Security, 1000 at 2⅜.
Reno, 1500 at 8.
Trenton, 1000 at 3.
Wheel of Fortune, 5000 at 1⅜.
Ernestine, 2000 at 1⅜ and 7000 at 1⅜.
Flower of the West, 2000 at 5¼ and 2000 at 5¼.
Grouse Mtn. Tunnel, 1000 at 1¼.
Gold Standard, 15,000 at 11½ and 250 at 10¾.
John Bull, 2000 at 1⅜ and 20,000 at 1⅜.
Lottie G., 1000 at 3¼.
Moose, 250 at 70.
Sacremento, 1000 at 9½ and 500 at 9¾.
Silver Gold, 2000 at 2¼ and 4000 at 2⅛.
Red Bird, 5000 at 2½.

BIG DEAL CONSUMMATED.

Ingham Company Now has Things Its Own Way.

The final payments were made yesterday on the Ingham Consolidated company's property, thus completing one of the most important deals ever put through in Cripple Creek. The payments made yesterday consisted of $35,000 in cash to the former owners of the Mattie D. claim, and a large stock consideration in the new company. To the owners of the Ingham $40,000 were paid and this, in addition to the few minor payments which will be made in the next few days, and the already large payments which have preceded these, makes the property of the Ingham Consolidated company entirely free of debt as well as of litigation.

No less than 12 bitter law suits have been settled by means of this coalition, and the property is now free of all encumbrance.

The grade of the ore in the Ingham is constantly improving at the same time it is becoming easier to mine. No particular effort was made to increase the production of the mine in December, yet the shipments made in that month nearly doubled in value. In spite of that fact the expenses were, at the same time cut down to nearly half to what they previously had been. The shipments of ore have been made almost entirely from the upper part of the mine, while between the 100 and the 180-foot levels there remains a block of high-grade ore which has hardly been tapped and from which not a pound has been stoped.

The recent developments on the Doctor vein on one side of the claim and on the Jack G. on the other has opened up an entirely new field for prospecting the ground belonging to the company and there is every likelihood that several new ore chutes will shortly be uncovered. Mr. Charles Moore, the well known expert, says that such will undoubtedly be the case.

The stock of the Ingham Consolidated Gold Mining company will at once be issued and the shares will be listed on the Colorado Springs Exchange as a mine, the highest position that can be possibly obtained for a stock in the country. This deal has been a most intricate one and has occupied a good deal of the attention of Messrs. J. W. Proudfit & Co., who have finally consummated it. The legal matters have been ably handled by Messrs. Hall, Preston and Babbit, who with Messrs. Wolcott and Vane will be the counsel for the new company.

El Paso Incorporations.

The Florence and Cripple Creek Gold Mining and Milling company, capital stock $1,300,000; El Paso county; offices at Cripple Creek; incorporators, George D. Johnson, N. F. Clark, R. H. Paxton and N. McConnell.

The Lucky John Gold Mining company, capital stock $1,250,000; Fremont and El Paso counties; offices at Colorado Springs; incorporators, J. K. Brunner, B. B. Grover and Robert Gale.

The Last Chance Gold Mining company, capital stock $1,500,000; El Paso and Fremont counties; offices at Colorado Springs; incorporators, J. J. Sweeney, J. G. Grega and S. B. Dickens.

The Apache Gold Mining company, capital stock $1,500,000; El Paso and Fremont counties; offices at Colorado Springs and Denver; incorporators, W. H. Kistler, Charles R. Burger and George F. Dayton.

The Preferred Gold Mining and Milling company, capital stock $1,000,000; El Paso and Fremont counties; offices at Colorado Springs; incorporators, C. P. Bylnston, E. K. Carnes, F. N. Wormer and W. L. Evans.

The Merrimac Gold Mining company, capital stock $1,000,000; El Paso and Fremont counties; offices at Denver; incorporators, George S. Wedgewood, C. W. Wright, Peter M. Bach and James R. Saville.

The Cripple Creek, Buffalo and Leadville Gold Mining company, capital stock $1,000,000; Lake, Park and El Paso counties; offices at Denver; incorporators, Robert E. Perry, John W. Fredman, J. W. Moakler, W. P. Garrison and Chas. L. Lewis.

The Minnequa Gold Mining company, capital stock $1,250,000; El Paso county; offices at Pueblo; incorporators, F. H. Frankenberg, Benjamin Donahue and Charles Hennsmeyer.

Springs People Interested.

A jury in the United States Circuit court on Wednesday heard the evidence in the suit of Richard J. Boles against Atterson W. Rucker to recover $80,000, and Judge Riner will instruct the jury and arguments of counsel will be heard this morning.

In a previous trial the residence of the plaintiff was the sole question presented to the jury, and the important suit is now heard for the first time on its merits.

The complaint recites that on April 16, 1892, defendant Rucker brought suit in the State District court against Harvey Young, J. B. Wheeler, W. P. Devereux and the Compromise Mining company, alleging certain rights on the part of Rucker in the Aspen mining claim and in the proceeds of ore extracted. An injunction was obtained by Rucker restraining issuance of stock of the Compromise Mining company to Jerome B. Wheeler, and forbidding Wheeler taking out ore. Rucker was asking for an accounting. Boles now claims that on the day the suit was brought in the District court of this county Rucker agreed in consideration of $27,500 to give Boles one-quarter interest in all moneys received in the suit brought by Rucker against Wheeler et al. There was a final decree in favor of Rucker and against Jerome B. Wheeler for $90,000.87. On an appeal to the Supreme court Plaintiff Boles now claims that there was a compromise by which it is alleged Rucker received $30,000, of which the plaintiff in this action asserts he is entitled after a tender of $10,000 to receive $60,000, and for which latter sum he brings suit.

Defendant Rucker denies the allegations of plaintiff's bill, but admits there was a compromise. He denies having received any such sum as $300,000. Further the defendant Rucker denies that there was a tender of $10,000. The defense charges that Boles refused to carry out or perform the terms of the contract made with Rucker.

Mineral Surveys.

Mineral surveys approved by the United States surveyor general for Colorado during the week ending January 4:

1027, Montrose, Union, Lavine. 10020 Pueblo, Little Wabash. 10015, Pueblo, Hosen P. 9665, Pueblo, Gratiot. 9967, Pueblo, World's Fair. 1000, Pueblo, Virginius. 10037, Gunnison, Earl. 10026, Leadville, Dauntless. 9926, Pueblo, Annie E. 10040, Pueblo, Battle. 10047, Pueblo, Mollie W. 9768, Denver Deacon Placer. 9761, Pueblo, Bergdorf Placer. 9771, Leadville, Eureka. 9924, Pueblo, Opulent and Valley lodes. 1006, Pueblo, Sag. 10038, Pueblo, American Eagle No. 1. 10040, Gunnison and Del Norte, Mott F. 10101, Pueblo, May Queen.

Amended work, G. L. O.—7402 Am., Pueblo, Rustler and Puffer lodes. 9335 Denver, High Protection and Imperial lodes. 1266, Leadville, Bloomington.

Affidavit of $500 expenditure issued—7266, Denver, Tallyho and Core Gold lodes.

Running Full Force.

All of the Leadville smelters, that is the Union, Arkansas Valley and Bimetallic, are running full force. While the Elgin is operating on a small scale at present it will likely be operated more extensively in the near future. The three smelters first mentioned are handling a good deal more ore than they did a year ago. It is estimated from the business they are doing and from the shipments that are being made by the railroad that the output of the camp is now about 1,500 tons a day. This is an increase of 300 tons a month over last January.

The output of the Smith-Moffat combination for the month of December was as follows: Wolftone, 4532 tons sulphide; Lower Henriett, 181 tons of carbonate; Maid of Erin and Denison leases, 150 tons of carbonate. Starr lease 1024 tons of carbonate; Bon Air, 218 tons of carbonate; Gray Eagle, 2007 tons of iron; Penrose, 212 tons of carbonate and 735 tons of iron.

Current News.

Golden Fleece will be called next Tuesday on the New York Exchange.

Col. Hamilton, president of the Golden Cripple company, has gone up to camp to let a contract for 50 feet of shaft work on the Charley Ross lode.

Mr. Frank Pettingell returned from his Eastern trip yesterday. He put through a good mining deal in Boston and says that the East is looking upon Cripple Creek with greater favor than ever.

Articles of incorporation of the Argus Gold Mining company were filed yesterday. The company will operate in West Creek, with head offices in this city. Robert A. Christy, Charles A. Howard and H. R. Smith, incorporators.

Good news comes from the Mary McKinney and Ironmaster properties, belonging to the Jack Pot company. A lease was granted a few days ago on the former claim and several men put to work trenching for the vein which has been opened up in the Colorado Boss No. 3. It was found yesterday and looks very good. A shaft will be sunk on the vein with all speed and it is thought that the pay chute will be encountered at a depth of about 100 feet.

The Jack Pot company has given a lease on the north 200 feet of the Silver Bell claim, joining the Mary Wynn. The old shaft will be put down deeper. A vein of low-grade ore has been exposed.

The shaft on the Oxford lode, belonging to the Ernestine company is now down 45 feet. Three feet of ore in the bottom of the shaft averages $12 per ton, and some of the streaks will run considerably higher. The whole shaft had to be trimmed up and retimbered, which has retarded active developments.

Chris Anderson and H. C. Rogers, leasers on the Mollie Gibson, to-day uncovered in the second level north, block four, a pocket two and one-half by eight feet of native silver and metallics, the value of which is 140 ounces to the ton. The same leasers also uncovered in block one, seventh level south, a five-foot vein of ore averaging 100 ounces. These strikes are made in levels, most of which are under lease. The Gibson continues to let more leases and to sink its main shaft No. 2, working upon it as rapidly as possible. When the 100 feet necessary for another level is covered, a new and deeper ore territory, it is expected, will be developed.

The gold reserve at the close of business yesterday stood at [illegible] withdrawals at New York were [illegible]

OUR DENVER CONNECTION

Will be open to-day, and those who desire orders executed on the Denver Mining Exchange will be welcome. Our private telegraph wire and office on the floor of the Denver Exchange gives us exceptional advantages in this respect.

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ARTHUR A. CARNDUFF
Stock Broker.
Rooms 18 and 14 Hagerman Blk
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ON COMMISSION.
No. 4 South Tejon Street.

J. W. MILLER & CO.
BROKERS.
Orders Given Prompt Attention.
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Room 2, First Nat. Bank Building.
Telephone 286.

Notice of Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of The Colorado Loan and Mortgage Co. for the election of directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may come before them, will be held at office of the company, 15 Bank building, Colorado Springs, between the hours of 3 and 5 p. m. on Monday, Jan. 13, 1896.

GEO. W. WALKER, President.

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COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO, U. S. A.

FRANK H. PETTINGELL, Mining Stock Broker
Member Colorado Mining Stock Exchange, Denver.
Colorado Springs Mining Stock Exchange, Colorado Springs.
SPECIALTIES: Portland, Anaconda, Work, Union, Garfield Grouse, Bangkok, Bank Union Leasing, Argentum Juniata, Pharmacist, Isabella, Gold Standard, Gold & G[illegible] and Mt. Rosa. Branch office at Cripple Creek, Colo.
DEPOSITS RECEIVED. Bank references given in any state in the Union. Telegraphic cipher mailed on application. Long distance telephone 228. All listed stocks bought and sold for 33⅓ margin. Money loaned on all active mining stocks.
Offices: 10 and 11 Bank Block, Colorado Springs, Colo.

P. O. Box 491. Offices, 51 and 52 Bank Block. Phone 268.
RAMSAY C. BOGY & CO.,
Bankers and Brokers.
We are the first firm that opened offices at Colorado Springs and Denver as members of the Gold local exchange and the Denver Exchange.
THE MAIN ADVANTAGE OF THIS IS THAT WE CAN BUY IN THE CHEAPEST AND SELL IN THE DEAREST MARKET.
Denver correspondent: The Ramsay C. Bogy Investment Co., 401-2-3, Mining Exchange Building, Denver.
REFERENCES BY PERMISSION:
D. H. Moffat, president First National Bank, Denver; H. B. & J. H. Tompkins, Denver, Leadville, Aspen, Creede and Cripple Creek; Phila. Smelting and Refining Co., Denver.

GEO. R. LINDLEY. P. O. Box 196. Telephone 244. J. H. FITZPATRICK
LINDLEY & FITZPATRICK,
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19 and 20 First National Bank Building, Colorado Springs, Colo
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WOODS INVESTMENT CO.
Bankers
...and Brokers
CAPITAL, $[illegible]
CRIPPLE CREEK STOCKS AND MINES.
Principal Office, Colorado Springs, Colo.
Branches: Victor, Colo., Chicago, Ill., London, Eng.

Phil. S. Delany. Wm. A. Delany. T. C. Delany
DELANY & DELANY,
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Members Colorado Springs Board of Trade and Mining Exchange.
Members Colorado Mining Exchange (Denver).
Members Gold Mining Stock Exchange (Cripple Creek, Colo).
References upon application. Cipher Telegraphic Code mailed free upon request.

CAMERON [illegible] & CO.,
THE OLDEST ESTABLISHED MINING BROKERAGE FIRM IN COLORADO SPRINGS
Eastern References Charles Henrotin, Chicago; Morton, Bliss & Co., New York. Richardson, Hill & Co., Boston.
Members Stock Exchange. TELEPHONE 275. Hagerman Block.

JOHN J. WHITE,
Mining Stock Broker.
Cripple Creek, Leadville and Aspen Stocks Bought and Sold on Commission.
Member of Colorado Springs Mining Stock Association.
References: T. Mellon & Son's Bank, Pittsburgh, Pa. Exchange National Bank, Colorado Springs, Colo.
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S. B. DICKENS,
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MINES, STOCKS AND INVESTMENTS.

Colo. Spgs. Board of Trade and Mining Exchange

Reported by.................S. F. HAZLEHURST

First Call.

Colorado Springs Jan. 9—Business was dull at the first call of the Board of Trade this morning less than 400,000 shares of stock changing hands. Of this amount only 65,900 shares were credited to the listed stocks and only one of them was traded in. Besides the lack of trading there was a general depression in the price of the more expensive stocks, which of course affected the listed more than the unlisted stocks Things started in badly with Alamo, which sold at as low as 8 and 8¼ Creede and C C. was fairly lively with 5500 shares going at 6¾, the one price being paid for all sold Gold Standard was one of the briskest sellers of the call and was credited with 11,000 sales though the highest price obtained was 11¼ Isabella was moving in a small way, but was weakish, selling at 57⅝ and 57½ Jefferson held its own pretty well, and sold at 21½ and 22, closing a little lower than it opened. Union was another stock which reflected the general tone of the market, as it sold at the start at 42, but was down half a cent at the close of the call.

Second Call.

The improvement in the amount of business transacted at the second call, when compared with the opening, was very decided, the sales being nearly double the number The heavy total was greatly helped out by the heavy selling of C. C. National, which sold to the extent of 305,000 shares all of which went in the neighborhood of $10 per 1000. Among the other lively traders the comparitively new stock of Findlay was very prominent. It sold to the extent of 33 000 shares, and the price advanced to 4¼ at the close of the call. Isabella was another prominent trader, with 10 600 shares to its credit. It made a slight gain in price over the morning, but cannot on that account, be considered strong Gold Standard was fairly lively but was off a point, while Alamo was stronger, Josephine, Mohawk, Union Pacific, Champagne, Calumet, Maggie Reeves, Montevideo, Wheel of Fortune and Woman's Gold were also among the lively traders and all were selling at about the same prices that were obtained upon the previous day The total sales for the day amounted to 1,047,790 shares.

	Bid.	Ask	Sales.
Alamo	8¾	9	6000
Anaconda	67	69½	..
Aola	3⅞	4	
Anchoria Leland		3.00	..
Ajax	11½	13	....
Argentum Juniata	44	47¾	..
American Con.	5¼	5⅝	2000
Bankers	19¼	20¼	.
Ben Hur	10⅛	10½	500
Blue Bell	..	..	....
Buckhorn	8¼	8½	.....
Bob Lee	3	3⅜	.. ..
Colfax	5¼	6⅜	1000
Cripple Creek Con	20½	21	.....
Creede and C. C.	6⅝	6¾	6500
C. C. and M.	8¾	8¼	2000
Copper Mountain	2¾	2⅞	2000
Columbine	5¼	5⅝	....
Currency	8	10	....
Des Moines	7½	...	1000
Dante	11¾	11⅞	2000
Enterprise	22¾	23	....
Emma Aimee	5⅝	...	5000
Fanny Rawlings	9	9⅝	1000
Favorite	12½	16	.....
Free Coinage	....	....	....
Flower of the West	5½	6	7000
Garfield Grouse	7	7¼	500
Gold King	....	..	.....
Gold and Globe	24	26	.....
Gould	....	....	.....
Gold Standard	11	11¼	18500
Grotto	3⅛	3¼	6000
Golden Age	4	4¼	.....
Golden Fleece	....	....	.....
Golden Eagle	4	....	.....
Gold Crater	....	..	.....
Humbolt	5¼	5½	8600
Isabella	55½	56½	12600
Isabella (Stamped)	54½	55¼	.....
Ida May	....	....	.....
Ivanhoe	..	..	.....
Ironclad	11	11½	....
Jack Pot	13¾	14	500
Jefferson	22	23	6810
Keystone	7½	9½	.....
Kaffirs	4¼	4½	8000
Lottie Gibson	2⅞	3⅛	2000
Lincoln Boy	4¾	5	6500
Mineral Rock	....	....	.....
Matoa	..	29½	.....
Mt. Rosa	...	...	1000
Mollie Gibson	46	48	100
Mutual	8	8¼	.....
Monarch	8¼	8½	.....
Mountain Beauty	...	7¾	....
Nugget	13	14	....
Orphan Bell	....	....	.....
Ophir	10¾	11¼	1000
Pharmacist	13	15	.....
Pappoose	7⅞	8¼	1000
Portland	1.82	1.84½	500
Princess	10½	....	.....
Plymouth Rock	....	....	.....
Ramona	6¾	6	.....
Reno	7½	8¼	.....
Republic	4	5	....
Sacremento	9¼	9⅝	1000
Squaw Mt. Tunnel	10½	11½	.....
Silver State	2⅝	2⅝	.....
Temomj	13	14	.....
T. F. T.	3	3¼	.....
Trachyte	3	3⅞	.....
Union	40	....	7000
Virginia M.	2½	3¼	.....
Work	20	21	.....

The following sales were also made:
Acme Con., 1000 at $9 75 per 1000.
Calumet, 1100 at 3¼.
Champagne, 1500 at 1⅝.
C C. National, 315 000 at $11 per 1000.
Crescent, 75 000 at $10 50 per 1000
Ernestine, 11,000 at 1⅜
Elda, 1000 at 2⅜
Findley, 33,000 at 4¼.
Goldstone, 2000 at 2¼ and 2⅞.
Golden Treasure, 13 500 at 1½
Golden Guinea, 10 000 at 1¼.
Golden Link, 17,000 at 5⅝
Hazel C., 24 000 at $11.50 per 1000.
Hayden, 4500 at 10.
Henrietta, 3000 at 3⅞
Josephine, 27,000 at $14 50 and $15 per 1000
Kimberly, 9000 at $13 25 and $13 50 per 1000.
Loraine, 2000 at 1⅝.
Lawrence, 2000 at 1⅜
Ladessa, 4000 at 2¼.
Maggie R., 16,000 at $10 and $11 per 1000
Mohawk, 20,000 at $3 per 1000.
Montevideo, 14,000 at 1⅞.
Park View, 1500 at 1⅜
Proposition, 2000 at $11 per 1000.
Red Bird, 21,000 at 2¼.
St Paul, 1000 at 6.
Security, 8000 at $15 per 1000.

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Seven Hills, 2000 at 4⅞
Union Leasing 15,000 at 31.
Union Pacific, 1500 at $4 per 1000
Unity, 62 500 at $11 50 per 1000
Wheel of Fortune, 41 000 at 1½.
Woman's Gold, 10 500 at 3⅞

West Creek Notes.

The Red Reynard is showing a four foot vein of pay ore at a depth of eleven feet

O K Layman, of the Dillon Enterprise, has struck it rich in his patented property east of town

R L Hubbard, Dan Kimball and others have opened a bonanza on school section 36, and adjoining Pemberton on the south

The Thunder Butte company is making arrangements to push work on their property on Calvary hill, east of Pemberton.

Ore from the Emma G, owned by Ben Castor & Co, and which is located southeast of Pemberton, assays $15 from the surface.

The Alpha company is sinking a shaft in the Sarah J and have a large amount of ore on the dumps for shipment or treatment in the camp

Major John Hurlbut of the Pike's Peak Cog railway, is in the camp representing a syndicate organized to operate in Cripple Creek and West Creek properties

R LeBert and Henry Brady departed for Denver yesterday after having secured a lease and bond on the Iron Cross, Independent and Evening Bell from N. W. Miller for $5000.

Bell and Wilke created a sensation in camp yesterday by bringing down a wagon load of quartz from a number of their claims on Ackerman hill, which is now proving to be the Bull hill of West Creek.

Wesley Falls, of Breckenridge, is in camp looking after his many interests. He asserts that he never witnessed a mining camp's growth equal to that of West Creek.

H. Severy, of Emporia, Kans, and vice-president of the West Creek Mining company, is in camp and will put a force of men to work on the Chicago next week The properties of this company have already made Henderson gulch famous

The rush to the camp continues The population of the district increases at the rate of about fifty per day. There are seven cars of local freight at Woodland Park station, billed for West Creek All of the towns in the district are growing rapidly.

At a mass meeting held on Sunday last Albert Weber presided and Attorney Essington was secretary Committees were named to draft rules and regulations for the government of the camp, to provide telegraph communication with Denver, etc.

The Tyler Gold Mining and Milling company is demonstarating its faith in the camp by constantly adding to its properties and developing the same. A number of fine specimens of ore taken from their claims have been sent to Denver. This company is conceded to be one of the safest and strongest in the camp

The business men's meeting at the Gold Brick office, Sunday, resulted in the organization of a law and order society, of which George W Pemberton was made president Committees on town organization, telegraph, improvements, health, mines and mining were appointed. These committees will report to the general body at the adjourned meeting Thursday night The meeting adopted resolutions commending the Rocky Mountain News for interest taken in the camp.

The uncertainty arising from the various rumors relative to West Creek's location in the Park reservation has prevented eight or ten owners of mines within the reservation from shipping ore, and as these owners are also holders of patented property and do not propose to jeopardize their interests until the Park question is settled no shipments have thus far been made But Captain Tyler will ship from the Captain Noble and Ambrose & Allen from the Hoosier next week. It is now fully established that there are at least a dozen pay mines within four miles of Pemberton.

The Anaconda, at Cripple Creek, is holding an immense amount of low grade ore, waiting for the enlargement of the Florence mill. The production last year was about $100,000.

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Member the Colorado Springs and Denver Mining Exchange

Telephones 204 and 231.

Room 49, Bank Blk.

STOCKS BOUGHT ON MARGIN

Consolidated Mining Stock Exchange.

First Call.

Colorado Springs, Jan 9—Thanks to the activity in two or three stocks a very large volume of business was transacted at the first call of the Consolidated this morning Most prominent among these was Oxford the stock that was such a heavy seller on the previous day At this call it sold to the extent of 280,000 shares and at about the same figures as on Wednesday. The listed stocks were fairly well represented at this call and several of them had from 5000 to 10,000 sales Prominent among them was Wheel of Fortune with a total of 6000 shares to its credit The stock was not nearly so strong as upon the previous day and the best bid for it at the close of the call was 1⅝ Defender was in good demand at 1½ and 6000 shares sold around that figure A good sale was made in Nugget which was one of the highest-priced sellers of the call, the only other stock to approach it in price being Fanny Rawlings which had 5000 sales at better than 9.

Second Call.

Business was again very good at the second call and nearly as much stock changed hands as was the case in the morning. Oxford was again the heaviest seller of the call This time the shares to its credit in the sales column amounted to 75 000 shares making a total of 355,000 for the day, all of which went without hardly any change in price Another heavy seller, and a new one to the list was Adriatic with a total of 50 000 shares The lot went at $5 per 1000 at which it appeared to be in pretty good demand Three stocks among the listed ones had a total of 11,000 sales. These three were American Consolidated, Croesus and Colorado City and Manitou The first named was strong at 5⅛ and 5¼ but the other two were a little off color, 2⅝ being the best bid for Croesus and 7¾ for Colorado City and M. at the close of the call. The other busy stocks were Jameson with 52 000 shares to its credit, Montevideo with 19 000; Garfield-Grouse, with 41 000 Goldfield, with 16 000, and Geneva with 14,000. The total sales for the day amounted to 798,200 shares.

	Bid.	Ask.	Sales.
Alamo	....	10	. ....
Anaconda	....	...	. . ..
Aola	....		.
Anchoria Leland		3 50	. ....
Argentum Juniata	42	47	.... .
American Con.	5⅛	5¼	11000
Bangkok	7¼	11	5000
Bob Lee	3¾	4	. ..
Bankers	19⅝	20	1000
Ben Hur	9	....	.. ...
Buckhorn	8	8¾	... .
Blue Bell	10	13	. . ..
Chimborazo	. ..	3½	.....
Consolidated	20	. .	1000
Creede & City Creek	6¾	7½	1000
Copper Mountain	2⅝	3	1000
Columbine	....	..	. . . .
Colo. City & Manitou	7¾	8½	11000
Champagne	1⅝	1⅞	17000
C. K. & N.	.	..	..
Croesus	2⅝	...	11000
Defender	1¼	1½	.....
Des Moines	7	8⅝	1000
Enterprise	23	24	1000
Elkton	....	....	.... .
Fanny Rawlings	9¼	10	6000
Franklin	2⅛	....	.....
Gold King	....	65	.....
Golden Eagle	....	5	.. ...
Gold and Globe	24	27	... ..
Gould	.	18½	3000
Goldstone	2⅝	2¾	....
Golden Age	4	4¾	....
Granite Hill	....	....	.....
Gold Standard	10⅞	11¼	.....
Garfield-Grouse	7⅛	7¼	41000
Gold Link	5¼	5⅝	.....
Henrietta	3⅝	4½	11000
Isabella	56¼	58¾	400
Jack Pot	13	14½	.....
Jefferson	20½	23	.....
Keystone	9	10	.....
Ladessa	2¼	2¾	5000
Lottie G.	..	3½	.....
Maggie Reeves	1	1½	7000
Magna Charta	3	3½	6000
Mollie Gibson	....	...	.....
Mt. Rosa	....	21	.....
Mutual	7½	....	. ....
Matoa	28	29	2000
Montevideo	1⅞	2	24000
Monarch	7⅝	7¾	1000
Nugget	....	14¼	5000
Nipple Mountain	070	090	2000
Orphan Bell		..	.
Ophir		.	
Ontario	095	1	5000
Pappoose	8	8½	1000
Princess	..	. ..	
Pharmacist	12	14¾	. .
Portland	. .		
Reno			..
Red Bird	2½	2¾	2000
Sacremento	.		1000
Santa Fe	. ..	1½	..
Summit			
Star of the West	1⅞	2¼	
Silver State	1⅞	2¼	
S. L. & C. C. Tunnel	. ..	5	2000
Temomj	16	16	
T. F. T.	....		
Union			
Union Leasing			
Virginia M.	. ..	3⅓	
Work	. ..	23	
Wheel of Fortune	1½	2	5000

Del Coronado 10 000 at $7 per 1000
Goldfield 16 000 at 3
Western Union, 15 000 at 3½ and 3⅞
Alta Vista, 5000 at $4 per 1000
Bull Hill M and M 5000 at $3 per 1000
Crown Point, 13 000 at $5 per 1000
Calumet 8000 at 3⅜ and 3½
Gold Leaf, 10 000 at $2 75 per 1000
Harvard, 45,000 at $3 50 and $4 per 1000
Jamison 67,000 at $3 50 and $4 per 1000
Josephine 6000 at 1⅞
Manchester, 5000 at $13 per 1000
Mundo, 10 000 at $4 25 per 1000
Proposition, 5000 at $10 50 per 1000
Rob Roy, 20 000 at $5 and $6 per 1000
Oxford, 355 000 at $4 and $4 50 per 1000
True Fissure, 18,000 at $5 25 and $6 50 per 1000.
Adams Ex 10,000 at $7 25 per 1000
Adriatic 50 000 at $5 per 1000
Bay State 10 000 at $5 per 1000
Brokers' Gold, 2000 at 1⅞
Geneva 14,000 at 1¼.
Hazel C, 1000 at $11 per 1000
Lora'ne 1000 at $14 50 per 1000
Geneva, 14,000 at 1¼.
Standard, 2000 at $12 50 per 1000
Toronto 5000 at $5 50 per 1000

The Smallest of All.

"Of course there are various grades of mean men," said the thoughtful man

"Of course," replied the careless one

"That being so," continued the thoughtful man, "what character of man would you consider the smallest, meanest and most contemptible of all known to modern civilization?"

"I could hardly answer that offhand," returned the careless man "Perhaps you have given the subject some thought"

"I have," admitted the thoughtful man

"Then what are your conclusions?"

"I think that the man who is rich enough to hold [illegible] a fine horse but who [illegible] himself too poor to have [illegible] properly cleaned, is entitled to the [illegible]" Chicago Post.

India contains about one-fifth of the human race, or more people than Africa and South America together

G. O. Taylor Whiskies used by critical judges.

W. C. FINDLEY. W. T. FINDLEY

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UNION LABEL

One announcement of any entertainment to which an admission fee is charged will be made in this column free. Any further announcements will be charged for at advertising rates.

DAILY WEATHER RECORD.

The following meteorological report is furnished by the Colorado College Weather Bureau. Observations recorded in local time:

Jan. 8 6 p. m., to Jan. 9, 6 p. m.

Temperature at 6 a. m.	58
Temperature at 12 m.	65
Temperature at 6 p. m.	37
Maximum temperature	61
Minimum temperature	22
Mean temperature	50
Max. barometric pressure, inches	24.22
Min. barometric pressure, inches	24.00
Mean velocity of wind, per hour	11
Max. velocity of wind, per hour	41
Relative humidity at 6 a. m.	10
Relative humidity at 12 m.	13
Rtiative humidity at 6 p. m.	20
Mean relative humidity	17
Mean dew point	8
Precipitation in inches	0

Weather Indications.

Washington, Jan. 9.—For Friday—Fair and slightly cooler; westerly winds.

Charles Osgood, agent of "1492," is a guest at the Alamo.

The linotype machines for the Evening Telegraph have arrived.

Hon. Joseph Maupin of Canon City was a visitor in the city yesterday on legal and mining business.

Mr. W. G. Rice, agent of the Pacific Express company, left last evening for a trip to Chicago and other points East.

Rev. W. H. W. Boyle declared his intention in the County Court yesterday of becoming a citizen of the United States, and took out preliminary papers.

In the first division of the District Court yesterday Judge Harris overruled a motion for a new trial in the suit of Palmer vs. the Mt. Rosa company.

Mr. Will Carter, a well-known young colored man of the city, was married to Miss Maggie Boyer last Tuesday evening in this city, Rev. J. F. Curtis officiating.

The police picked up a deserter from the United States army yesterday, or, rather, he got froze out and gave himself up. He will be returned to the post from which he ran away.

The annual meeting of the Colorado Summer School association will be held in Coburn library at 8 o'clock, p. m., on Monday, Jan. 13. All citizens interested in the Summer School are urged to attend.

Mr. Reuben Berrey, the mining broker, is spending a few days in Denver attending the annual meeting of the Ironclad company. It is probable that the company will have a branch office in this city in a short time.

The Women's Society for Christian Work of the First Presbyterian Church will have a missionary tea meeting at the home of Mrs. W. H. W. Boyle, 423 North Nevada avenue, this afternoon at 3 o'clock. All women of the congregation are invited, especially strangers.

Before Justice Walker yesterday the preliminary examination of Thomas Jones, John Riley, William Williams and Henry Greenfield was held. They are the men who are charged with burglarizing Bell's residence some time ago. They were bound over in the sum of $500.

The Woman's Missionary society and the Sewing society of the First Congregational Church will have a joint meeting this afternoon at 3 o'clock at the home of Mrs. F. L. Martin, corner of Platte and Tejon streets. Business of importance is to come up and a large attendance of both societies is desired.

The Young People's society of the First Baptist church will hold a very novel social to-night, to be called "A Leap Year Social." The courtesies which are usually performed by the gentlemen will be carried out by the young ladies entirely, and a very jolly time is expected. An invitation is extended to all who wish to attend.

Next September the International Typographical union is to meet in this city in biennial session. There will be not less than 1,000 delegates and others present. It will be an occasion of more than usual interest to the printers of the country, as the members of the International will have their first opportunity of inspecting the printers' home. The matter is of so much interest to the craft that an offer of $500 has been made already for the right to publish the souvenir book of the meeting. The local Typographical union is very small in numbers, and it will have its hands full in trying to entertain the guests. They have decided to try and raise some money by giving a ball. This is to occur on the night of the 22d of this month. Tickets can be had of the members of the union, and the business men can well afford to patronize it.

Wednesday evening a lady living on Vermijo street was compelled to leave her home late at night to summon a physician. When returning home she noticed that she was being followed by a man and hastened her footsteps. He ran and caught her near the alley in the rear of Mr. George Perry's residence. She fought him and as he attempted to put his hand over her mouth she got one of his fingers in her teeth and bit him badly. She screamed so loud that he became frightened and let her go. She was taken into Mr. Perry's and was in such a nervous fright that a physician had to be summoned. The police made a search for the villain, but he had escaped. He was tall and slender and had a mustache.

The Colorado Cycle House has plenty of second-hand wheels in stock now from $20 to $60.

Tom Tang has moved his stock to No. 18 East Pike's Peak.

Awarded Highest Honors World's Fair,

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

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The McGregor Cafe, 20 East Pike's Peak ave., and take your meals there; the best in the city for 25 cents.

For fresh oysters go to the McGregor Cafe.

I will offer for the rest of this week—

Columbian Creamery butter, per lb.	25
Fancy dairy butter, per lb.	20
Fresh ranch eggs, per doz.	25
Fresh State eggs, per doz.	20
Spring chickens, per lb.	12½
Dressed hens, per lb.	10
10 lbs sweet potatoes for	25
Colorado honey, 15 c or 2 lbs for	25
Cauliflower, per lb.	15

People should avail themselves of the opportunity to buy at these extremely low prices. I have full stock Mexican sweet and California oranges.

M. SLAUGHTER.

See those down pillows and parlor lamps at Lennox's furniture store.

Blank books and office supplies at Low's.

Masquerade suits; room 3 Midland blk.

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Beautiful Mijota Rugs almost as cheap as art squares, at John Lennox's.

Useful and ornamental holiday gifts, at Mermillod's.

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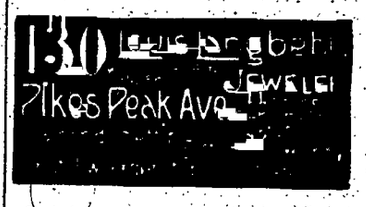

Graduate Optician ASHBY, the Jeweler, is getting in his fall stock. It is up to date. See him for birthday and wedding presents if you want the best.

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The finest Copying Presses made. Simplicity. Cloth baths.

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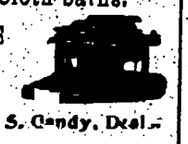

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18 lbs granulated sugar	$1 00
Early Rising flour, per 100 lbs	1 85
Pride of Colorado flour, per 100 lbs	1 85
Hammond's medium hams, per lb	11
Hammond's wide breakfast bacon	10½
27 bars White Russian soap	1 00
27 bars Mascot soap	1 00
28 bars Denver soap	1 00
28 bars Borax soap	1 00
33 bars Ark soap	1 00
7 lbs best navy beans	25
4 lbs choice rice	25
Red Seal lye	10
3 lbs Mocha and Java coffee	1 00
1 gal. can pure Ohio maple syrup	1 15
½ gal. can pure Ohio maple syrup	60
¼ gal. can pure Ohio maple syrup	35
1 gal. can White Clover drips	50
½ gal. can White Clover drips	30
25-lb sack meal	30
All kinds Anderson's jams, two for	25
All kinds nuts, per lb	15
Eagle Condensed milk, per can	18
3 lbs choice quartered dried apples	25
3 lbs choice Salt Lake peaches	25
3 lbs choice pitted plums	25
Choice evaporated Cala. peaches, per lb	10
Choice Cala. evap. apricots, 2 lbs for	25
Choice Cala. evap. pears, 2 lbs for	25
6 cans domestic sardines	25
3 cans mustard sardines	25
3 cans Paxton's corn	20
3 cans Bessie brand tomatoes	25
Elk brand California table fruit peaches, pears, apricots, plums and grapes, 2 cans for	25
Gal. pie peaches, per can	30
Gal. pie apricots, per can	30
Gal. pie plums, per can	28
Gal. pie cherries, per can	33
Gal. pie blackberries, per can	33
Best Colorado honey, per lb	15
All pkg. coffee, per lb	22½
20-lb pail of jelly, assorted	50
Keg molasses	95
1-lb can oysters	10
2-lb can oysters	15
Broken M. & J. coffee, per lb	15
Fresh State eggs, per doz	25
Merit butter, per lb	30
Petijohn's breakfast food, per pkg	10
3 lbs cream maize	25
Kingsford's corn starch, 3 pkgs for	25
3 pkgs Scotch oats	25
10 lbs rolled oats	25
Gasoline, per gallon	23

We wish to call your attention to our Home Rendered lard, which we guarantee to be absolutely pure.

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Cocoa and Chocolate

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From the finest apparatus in the city. All the popular drinks at popular prices. Baker's soda is the hottest in the city.

A good hair brush for 25 cents.

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We place on sale Thursday, Jan. 2d, a large lot of Dress Goods and Silks, in short lengths, at less than manufacturers cost.

Odd lots Underwear at greatly reduced prices to close.

We have received a choice assortment of Foreign Rugs in all sizes

GIDDINGS BROTHERS.

21 SOUTH TEJON STREET.

RIBBON SALE.

All Silk Satin Edge Grograin

No. 2, 1 cent a yard.	No. 9 10 cents a yard.
No. 4, 2 cents a yard.	No. 12, 12 1-2 c. yard.
No. 5, 5 cents a yard.	No. 16, 15 cents a yard.
No. 7, 7 1-2 c. a yard.	No. 20, 20 cents a yard.

Jackets, Furs and Dress Flannels.

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Continued Another Week.

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DRY GOODS, CARPETS AND SHOES.

We Announce, Beginning Monday, our Annual

SALE OF MUSLIN UNDERWEAR.

We shall place on sale Monday our entire stock of Ladies' Fine Muslin Underwear at Special Cut Prices from 25 to 35 per cent. discount. See the goods and you will buy.

Special Bargains in Towels at

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Fine China and Japanese Goods

CALL ON CHINA JIM,

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BICYCLE MUFFS.

If you wish to ride your wheel with any comfort in the cold weather, buy a pair of the newly invented muffs or gloves. For sale at Wilbur's and at Webb's bicycle agency.

THE TALE OF TWO CITIES.

Both of Them Want the Democratic National Convention.

GOTHAM AND THE WINDY CITY.

New York and Chicago Renew Rivalries —Advantages Which Each Claim and Methods Which Are Being Employed.

WASHINGTON, Jan 8. [Special.] This is to be a great year in America Not only are we to have a presidential campaign of peculiar interest, but there is to be important movement in the field of international politics Before the year has closed, I firmly believe, from information which I have gathered here in high official circles, there will be an alliance of all the nations of the two Americas. This alliance will be both political and commercial. Already the movement is under way, and it is one result of the declaration of the Monroe doctrine by the United States. Senhor Mendonca, Brazilian minister in Washington, tells me his government has for some time been in correspondence with other South American governments looking to the formation of a Pan-American alliance somewhat on the lines proposed by Mr. Blaine This alliance will probably take the form of a congress to create an international board of arbitration. The ..al purpose is to bring all the American republics together under the sheltering wings of the Monroe doctrine.

Our Southern Neighbors.

Several resolutions looking to the same end have been introduced in congress and the temper of that body is decidedly in favor of action. The proposal to bring the nations of all America into closer political and commercial relationship is about the most important movement now pending on the face of the globe. It has before it tremendous possibilities Not many persons perhaps have stopped to reflect that in the nations to the south of us there are more than 60,000,000 people, or nearly as many as there are in the United States. There are 12,000,000 people in Mexico, 3,500,000 in the various states of Central America, 40,000,000 in South America, nearly 2,000,000 in Haiti and Santo Domingo, and 2,500,000 in the Spanish West Indies, including Cuba and Puerto Rico. There are 2,000,000 more in the British, Danish and Dutch West Indies.

Surprising as it may seem, those people have a foreign trade, including both exports and imports, nearly as great as that of the United States. This is true, no doubt, because the bulk of their trade is of an international character. They do not have that enormous domestic commerce which is found in the United States, for their people neither produce nor consume such vast quantities of goods as are used by the people of this country. For this reason the foreign commerce of the nations to the south of us is surprisingly large. During the last ten years the entire foreign trade of the United States, exports and imports, has ranged from $1,-314,000,000 in 1886 to $1,857,000,000 in 1892. The average for the ten years was $1,645,000,000. Against this the average for recent years of the combined foreign trade of the nations to the south of us, including exports and imports, has been about $1,300,000,000 per year. Mexico has a foreign trade of about $100,000,000 a year, the Central American states of $65,000,000, Brazil of $325,000,000, Argentina of $165,000,000, Chile of $130,-000,000, Uraguay of $60,000,000, Venezuela of $35,000,000, Haiti and Santo Domingo of $30,000,000 and Cuba and Puerto Rico of $180,000,000 Other countries swell the total to the figures given. I am aware that the actual value of the goods bought and sold is not nearly as great as the statistics indicate because these exportations and importations are given in the money of the countries, which are all on a silver basis. But the total value of the commerce to and from the shores of our southern neighbors is surprising nevertheless

Value of Their Trade.

If the United States can be brought into closer commercial and political relations with these countries, no good reason exists why the United States should not have a much larger share of the trade than it now enjoys. These people are nearer us geographically than to the nations of England, France and Germany, with which they now principally trade. The share of that commerce which falls to the United States is reckoned at about one-fifth of the whole as matters now stand, though we buy much more of nearly all the Pan-American countries than we sell to them. It is proposed to revive the reciprocity treaties which were abrogated by the present administration, and I understand the administration is favorable to the proposal. It is admitted by the friends of reciprocity that the treaties negotiated by Mr. Blaine did not work very well. This was due in part to the fact that those treaties were negotiated under duress, as it were. Senhor Mendonca calls it "reciprocity with a club."

The United States held threats over the heads of the Central and South American countries and forced them to come in. One nation was played against another. The result could not be expected to be favorable. Another fact which operated against the success of those treaties was the number of revolutions which broke out in the countries to the south of us and the failure of crops in Brazil and other countries. But for these hindrances it is believed the Blaine treaties, unsatisfactory in character as they were, would have shown a considerable increase in our trade with nearly all the countries. There were large increases with some countries, notably Cuba, as it was.

Time to Strike.

Many of the wisest statesmen we have in Washington think this opportunity one which should not be lost. Now is the time to strike out in a movement which will mean "America for Americans," not only American soil, but American trade. The ultimate consequences of trade treaties between all these nations and the United States, by which we are given advantages in their markets over our European competitors and they are given advantages in our markets, no one can foresee But the result could not fail to divert golden streams of commerce from Europe to the United States and to open markets of prime importance.

If to this general union of the republics of all the Americas should be added independent Cuba and the creation of another great American republic, cutting loose from the monetary and commercial domination of the old world, the value of the new arrangement would be greatly enhanced, for Cuba's foreign trade is peculiarly rich and desirable I have information which leads me to the hope, if not to the belief, that this will occur during the present year. After Venezuela, Cuba. Mark the prediction.

WALTER WELLMAN.

NANKIVELL.

The Talented Cartoonist of the Pacific Slope.

[Special Correspondence.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec 25, Nankivell is a feature of San Francisco If you are thrown among writers and artists here, the first question put to you is, "Have you met Nankivell?"

He is a little Australian, with a wonderful head, masses of dark hair tossed about in most astonishingly artistic disorder, big, staring, green eyes, a somewhat saucy nose and a full, sensible mouth

NANKIVELL.

Frank Nankivell is the cartoonist of the Pacific coast as well as an artist of great genius He has been in San Francisco only a year, but in that time he has created a new era of art for this decidedly cosmopolitan town His society types are as distinct as Gibson's, his studies after Aubrey Beardsley are screamingly funny, and his cartoons dealing with current news and local politics are as clever as any ever drawn in this country. Nankivell goes east soon with Bob Davis, brother of Sam Davis, the Immortal Sagebrush Liar, as he is called in this country. Davis, who is a bright newspaper man, full of original ideas, has planned a bicycle lecture tour across the continent. He has engaged the Australian artist to go with him and illustrate these lectures. The two propose to do all the big towns between here and Gotham. It is only another instance of the audacity and originality of the west.

JANE SESSIONS.

Avoided the Subject.

The late Professor Blackie was once standing in front of the fire at the lodge of Balliol and shouting out, with a roll of the famous plaid and a toss of the equally famous wild white hair, "I should like to know what you Oxford fellows say of me behind my back." After a moment's pause Jowett, the master of Balliol, replied mildly, "We don't mention you at all." Argonaut.

Kind.

Mudgo If there really is anything in this reincarnation theory, I don't know but that I would like to be a good, fat, comfortable hog. They seem to enjoy life so.

Yabsley But, as I understand it, in reincarnation one becomes something different from what he was Indianapolis Journal.

An Up to Date M... .

"What was the row?" asked the living skeleton. "I didn't quite ketch on."

"It was the tattooed man," answered the fat woman as she impaled another potato. "He says ef the manager insists on him wearin them new Obbery Beardsley designs he's goin on strike." Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.

An Objection.

"There's only one objection I have to this climate."

"What is that?"

"The temperature and the price of coal don't get high at the same time." Washington Star.

Theory.

Tommy Paw, why is it the good die young?

Mr. Figg They don't die young because they are good, but they stay good because they die young. Indianapolis Journal.

Knew His Peculiarities.

"I guess Swipes must have been the best dressed man in the convention."

"Why?"

"He wore his own hat and overcoat away again." Chicago Record.

Consoling Thought.

Every baby is the sweetest baby in the world. You were once considered the sweetest thing in the world, although you may not look it now. Philadelphia American.

Grocery and Meat Market.

731 NORTH WEBER STREET

JOHN WILLIAMS,

SUCCESSOR TO HOAG & BUMSTEAD,

TEA! TEA! TEA!

The following are our prices:

The finest Japan per lb.,	75c
Choice Japan, per lb.,	60c
Fine Japan, per lb.,	50c.
Good sound Japan, per lb.,	35c
The Finest Gunpowder	75c
Choice Gunpowder,	60c.
The finest Oolong, per lb.,	75c.
Choice Oolong, per lb.,	60c
The finest English Breakfast	75c
Choice English Breakfast,	50c.
Pure Ceylone Tea in original packages, as imported, per lb., 75c.	

Drink good tea. Common kinds are injurious. The above are the finest growths procurable.

Sunshine, Canon, Rouse, Franceville, Anthracite.

WM. LENNOX,

106 E. Pike's Peak Ave,

Telephone 89 and 157

PIANOS.

Weber, Fischer, Wheelock, Steck

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Electric Light Fixtures and Shades, Desk Lamps. Electric Bells, Annunciators, &c.

BICYCLE SUPPLIES.

Jeanne & Alling.

126 Pike's Peak Ave.

PIKEVIEW COAL

Having opened up a new vein we are now ready to supply our customers with a coal superior to any we sold last season.

Box 82, City. A. S. POPE.

Our January Mark-Down Sales of Men's and Boy's Overcoats, Ulsters and Underwear.

Boy's Overcoats

Marked down from $12 to $8 50

" " " $7 50 to $5.00

Boys' Cape Overcoats.

Marked down from $7 50 to $5 00

" " " $3.00 to $2 00

" " " $2.50 to $1.50

Men's Overcoats.

Prices ranging from $15.00 and $25 00 marked down to $10 00.

We have picked out these handsome, valuable tailor-made coats to go in this sale at $10

All Wool Underwear

Marked down from $1.50, in this sale, 90 cents

This sale only lasts one week in underwear.

Wright's Health Underwear.

Marked down from $3.75 a suit In this sale

$2.90

Formerly sold in this city for $5

Boy's and Children's Underwear.

Marked down from 35 and 75c. In this sale

20 cents and 50 cents.

$1 00 Underwear marked down to 75 cents.

THE MAY CLOTHING COMPANY,

20 SOUTH TEJON STREET. COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO.

East End and Boulder Heights

THE LATEST ADDITIONS TO COLORADO SPRINGS.

Lots Offered with Special Inducements

In these most attractive portions of the town. Also in all parts of Colorado Springs and Manitou for business or residence on easiest terms.

THE COLORADO SPRINGS COMP'Y.

ROOM 9, GAZETTE BUILDING

Notice.

The annual meeting of the Bank Building Association will be held Jan. 10, 1896, at the office of J. J. Hagerman, for the election of directors and any other business that may be presented.

WM. F. ANDERSON. Secretary.

Dec. 31, 1895

Notice of Annual Meeting

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the First National Bank of Colorado Springs for the election of directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of other business that may come before them, will be held at the banking office between the hours of 11 and 12 o'clock, on Tuesday, a. m., January 14th, 1896.

J. A HAYES, Cashier.

Dissolution of Partnership.

Colorado Springs, Colo., Dec. 31, 1895

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between Verner Z. Reed and Raymond Reed is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be continued by Verner Z Reed & Co, who will assume all liabilities, and collect all acounts due the firm.

VERNER Z. REED,
RAYMOND REED.

Partnership Notice.

Colorado Springs, Colo., January 1, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned have this day formed a partnership, under the style and firm name of Raymond Reed & Co., to transact the business of mining stock brokers, real estate dealers, and money lenders.

RAYMOND REED,
HUGH F. REED.

22 North Tejon Street.

The annual meeting of the Golden Eagle Mining and Milling company, for the election of directors, will be held at the office of T. W Sherman, Exchange Bank block, at 4 p. m., the third Wednesday in January.

S. B. DICKENS, Secretary.

TO THE TRAVELING PUBLIC:

The Wabash Railway, always seeking to improve its service, has made arrangements to put on a fast mail train from Kansas City to St. Louis. Leaving Kansas City at 6 20 p m, (making direct connections with all trains from the west) arriving at St. Louis at 2.30 a. m connecting in the St. Louis Union Passenger station with the Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern fast mail, leaving St Louis at 3 a. m, arriving at Cincinnati at 12 30 noon of the same day, Louisville at 9.30 same day, Washington at 6 50 next morning, Baltimore at 8 a. m, same day, Philadelphia at 10 25 a. m., and New York at 1:15 Making the phenomenal time of 42 hours from Kansas City to New York

Passengers desiring to route via St Louis, Baltimore and Philadelphia, can find nothing to compare with this service.

Sixty-three hours, Denver. Pueblo or Colorado Springs to New York. Also we will put on a new train leaving St Louis at midnight, carrying the through Denver sleeper, arriving at Denver at 7 o'clock on the second morning

Twenty-nine hours from St. Louis to Denver. The above service effective on and after Sunday, July 14.

C. M. HAMPSON, Commercial Ag't
1 17th Street, Denver. Colo

STRICTLY LIMITED FIRST CLASS Train to California via the Santa Fe route. New cars, all of the latest design. Palace sleepers, chair cars and dining car. Only 47 hours to Los Angeles

RAILROAD TIME TABLES

DENVER & RIO GRANDE R. R.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Colo December 8, 1895.

NORTH OR EAST BOUND.

No. 2	Atlantic Coast Fast Mail	7 55 am
No. 12	St. Louis and Kansas City Express	9.43 am
No. 10	Pueblo and Denver Passenger	2 59 pm
No. 4	Atlantic Coast Express	7 01 pm
No. 6	Colorado and New Mexico Mail and Express	4 50 am
No. 8	Cripple Creek Special	3 50 am

SOUTH OR WEST BOUND.

No. 1	Pacific Coast Fast Mail	11.13 am
No. 11	Pueblo and St. Louis Express	5.38 pm
No. 9	Denver, Pueblo and Canon City Passenger	4 15 pm
No. 3	Transcontinental Express	10.26 pm
No 5	Colorado and New Mexico Mail and Express	10.50 pm
No. 7	Cripple Creek Special	1 30 am

Trains Nos. 5 and 7 and 6 and 8 are narrow gauge and carry through sleepers.

MANITOU BRANCH.

Leave Colo. Springs.	Leave Manitou.
9 45 am	7.00 am
11 20 am	10.40 am
5.40 pm	2.10 pm

Through tickets for sale to all principal cities east at the depot and No. 16 North Tejon street Parties can select their own route.

Baggage checked to destination Pullman palace sleepers. Chair cars free.

For full information call on or address,

J. M. ELLISON, General Agent.
16 North Tejon st.

SANTA FE ROUTE.

ATCHISON, TOPEKA & SANTA FE By Co

December 1, 1895

North-bound	Arrives	Leaves.
No 607, Aspen to Denver	4.20 am	4 25 am
No 5, Chicago to Denver.	5 53 am	6 00 am
No 6 5, Pueblo to Denver	9 19 am	9 19 am
No 603 Chicago to Denver	2 25 pm	2.35 pm
No. 601, Salt Lake to Denver.	6 32 pm	6 42 pm
South bound		
No 608, Denver to Leadville.	2 10 am	2 10 am
No 602, Denver to Salt Lake	11 10 am	11 15 am
No 606, Denver to Pueblo and Canon City	4.10 pm	4 10 pm
No. 604 Denver to Chicago and California	6 42 pm	6 42 pm
No 6 Denver to Chicago	9 37 pm	9.42 pm

Trains 5 and 6 are solid vestibule trains between Colorado Springs and Chicago, via Kansas City No change of cars.

Trains 603 and 604 run between Colorado Springs and Chicago via Kansas City Train 604 connects at La Junta with the California Limited

J.L DUNLEY, Ticket Agt Depot.
C. C. HOYT, City Pass. Agt. Opera House Block

COLORADO MIDLAND RAILROAD

Taking Effect October 29, 1895.

West Bound.

No 1	7 30 am
" 5	11 15 am
" 7	2 20 am

East Bound.

No. 2	1 00 pm
" 6	6 35 pm
" 8	4.15 am

All trains run daily.

Nos 5 and 6 between Denver and Grand Junction; carrying through sleeper between Denver and Ogden

Nos 7 and 8 between Denver and Aspen with sleeper service same.

Nos 1 and 2 between Colorado Springs and ... via Victor stage (transfer) to Cripple Creek

All trains connect closely at Divide with Midland Terminal trains to and from points in the Cripple Creek district

R T. DUNAWAY, City Agent.

U. P. D. & G. RY CO

ARRIVE.

From Denver, Chicago and points east:
No 3, Daily .... 12:08 pm

From Ft Worth and points south:
No 5, Daily with through sleeper from Houston .... 2 55 pm

From Denver, except Sunday Pike's Peak special:
No. 7, Daily .... 6.30 pm

LEAVE.

For Denver and St. Louis:
No 8, Daily except Sunday .... 8:10 am

For Pueblo, Trinidad, Ft. Worth and all points south:
No 4, Daily with through sleeper for Houston .... 12:10 pm

For Denver, Chicago and all points east:
No 6, Daily through sleeper to Chicago .... 3:50 pm

Trains 4 and 5 have through buffet Pullmans to and from Houston.

Shortest route by several hours to Texas and the Southeast. Only one night to Fort Worth.

B. E. CARNES, Gen'l Agent.
H. C. CHAPMAN, City Tkt Agt., 16 Pike's Peak ave.

Telephone 21.

GREAT ROCK ISLAND ROUTE

DEPART.

No. 6	Vestibule limited to Chicago and St. Louis via Kansas City, St. Joe and Omaha	7.40
No. 10	Chicago Kansas City, Omaha, St. Joe and St. Louis	9.50 pm
No. 5	Limited to Pueblo	7 55 am

ARRIVE

No. 5	Vestibule limited from Chicago	7 55 am
No. 9	Fast express from Chicago	5 ... pm

No. 5 and 6 are solid vestibule trains between Chicago and Colorado Springs via Omaha Kansas City or St. Joseph without change. Through sleeper to St. Louis All meals route served in dining cars Through tickets to all points east and baggage checked to destination at No. 12 Pike's Peak avenue. Telephone 37, or Union depot telephone 38 Also ... tickets via principal steamship lines.

W. W. WOOD
Ticket and Passenger Agent.

MISSOURI PACIFIC RY

GOVERNMENT FAST MAIL.

Leave 5 33 pm	Colorado Springs	Arrive	9 32 am
Arrive 6 40 pm	Pueblo	Leave	9 20 am
Leave 7 00 pm	Pueblo	Arrive	9.00 am
Arrive 5 45 pm	Kansas City	Leave	10.15 am
Leave 8 30 pm	Kansas City	Arrive	7.00 am
Arrive 6.55 am	St. Louis	Leave	8.20 pm

The best line; only one change of cars between Colorado and New York City, in union depot, no transfer. Through Pullman Palace buffet sleeping coaches, and free reclining chair cars. All trains lighted with the famous Pintsch gas light and heated with steam (no danger of fire)

H. WILDMAN, Ticket Agt., Union Depot.
J. M ELLISON, Pass and Tkt Agt, 16 N Tejon St

Notice.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of The Portland Gold Mining Company, for the election of directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before such meeting, will be held at the office of the company in Council Bluffs, Ia., at twelve (12) o'clock, noon, on Monday, February 3d, 1896

Transfer books will be closed at noon, January 28th, 1896, and re-opened on the morning of the 6th of February, 1896, at Colorado Springs, Colo.

JAMES DOYLE, Secretary.

The offices of the company in Council Bluffs are with Messrs. Ross & Ross

THE GAZETTE.

PUBLISHED DAILY EXCEPT MONDAY

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

DAILY—IN ADVANCE.

Six months.....$3 00 | Three months...$1 50
Per annum.....$6 00 | One month..... 50

WHEN NOT PAID IN ADVANCE.

Per annum.....$7 00 | Three months....$1 75
Six months..... 3 50 | One month..... 75

WEEKLY—IN ADVANCE.

Per annum.....$1 25 | Three months....$ 50
Six months..... 75

ADVERTISING.

Rates made known on application to the office.

No claims are allowed against employees of The Gazette to offset any of our accounts.

All advertisements for The Weekly Gazette must be handed in not later than Tuesday noon.

WILLIAM ALEXANDER PLATT, Editor and Publisher.
S. N. FRANCIS, Business Manager.
WALTER L. WILDER, Night Editor.
H. S. ROGERS, City Editor.
J. O. McCRACKEN, Circulator.

The Editor of The Gazette will not be responsible for the return of manuscript found unavailable.

TELEPHONES.

BUSINESS OFFICE, Until 6 p. m. 63
EDITORIAL ROOMS, All Night. 215

CUBAN BELLIGERENTS.

Several resolutions relating to the recognition by this government of the Cuban insurgents as belligerents have been offered since this Congress assembled, and are now in committee. They are of great importance, and we presume that before long one or more of them will be reported.

The relations of Cuba to this country have been regarded as matters of very grave importance by every enlightened American statesman from the time of Jefferson to the present. "It's addition to our confederacy," said Jefferson, "is exactly what is wanted to round our power as a nation." In his famous letter to Mr. Monroe, urging the adoption of what is known as the Monroe doctrine, he declared that he "looked on Cuba as the most interesting addition which could ever be made to our system of States. The control which, with Florida Point, this island would give us over the Gulf of Mexico and the countries and isthmus bordering on it," he added, "as well as all those whose waters flow into it, would fill up the measure of our political well being."

The reasons for effecting the annexation or independence of Cuba have lost none of their force since Mr. Jefferson's time. The island has been the source of constant friction with Spain. Its repeated revolts against the mother country have not only interrupted our commerce, but have exposed our government to considerable vexation and expense. It has been necessary greatly to enlarge our naval forces in the vicinity in order to prevent violations of our neutrality laws, while the interests of American citizens on the island have suffered repeated and grievous damage.

So long as Spain is still regarded as the sovereign of Cuba, she is directly responsible for all the damage inflicted in the island upon the property of American citizens, no matter whether that damage be inflicted by her own troops or by others.

But the question now to be decided is not that of the annexation of Cuba, although that question may come up at no distant day. The immediate question is whether our government shall recognize the insurgents as belligerents. As to the effect of such recognition, the New York Sun says:

"The effect of our recognition of the Cuban insurgents as belligerents should be considered. It would give our citizens the right to go to Cuba and enlist, but not to enlist here; and, in the event of their capture, our government would demand that they be treated as prisoners of war. 'If citizens of the United States, enlisted in the service of an insurgent power whom the United States acknowledges as belligerent,' wrote Mr. Webster when Secretary of State under Mr. Tyler in 1842, 'and which is not so acknowledged by the parent State, should be treated when captured by the parent State otherwise than as prisoners of war, and their release when demanded by the United States should be refused, consequences of the most serious character would ensue.'

"Our citizens could also sell the insurgents any articles they wish to purchase, whether of clothing, food or munitions of war, and the vessels containing them could clear our ports without interruption. They could even ship such munitions to Cuba, but at the risk of having the vessel searched anywhere on the high seas by Spanish officers and the cargo confiscated, whereas such search can only be made now within the three-mile limit on the Cuban coast. This doctrine has been maintained since the foundation of the government. The purchasing within and exporting from the United States, by way of merchandise, articles commonly called contraband,' wrote Hamilton in his treasury circular in 1793, 'being generally warlike instruments and military stores, is free to all parties at war, and is not to be interfered with.' Mr. Pickering, when Secretary of State under Washington, declared that in both sections cited (from Vattel) the right of neutrals to trade in articles contraband of war is clearly established: in the first, by selling to the warring powers who come to the neutral country to buy them; in the second, by the neutral subjects or citizens carrying them to the countries of the powers at war and there selling them.' The same principle was maintained in President Pierce's second annual message, and Mr. Marcy, when Secretary of State, said such action in no way conflicted with the neutrality act of 1818. Even the sale of arms and other ordnance stores by the government to Remington & Sons, in 1871, though the firm were agents of the French during the Franco-Prussian war, which arms were resold by the Remingtons to France was not considered by the committee of the Senate as a violation of our obligations as a neutral power, and the protest of the Prussian government was ignored.

It seems quite clear that, while the Cuban insurgents, after recognition as belligerents, could purchase arms and other munitions and even ironclad ships from us, without violating any rule of municipal or international law, they could not have such ships completely armed and equipped in our ports. It may be observed, however, that we have an extensive coast line of several thousand miles and a large number of ports and rivers. A nation is only required to exercise 'due diligence' to prevent a violation of its neutral obligations and avoid responsibility, and due diligence has been decided to mean reasonable diligence.

On the other hand, should we recognize the insurgents as belligerents Spain would be relieved from any obligation whatever for any damages inflicted upon American citizens or their property by them. Both belligerents would simply be placed upon nearly the same footing; what is conceded to the one might be conceded to another; and by expressly granting the right to Spain to purchase ships of war from our citizens, we might concede the same right to her enemy. Mr. Clay cited with approval the case of a citizen of the United States who sold one ship to Spain pending her war with South America, and another to her colonies. Both ships met and fought each other at sea."

The existence of belligerency is a question of fact. Belligerency has been defined as nationality in the germ—as the potentiality rather than the accomplishment of independence. It follows that proof of an actual preponderance of force on the part of belligerents is less necessary than when the question is one of recognition of independence.

At the time when President Monroe took the final step of acknowledging the independence of Colombia and Peru in 1826, all the important seaports of the Spanish Main, the great Peruvian seaport of Callao, and the city of Lima itself were in the hands of the Spaniards. Incomparably less satisfactory and promising was the position of the insurgents in those provinces at the much earlier period when President Madison recognized them as belligerents. When, by a proclamation of neutrality, Madison gave certain Spanish Americans belligerent rights, he simply meant to testify to the fact that civil war existed in parts of Spanish America, a fact patent to his eyes and ears. So now, the members of the Fifty-fourth Congress have but to use their own eyes and ears to determine the question whether, in the name of common sense, there be not a state of war in Cuba.

We do not see what further proof of a state of war can be required than has been already furnished in this case. Spain has sent her best general, and 100,000 troops to the island, and has strained her financial resources to the utmost to put down the rebellion, and yet her armies have made no headway, while the rebels have obtained possession of twice as much territory as they controlled when Campos went there last summer. This country, from its geographical relations with Cuba, and from the fact that the Cubans are fighting to deliver themselves from the oppression of the most tyrannical government in the world, should be the first to recognize a state of war, if one exists. It seems to us that the fact is patent, and that recognition ought not to be longer delayed.

THE SENATOR FROM DELAWARE.

The United States Senate has before it an interesting election case, involving the title to his seat of one of the Senators from Delaware. It will be remembered that when the Delaware legislature met last time, there was a deadlock for months over the election of a Senator. The Republicans had a majority, but they could not all agree on one candidate. After a while, the Governor of the State died, and he was succeeded, according to the constitution of the State, by the president of the senate, Mr. Watson, a Democrat. Of course the succession of Mr. Watson to the governorship involved his giving up the Senatorship. He left the Senate, and for several weeks he did not appear in the Senate chamber. Finally, on the ninth of May, the Republicans had succeeded in getting together on a candidate. Fifteen votes were cast for Mr. Dupont. There were thirty votes in the joint assembly before Mr. Watson succeeded to the office of Governor. On that day Mr. Watson came back to the Senate and claimed a vote, and counting his vote, there were as many votes against Mr. Dupont as there were for him. If Mr. Watson's vote be not counted, then Mr. Dupont received a majority, and was duly elected a Senator of the United States.

The question for the elections committee of the Senate to decide, then is whether Mr. Watson ceased to be a Senator in Delaware when he undertook the office of Governor, or whether he had still a right, after exercising the functions of Governor, and while he was still exercising them, to exercise also functions as a Senator, and cast a vote in the legislature as such.

Common sense is generally good law, and common sense in this case says that Mr. Watson could not be both Governor and Senator at the same time. But the matter will, no doubt, be presented fully by the Elections committee of the Senate, and the decision of the body will be made upon a full knowledge of the case. It seems to us that Mr. Dupont will probably be seated.

When the Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage went to Washington as second assistant pastor of the First Presbyterian church, there were not wanting predictions that in a short time there would be trouble and dissention in the congregation. The predictions have come true. Some of the congregation want Mr. Talmage to take the morning service instead of the evening, and to compel the resignation of the Rev. Adolos Allen, the other assistant minister. The congregation is divided, and there is danger of a split. Dr. Talmage is not used to playing second fiddle, and it was a mistake to engage him in that capacity.

The Protestant ministers in the cabinet of the Canadian premier have resigned their places rather than countenance the government's attempt to enforce the religious school mandate upon the province of Manitoba; and it looks as if Mr. Bowell would have to do the work, if he is to do it at all, with a cabinet made up of Roman Catholic members. The chances are that he will have to give it up.

A bill has been introduced in Congress for the admission of Hawaii as a State in this Union. The bill will not be passed. If Hawaii comes in, it had better be as a territory.

The people of Oklahoma are squabbling over the question which city shall be the capital when the territory is admitted as a State. It seems to us that such a quarrel is a little "previous."

Jameson's Expedition.

Is it possible that Dr. Jameson suddenly, of his own accord, and on his own responsibility, departed from his previous record as a steady and tactful official and embarked upon the career of a filibuster accompanied by such distinguished aristocratic British officers as the Hon. Charles Coventry, second son of the Earl of Coventry; the Hon. H. and Hon. R. White, brothers; Lord Annaly, and the Hon. Douglas Marsham, third son of the Earl of Romney? It will strain British credulity to believe that Governor Robinson did not have full cognizance of Dr. Jameson's proceedings, and that Mr. Rhodes did not originate and supply the funds for the attack on the Transvaal. Dr. Jameson's friends, who are powerful and his associates in war, will not allow him, whether he is dead or alive, to become the scapegoat for Mr. Chamberlain's blundering and Mr. Rhodes's and Gov. Robinson's perfidy.

Mr. Frederic Harrison, in a speech delivered on last Wednesday, declared that there is no nation on earth that is so heartily hated as Great Britain. The Speaker admits the truth of this and bewails the fact. It says that it is partly traceable to foreign jealousies of British prosperity and of the expansion of the empire. The Continental nations, it declares, are filled with a furious hatred as they watch the steady growth of the empire, and see the flag of England floating over almost all the choice spots of the globe. The Americans, it adds, cannot be accused of hating Great Britain under similar influence, but they hate her because of the offensive air of superiority the British assume in their dealings with other people.

Dr. Jameson's friends rely on President Kruger of the Transvaal to prevent his execution. Dr. Jameson, while at Kimberley, was summoned to Pretoria to attend President Kruger in a dangerous illness. Under the Doctor's ministrations President Kruger was cured, and the two became strong friends. This friendship may now stand Dr. Jameson in good stead. (New York Sun.

A Micawberish Idea.

Taking $100,000,000 gold within a few days out of the financial centers means some disturbance. The shrewdest banker will not deny it. The gold is part of the reserve against which banks are lending. Contraction of the reserve involves a larger contraction of loans. Tight money makes the profits of a bond transaction look less attractive. There would be no difficulty whatever in raising the money by different methods without disturbance, and without doubt it can be raised, whether disturbance comes or not. But the idea that borrowing money is a stride toward prosperity, and that prices ought to go up and business revive and more wheels to revolve because government has absorbed for unproductive uses part of the money of the country, and requires the industries and the people to pay interest on it, is worthy of Micawber.—(New York Tribune.

Mr. Balfour.

There is a great deal of confidence felt in this country in Mr. Balfour, and the report that he will soon come forward with the proposition for a solution of the Venezuela question will attract general attention. It is not clear how he can do anything, for although a member of the cabinet he is not the foreign secretary, and Lord Salisbury directs the course of the ministry in such matters. But he may make a suggestion which will clear the situation and open a way through which the trouble could be disposed of without reflecting upon the honor or credit of either country, and which at the same time would be satisfactory to Venezuela. —(Denver Republican.

Prompt Recognition Wanted.

Our government ought to recognize the Cuban insurgents as belligerents. They have demonstrated their ability to take possession of the greater part of the island, and Spain would make itself ridiculous in the eyes of the world if it were to longer deny that a state of war exists. The insurgents are clearly entitled to recognition, and this country should be the first to give them that encouragement. It is probable that they will achieve their independence regardless of whether we recognize them or not, but nevertheless the United States should accord them their just dues.—(Denver Republican.

In the Transvaal.

England's new complication in South Africa may yet develop into the most troublesome of all the snarls that now beset her ministry. It appears that England proposes to enforce the principle of the Monroe doctrine in the Transvaal, and is afraid that if she does so she will forfeit her own case in Venezuela. (The Mail and Express.

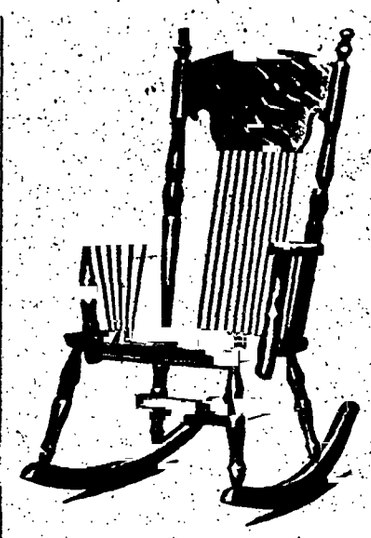
Notice of Annual Meeting.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of The Ramona Mining and Milling company will be held at the office of the company, room 18 El Paso block, in the city of Colorado Springs, county of El Paso and State of Colorado, on Tuesday, the 14th day of January, A. D. 1896, at 1:30 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing five (5) directors for the ensuing year, and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the said meeting.

Dated Colorado Springs, Colo., this 3rd day of January, A. D. 1896.

By order of the Board of Directors.

E. S. JOHNSON, President.
J. B. HARVEY, Secretary.



We thought to commence the New Year right, by giving our customers a benefit, and on January 1st will place on sale 500 of those beautiful and substantial gent's cobbler seat rockers, in either antique oak or birch wood, at $2.50 each, former price $5.00. Also 500 ladies' silk tapestry seat rockers at $1.50, former price $5.00. These rockers were purchased in New York for this special object, and shipped during the "cut rates," a few weeks ago, and our customers get the full benefit. Of course this is to be a cash transaction, and intended for but one to a family.

Respectfully,
FAIRLEY BROS.

J. J. HAGERMAN, President
J. A. HAYES, Cashier.

IRVING HOWBERT, Vice President.
A. SUTTON, Ass't Cashier.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,

Colorado Springs, Colo.

Capital, - - - - - - - $100,000
Surplus, - - - - - - - $100,000

Buys and sells Foreign and Domestic Exchange and Does a General Banking Business

DIRECTORS:

J. J. HAGERMAN, RICHARD J. BOLLES, IRVING HOWBERT, B. F. CROWELL, J. A. HAYES

ESTABLISHED 1872.

EL PASO COUNTY BANK,

CAPITAL PAID IN $100,000
SURPLUS 20,000

Transacts a general banking business. Drafts drawn on the principal cities of the United States and Europe.

WM. S. JACKSON, Cashier. J. H. BARLOW, Ass't Cashier

Members of the firm: Wm. S. Jackson, C. H. White, J. H. Barlow.

MATTHEW KENNEDY,

No. 9 North Tejon Street.

Real Estate, Insurance, Loans

Desirable Furnished and Unfurnished Houses for Rent.

BARGAIN.

One of the best business properties on Pike's Peak ave.
FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN.

CHOICE PROPERTIES IN ALL PARTS OF THE CITY.

TWO PICTURES FOR 1896.

Five dollars a day earned. Nothing saved: Prospective poverty, no friends, hard to do right; life not worth living.

One dollar a day earned; ten cents saved: Something ahead, a home, friends, means for doing good, life a success.

How much of your weekly earnings are you saving and investing as securely as may be done with the Assurance Savings and Loan Association of 109 East Kiowa?

Open throughout the Winter.

THE CLIFF HOUSE,

Manitou, Colo.

Complete in all its appointments. Hot water, heat, open fire places, baths, electric lights, etc. Will offer far superior accommodations GREATLY reduced rates, both daily and weekly, during the winter.

B. F. NICHOLS & SON, Proprietors.

The Consolidated Stationery Co.

Are showing the largest assortment of Holiday Books, Calendars, Cards, Lap Tablets, Portfolios, Pocket Books, Pictures, etc. in Colorado Springs.

No 11 South Tejon Street

Rapid Mining Stock Reporter.

ISSUED at 1:30 and 4:30 p. m. Contains every quotation on every stock on each of the four exchanges up to 1 and 4 o'clock p. m. 25c. per week, delivered twice daily. 103 South Tejon Street.

If we cannot make your pictures, we can sell you a camera and you can take them yourself.

Pocket Kodak, $5.00
Bull's Eye a favorite $8.00

18 S. Tejon St. CHAS. E. EMERY, Photographer

JOHNSON & CURTIS,

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Office, 18 N. Tejon St. Yards, Cor. Cucharas & Corona.

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Henry Lee, Wills & Co.

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MONEY TO LOAN

On Real Estate Security.

AGENTS OF THE

International Trust Co.

OF COLORADO.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

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730 N. Cascade ave., 15 rooms, 3 baths, gas and electric lights, steam heat, large grounds 300 00
North Cascade ave., 18 rooms and bath, stable and large grounds, all modern conveniences 300 00
No. 5 Boulder Crescent, 14 rooms and bath, furnace, electric light, stable and large grounds 240 00
415 N. Cascade, 13 rooms and bath, furnace, electric light and stable 175 00
409 N. Cascade ave., 13 rooms and bath, furnace, electric lights and stable 175 00
606 N. Nevada ave., 13 rooms and barn; large grounds 175 00
W. Bijou st., 11 rooms, bath and electric lights 150 00
828 N. Nevada ave., 11 rooms and bath, furnace, electric lights and stable 150 00
N. Cascade ave., 9 rooms and bath, steam heat, electric lights and stable 100 00

Unfurnished.

1500 N. Cascade ave.; house of 13 rooms and bath, furnace and electric light 300 00
1900 N. Cascade ave., 18 rooms and bath, furnace and electric lights 75 00
West View Place, 7 rooms with all modern conveniences 75 00
921 N. Cascade, 8 rooms and bath 55 00
Hotel on Huerfano street 40 00

For Sale Special.

A commodious residence on North Cascade avenue, completely appointed in every respect, ample grounds. Will be sold at a bargain.

Improved property in West Colorado Springs at two-thirds cost.

We have a long list of other properties, improved and unimproved which we should be pleased to show parties desiring to purchase who may favor us with a call.

HENRY LEE, WILLS & CO.

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Veterinary Surgeon. Graduate Chicago Veterinary College. Office and Hospital 117 E. Bijou st. Residence No. 11 So. Wahsatch ave. Telephones: office, No. 400; residence No. 34.

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W. F. HUNT,
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All legal business given prompt attention. Mining and divorce matters made a specialty.

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Chronic Diseases a Specialty.
Consultation free.
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MUSIC TEACHER.
Zither, Mandolin, Flute, Clarionet.
Leave Orders at Hoyt & Williams's.

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Practical Horseshoers.
Particular attention paid to Lameness, Interfering, Forging, and all diseases of the Feet, without extra charge.
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GOSHEN BROS.,
Manufacturers of
Pressed and Common Brick,
Contractors in brick work, plastering and cementing. All kinds of building supplies on hand. Jobbing promptly done.
OFFICE, 122 NORTH TEJON STREET.

PATRONIZE THE RAILROAD
That favors and helps you. The Gulf road is doing more to advertise Colorado Springs and vicinity than any road in Colorado. It is the only road running a local train between here and Denver. Leaving at 8:10 a. m. and returning arrives at 6:50 p. m.

CRITIC'S LETTER

Colorado Springs, Jan. 9, 1896.

It is so many weeks since I have manipulated the type-writer to express some of my thoughts in the "Critic's Letter" that I find that I have much to say. Many a time since I last wrote I have wished for time to express some of my sentiments but it couldn't be did, as an Englishman would say, so I will have to let them go and start on some fresh ones.

The very first thing I want to have a chat over is with regard to the trainload of people whom it is intended shall go to New York to attend the opening of the new Mining Exchange there on the first day of next month. Now I'm going to write against that excursion and in opposition to many whose ideas I respect but with whom I differ. I presume that many who are in favor of this excursion have the interests of Colorado and Colorado Springs at heart to as great a degree as I have, more they have not, I know, for it is only my interest in the mining business of Denver, Colorado Springs and Cripple Creek that makes me oppose the crowd. You see I have already narrowed down my interests to Cripple Creek, Denver and Colorado Springs, when the ostensible object of the excursion is to bring Colorado to the front. Do not let us blind ourselves however, for it is Cripple Creek that has been the mainspring of this movement, it is Cripple Creek that the East is curious about, that the journalists have been making a fuss over and that every nineteen men out of twenty men here and in Denver are interested in and ready to talk about and, as far as I can see, it will be Colorado Springs, the home of Cripple Creek mine owners and stock brokers, that will benefit or suffer most as the results of this excursion. You may talk about advertising the State of Leadville, Aspen, Boulder, Gunnison and twenty other places now but it is Cripple Creek alone that will be brought to the front before the excursion comes to an end.

Now as the results of the excursion—I fear that they will be bad; or at the best risk our good reputation for what can be but a poor advertisement, even if the best obtainable results are obtained from it. Let us look at this subject in another light, a little apart from the excursion itself perhaps, but still one which should help us to come to a conclusion on the matter. Transport yourself with me for a few moments while I address a few remarks to some of our brokers and listen ye well to their replies.

Hullo! Broker Jones, how's business today?

Business, well, well, just cast your eye over that order book and you needn't ask me how business is. Had orders for steen shares to-day and couldn't fill half of them, so long, got to send off these wires.

Here's Smith. Working late Smith I see, looks as though you had plenty of business to do?

Yes, have to come down to the office at night now, takes me all day to buy and sell stocks and half the night to straighten things out and even then I have an awful job to keep pace with my biz.

Why don't you increase your force?

Increase my force, why my dear boy where are your eyes. Don't you see that I am now employing three clerks where I used to do all the work myself. Costs me money too, but I can stand it these days.

Let's go and see Brown. Hi there Brown, making money these days?

Oh well, so, so, nothing to grumble at you know.

Well, are you making money for your clients?

Ah, well, now that't a different question. Why of course I am. I would be a beaut of a broker if I couldn't do that these times. Now this old chap wired me from New York to sell his block of stock to-day and I cleared him over $3000. And this fellow

Now isn't that about how things are in town just now. If you are a broker you know you have a little more work to do than you can attend to with anything like comfort, very probably you have moved into bigger offices or are longing to do so if you can only find them, and more probably still, you have increased your force of clerks. Of course you have made money for yourself, and your clients are certifying to the fact that you have done so for them by increasing their orders. Are these things not true, in a general way, and instances, to the contrary very isolated?

But what has all this to do with the excursion train you are asking, and what conclusions can be drawn from it? Why these: that it was not a train load of people going to New York or any other point that has already brought about the immense amount of mining business which we are now enjoying, that the proposed excursion is entirely unnecessary from the point of view of arousing interest in Colorado, or in other words, Cripple Creek, Denver and Colorado Springs. Have we not alreay done wonderfully well without anything of this kind? are we not making money fast? is there any real or partial need for this excursion over which much is risked and but little can be gained? won't the business of the brokers, which has been growing so rapidly of late, grow even greater as time goes on? and is not the making of profits for eastern clients a much sounder, more sensible and more conclusive an argument than the journeying of a train load of people East?

Mr. Porter, the newly elected president of this New York Mining exchange, is, I understand, responsible for this excursion idea and I believe is working for the very best interests of all concerned, from his point of view. He says that very conservative men are being chosen at the various points and that there is to be no banner, brass band or hurrah business about it. This is not a point which I desire to argue at all, it is the excursion and not the quality of it that I object to. A rowdy excursion can, of course, do more harm than a quiet one but no excursion of this kind I think can do any good.

You will ask probably why this excursion can do no good and I answer that there appears to me to be several reasons why it should not. Firstly, as Mr. Henry Russell Wray put it the other night, there is the press to be reckoned with. It is no use saying, oh, hang the press, for it will be found that the eastern press is a very much stronger thing in moulding public opinion than the voice of the one hundred odd people who are going on this excursion. I need not point out to you that the press, in a general way is prejudiced against Colorado and its great gold camp but it may not be so generally known that they have already heralded the coming of the "Boom Train" and in a manner which gives the impression that they were tucking up their sleeves to be ready for the scrap. There is but a thin line between the sublime and the ridiculous and with the present sentiment existing it is hardly probable that the press will recognize that line but rather will it obstinately ignore it. I shall not blame the eastern reporters if they do jump on this excursion for if it seems boomy to me it must appear very much so to them. When one gets down to facts it is boomy too, however soberly the affair may be conducted, it is the outcome of excitement, a misconception and utterly devoid of good business judgment. At present the East is not very strongly inclined towards Cripple Creek and its stocks but the feeling is much better than it was. There is no hurry, no need to force this appreciation to maturity, let it come by itself as it is bound to come. In the meanwhile we are making money, we are successful. It is better that it should come gradually we shall know better how to cope with the business when it does come and which is not going to be brought about by such a thing as this idea of an excursion eastwards. Let Denver enter into this thing if it will but to you of Colorado Springs and Cripple Creek I say with all my heart keep out of it.

We have had a large influx of eastern newspaper correspondents here and in Cripple Creek within the past thirty days and none of them have done more justice to the paper he represents and necessarily to Colorado Springs than Mr. Henry Harmon Neill, of the New York Mail and Express. I met this gentleman on the first day he arrived here and have had many a chat with him since. Like all other fair-minded people he recognizes the greatness of Cripple Creek and to hear him talk now you would think that he was a Colorado man rather than a New Yorker. He gave us a taste of his feelings in his answer to "Jimmey" Creelman's World article the other day. Mr. Neill has studied our stock market carefully and from what he said to me I should judge that what worries him most about it, the only thing that worries him at all in fact, is the almost entire absence of a bear side to the market. "Without a bear side to the market," said he to me, "it will one day go utterly to pieces, and if by the time the break does come (and all markets have a break at one time or another) there are no bears to help it through, why I pity you all." Mr. Neill is right, the bears are of the greatest benefit to a breaking market for it is they who ease the decline by covering shorts. But for de Lor' sake Massa Neill, who would think of being a bear on such a market as this and at such a time. Of course it may be and is done now on the very best inside information, but the cases are rare. It is not I who would care to be among the bears just now, all the more so as I have seen it attempted once or twice with dire results. It must be remembered that for a long time Cripple Creek stocks have been selling far below their intrinsic values and, if one may judge by the values that are being paid for properties almost every other day, it may be presumed that the greater part of them are still selling too low. Under these circumstances the market is naturally a rising one and it is risky indeed to be short and very safe to be a bull. In the time to come the market will have steadied itself and then will be the day for the bears to begin to operate with something like safety.

Tips? Why certainly, what's the matter with Golden Fleece. I tipped off Portland long ago because it seemed to me that it was a good sound stock and because a two cent dividend was being paid every month, so why can I not with safety give a pointer on Golden Fleece which is paying three cents every month and which, I am given to understand, has more than a year's dividend in sight! I hear very good things about Matoa and believe that that is a purchase too. I have no reason for thinking very much of the company's claims on Grouse mountain or the others on Beacon, but the sixteen acres of ground on Gold hill makes the stock look like a purchase at present quotations. Some time ago I suggested the purchase of Goldstone. It has now climbed up to three cents and better and it is my opinion that now is the time to sell that stock. Work declined to 2½ to-day but the weakness is more apparent than real and at that price I think it is a purchase for a few cents profit. If you can get it lower, so much the better.

THE CRITIC.

Many merchants are well aware that their customers are their best friends and take pleasure in supplying them with the best goods obtainable. As an instance we mention Perry & Cameron, prominent druggists of Flushing, Mich. They say: "We have no hesitation in recommending Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to our customers, as it is the best cough medicine we have ever sold, and always gives satisfaction." For sale at 25 and 50 cents per bottle.

Diseases unfriendly to women are positively cured by Dr. Sawyer's Pastiles. Ask your druggist for a free sample package. It heals and cures.

Children with pale, bluish complexions, indicating the absence of the requisite red globules in the blood should take Dr. Sawyer's Ukatine.

Experience and money cannot improve Dr. Sawyer's Family Cure, because it radically cures dyspepsia, liver complaint and kidney difficulty.

Dr. Sawyer:—
Dear Sir: I can say with pleasure that I have been using your medicine, and will recommend it to all suffering ladies.
MRS. W. W. WEATHERSHEE,
Augusta, Ga.
For sale by Colorado Springs Drug Co

BEST LINE TO CRIPPLE CREEK.
Take the Rio Grande special, 1:30 a. m every day.

GOING EAST OVER SANTA FE ROUTE.
Fine vestibuled train. Running time to Chicago has been shortened. Two p. m. trains. Rates low as any. Sleeper reservations to your destination can be secured at city ticket office.

RIO GRANDE
To Cripple Creek. Special daily train leaves at 1:30 a. m. Buy your tickets and secure your berth at city ticket office.

Wife Here's an account of a man who shot himself rather than suffer the pangs of indigestion. Husband—The fool! Why didn't he take De Witt's Little Early Risers? I ued to suffer as bad as he did before I commenced taking these little pills.

Coughing irritates the delicate organs and aggravates the disease. Instead of waiting, try One Minute Cough Cure. It helps at once, making expectoration easy, reduces the soreness and inflammation. Every one likes it.

RAILROAD LOCALS.

UNION PACIFIC, CHICAGO AND NORTHWESTERN.

Through vestibuled train leaves Denver daily at 10 p. m., arriving at Omaha 4:10 p. m., and Chicago 3:15 a. m., second morning. The excellent and unequalled service of this train makes it the best and fastest train for Omaha, Sioux City, St. Paul, Minneapolis and all points northeast.

TO CALIFORNIA

Via the Gulf railway is the best route. It is twelve hours quicker to San Francisco and Portland than any other line. Our time is 52½ hours the shortest ever known. For further particulars call at Gulf Railway office, 14 Pike's Peak ave.

THE CRIPPLE CREEK SPECIAL.

Car open for passengers at 9 p. m. Rio Grande depot. Get your tickets and berths early at City Ticket Office.

A. G. Bartley of Magic, Pa., writes: I feel it a duty of mine to inform you and the public that De Witt's Hazel Salve cured me of a very bad case of eczema. It also cured my boy of a running sore on his leg. Colorado Springs Drug Co.

THE MOST PUNCTUAL TRAIN

Service to and from Colorado Springs, is the Pike's Peak and Denver Fast Express on the Gulf railway. This well appointed train leaves Colorado Springs promptly at 8:10 every morning. It makes no difference how late the trains are from Kansas City, San Francisco or other points. You don't have to telephone to know when to start for the station. This train leaves Colorado Springs proper and is for the accommodation of travel from Colorado Springs and Manitou, only. Arrives Denver on time every morning at 10:55. Returning leaves Denver at 4 o'clock every afternoon. Passengers from Manitou should take electric car leaving station there at 7:22 a. m.

E. K. CARNES,
General Agent, No. 14 Pike's Peak ave.
Depot, West Huerfano St., directly on electric line.

YOU CAN OBTAIN

The very lowest rates and at the same time enjoy the very best train service, including all your meals in our own magnificent dining cars. Seats in the well-known Horton palace reclining chair cars without extra charge, or through sleepers containing all the latest and best inventions known by patronizing the great Rock Island route.

IT WILL BE TIME

Soon now to arrange to go south for the winter months. The great Rock Island Route has superior advantages to offer for this business and we will be pleased to give you all the information regarding routes, Lowest Rates, etc., at our city ticket office, No. 12 Pike's Peak avenue.

W. W. WOOD, General Agent.

ONLY TWO DAYS.

Colorado Springs to California via the New Gulf, U. P., "Overland Limited." This train consists of new reclining chair cars, Pullman Palace sleepers and dining car, lighted by gas and steam-heated throughout. The handsomest and most modern train across the continent. For rates, etc., call at Gulf office, 14 Pike's Peak ave.

The Rio Grande will take you through the Grand Canon and Royal Gorge and return on same day; leave Colorado Springs 11:15 a. m., arrive home on return at 7:02 p. m. Grandest scenery on a one-day ride in the world

$5.00. RIO GRANDE TO LEADVILLE ANR RETURN.

Jan. 24, good to return till Jan. 27. Call at city ticket office, 16 North Tejon st.

COLORADO SPRINGS-DENVER SERVICE.

Particular attention is called to the splendid train service of the Santa Fe route, between Colorado Springs and Denver. Five trains each way daily and all at seasonable hours, so that you may go and return about as you please.

THE GREATEST RAIDROAD OF THE WEST

Is the Union Pacific. It is the shortest line to Ogden, Salt Lake, San Francisco, Portland and Montana. It makes the quickest time to these points and also to Omaha, Sioux City, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Kansas City, St. Louis, and nearly all other points in the country. Through sleepers, dining cars, chair cars, coaches and tourist sleepers, East and West.

Rock Island is the best line to Hot Springs.

THE WABASH ROAD.

Commencing Sunday, Sept. 8th, Wabash trains 4 and 5 between St. Louis and Kansas City, will have the following sleeping car equipments:

No. 4—Kansas City to St. Louis, will have one compartment sleeper to St Louis, and the Denver-St. Louis through sleeper.

No. 5 St. Louis to Kansas City, will have one compartment sleeper to Kansas City, and the Cincinnati Kansas City through sleeper.

The Denver St. Louis sleeper, west bound, is carried on Wabash train No 1, leaving St. Louis at 12:01 midnight, arriving in Denver at 7:25 o'clock on the second morning.

The Kansas City-Cincinnati through sleeper, east bound, runs on Wabash train No. 6, leaving Kansas City 6:30 p m., arriving St. Louis 2:30 a. m., thence via B. & O. S. W. train No. 4, arriving Cincinnati 11:30 a. m.

C. M. HAMPSON,
Commercial Agent. No. 1035 17th st Denver, Colo.

RIO GRANDE.

To Glenwood and return, good 90 days $16. To Aspen and return, $18. Stop-overs allowed

SANTA FE-DENVER TRAINS.

Five trains daily each way, via the Santa Fe, between Colorado Springs and Denver.

GOOD ADVICE.

Get in on the ground floor and buy a few lots in North Cripple Creek before the spring boom sets in. They will make you rich.

The new town is situated in a mineral district we honestly believe will distance Cripple Creek in two years. The biggest discoveries are yet to be made in the gold belt.

We wouldn't be surprised if the country between Cripple Creek and Central City turned out thirty million dollars worth of gold in 1896. (H. George, in The Road, Dec. 28th.

The way to reach North Cripple Creek is via the South Park Line. Buy a ticket to South Platte station and take Gabriel's stage to the new town. Tickets on sale at 1011 17th street, Denver.

E. K. CARNES.
General Agent, 14 Pike's Peak ave.

AN EASY WINNER.

The solid vestibuled trains of the Chicago, Union Pacific and Northwestern line distance all competition with ease. It has the shortest line, union depots, and no change or delay at the Missouri river.

GO TO CRIPPLE CREEK VIA RIO GRANDE.

No delays, lands you right in the heart of the city. Car open for passengers at Rio Grande depot at 9 p. m. Get your tickets and berths early at City Ticket office.

FAST TRAIN TO CALIFORNIA.

The Santa Fe have it. Leave Colorado Springs 6:42 p. m., arrive at Los Angeles 6:05 p. m. the second day. Time: forty-seven hours and a half. New equipment, chair cars and dining car, Pullman Palace cars; and on each Thursday a new Pullman Compartment car, containing two drawing rooms and seven state rooms. Train vestibuled throughout and lighted by gas.

THE MOST POPULAR HIGHWAY OF TRAVEL

Penetrating the principal cities of the East—the shortest line between Chicago and Boston with solid through trains to New York City via Fort Wayne, Cleveland and Buffalo, and the only line via these cities having colored porters on its first and second-class day coaches at the disposal of its patrons, is the Nickel Plate road, whose unexcelled train service and most liberal rates have long been recognized by east-bound travelers. J. Y. Calahan, general agent, 111 Adams street, Chicago, Ills.

BUY YOUR TICKETS

For Cripple Creek at Rio Grande city ticket office. Special train 1:30 a. m First-class equipment; train lands you right in the city. No staging.

THE GULF AND U. P. FLYER

To California is the only train to the Pacific coast that carries a dining-car. No getting off at way stations for meals. Leave Colorado Springs 3 p. m., arrive San Francisco 8:45 p. m. second evening. This time has never been paralleled. For further information and rates call at Gulf office, 14 Pike's Peak ave.

NOTHING LIKE IT.

Time brinks many changes, but the climate of California, "the Italy of America," and the attractions of the many famous health and pleasure resorts, are the same yesterday, to-day and forever.

Tourists never will tire of speaking in praise of the soft and balmy air, the profusion of flowers, the magnificent display of fruits, the luxury of sea bathing and the beautiful walks and drives.

Then, too, it must be conceded that with such excellent equipment, consisting of reclining chair cars, Pullman palace sleepers and Pullman dining cars, all heated by steam and lighted with Pintsch light, the Union Pacific, "The Overland Route," is the tourists' favorite. Ask your agent for tickets via this route.

E. L. LOMAX,
Gen'l Pass. and Tkt. Agt., Omaha, Neb.

THE ROCK ISLAND'S NEW SERVICE.

"Big 6" leaves Colorado Springs daily at 7:40 p. m., and carries Pullman's newest and handsomest vestibuled sleeping cars to Chicago without change via Lincoln, Omaha, Des Moines, Davenport, Rock Island and Joliet, arriving Chicago 8:10 the second morning and making direct connection with all trains for the East.

All meals served in the Rock Island's own famous dining cars.

At Omaha a magnificent vestibuled sleeper is attached to this train running through to Minneapolis and St. Paul via Des Moines, arriving Minneapolis 8:30 a. m. and St. Paul 9:05 a. m., thus making through sleeping car service Colorado Springs to St. Paul and Minneapolis.

The Rock Island is the only line giving its patrons through dining car service between Colorado Springs and the Twin cities.

"Big 6" also carries through vestibuled sleeping cars from Colorado Springs to St. Louis without change via Topeka and Kansas City, arriving St. Louis 7 o'clock the second morning and connecting at McFarland, Kans., with through sleepers to Ft. Worth, Tex.

"The St. Louis day express" leaves Colorado Springs daily except Sunday 9:50 a. m., carrying through sleeper to Kansas City, arriving there 8:20 a. m., and St. Louis 6 p. m.

Secure tickets and berths through to destination at city ticket office, 12 Pike's Peak avenue.

W. W. WOOD, General Agent.

Commencing Dec. 12th the Denver and Rio Grande will have a sleeper for Cripple Creek at depot which can be occupied after 9 o'clock every evening. Returning from Cripple a sleeper will be set out here which passengers may occupy until 7 a. m. This arrangement should be very satisfactory to the traveling public. Buy your tickets and secure berths at 16 North Tejon street. J. M. Ellison.

THE SOLID THROUGH TRAINS.

Of the Nickel Plate road, equipped with the most modernly constructed day coaches and luxurious sleeping and dining cars, illuminated throughout with the famous Pintsch gaslights, and colored porters in charge of day coaches, are some of the features of this popular line that are being recognized by travelers seeking the lowest rates and fast time. J. Y. Calahan, general agent, 111 Adams street, Chicago, Ills.

Ten daily trains between Colorado Springs and Denver 5 each way Hours of departure are such as to give a long or short day in Denver. New limited train to California. Ticket office in Opera House.

C. C. HOYT,
City Passenger Agent.

For Solid Comfort
When traveling,
For absolute safety
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For Fast Time
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For Sure Connections
When traveling,
For the Best Dining Cars
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Select the
GREAT ROCK ISLAND ROUTE

REFERENCES:
First National Bank, of Colorado Springs, Colo.
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NOW OPEN FOR BUSINESS!

Transfer and stock books of all companies accurately kept, and transfers promptly made without cost to the companies. Large fire and burglar proof vault for safety of books. All business strictly guarded and private. Stocks registered with Trust Company if desired. A very economical, safe and convenient plan for mining or other companies.
The transfer of all stocks whether company is located in this city or out of it, will be made without delay.
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Best of References on application. Office, 109 Hagerman Blk. Telephone 111

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The best references given in London, New York or Colorado Springs.
OFFICE, 112 PIKE'S PEAK AVENUE.

Buys and sells all Colorado Mining Stocks.

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Member of Colorado Springs Board of Trade and Mining Exchange.
106 Pike's Peak Avenue. Telephone 157. Colorado Springs, Colo.
References: Giddings Bros., Wm. Lennox, El Paso County Bank, Colorado Springs.

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Mining Stocks bought and sold on commission. Approved stocks carried on margin.
Eastern references: Charles T. Wing & Co., New York. Jackson & Curtis, Boston. Richardson & Clark, Providence.
Room 63, 1st Nat. Bank Blk. Telephone 295. P. O. Box 224.

THE MECHEM INVESTMENT CO.
MINES AND MINING STOCKS.
Members of the Colorado Springs Mining Stock Exchange.
Private Wire to Denver and Chicago. Rooms 6, Exchange Block. Telephone 301. Francis A. Chapman, W. W. Wescott, Managers. Colorado Springs, Colo.

EASTERN MARKETS.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

New York, Jan. 9.—Money on call has been easy at 3@7; last loan at 4, and closing offered at 5. Prime mercantile paper 7@9 per cent. Bar silver 67½. Mexican dollars 53¼. Sterling exchange quiet, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87¾ @4.88¼ for 60 days and $4.89 for demand. Posted rates $4.88@4.89½. Commercial bills $4.87½. Government bonds easier; State bonds quiet; railroad bonds ——. Silver at the board neglected.

The stock market to-day was dull, but the dullness was more than made up by the strength. The bears seemed anxious to reduce their short lines and to this is attributed the attempt made to smash Leather Preferred and Manhattan. It was said that the drive at these stocks was made with a view of demoralizing holders of Sugar and other leading shares. Instead of accomplishing its object nearly the entire list ruled strong from start to finish and each slight reaction brought in buyers with the result of establishing the higher quotations ruling before the raids.

Higher cables from London, the ease in money on call, with light withdrawals of gold from the sub-treasury and the belief that arrangements have been perfected to assist the treasury in case of further heavy withdrawals were the important bull factors. There was also less talk of probable large shipments of gold by Saturday's steamers. Speculation left off firm in tone. The sales were 153,700 shares.

Bonds were higher. Sales amounted to $1,712,000.

Closing Prices.

Am. Tele. & Cable	93½	Norfolk & Western	1¾
Atchison	13¾	do. preferred	6¾
Adams Express	145	North Am.	4¾
Alton, Ter reHaut.	56	Northern Pacific	2¾
American Express	111	preferred	11
American Tobacco	73½	Northwestern	97¾
preferred	131	preferred	141
Bay State Gas	19	N. Y. Central	95
Baltimore & Ohio	37¾	N. Y., C. & St. L.	11
Brunswick Land	¾	1st preferred	65
Buf. Roch & Pitts.	19	2nd preferred	22
Canadian Pacific	52	N. Y. & N. Hav.	175
Canada Southern	47½	N. Y. & N. Eng.	43
Canton Land	50¾	N. Y. Sus. & W.	8
Central Pacific	14½	do. preferred	22¾
Ches. & Ohio	14½	Ontario	7½
Chicago & Alton	152	Ont. & Western	12¾
preferred	170	Ore. Improv't.	2½
C. B. & Q.	73½	preferred	
Chicago & E. Ill.	42½	Oregon Nav.	15
preferred	95	Ore. S. Line & U. N.	5
Chicago Gas	64¾	Pacific Mail	24¾
Cleveland & Pitts.	150	Peo., Dec & Evans	2½
Con. Coal	28½	Pittsburg	15
Consolidated Gas	43½	Pullman Palace	151½
C. C. C. & St. L.	34¾	Quicksilver	1½
preferred	83	preferred	1½
Col. Fuel & Iron	23½	Reading	2¾
preferred	95	Rio Grande West'n.	17
Cotton Oil Cert.	16¾	preferred	40
Commercial Cable	140	Rock Island	64
Del. & Hudson	124¾	Rome, Wat. & Og.	115
Del. Lack	155	St. L. Southwest'n	4
D. & R. G.	11½	preferred	9
preferred	41½	St. Paul	67¾
Dist. & Cat. Feed.	15½	preferred	120
Gen. Electric	24¾	St. P. & Duluth	23
Erie	13½	preferred	85
preferred	25½	St. P. & Omaha	73½
Fort Wayne	161	preferred	120
Great North'n pref	110	St. P. M. & M.	110
Green Bay	½	Silver Certificates	67
Harlem	290	Southern Pacific	2½
Hocking Coal	2½	Southern R'lway	8½
Homestake	27	do. preferred	26¾
Hous. & Texas Cen.	1½	Sugar	101¾
Illinois Central	96¾	preferred	96
Iowa Central	7¾	Tenn Coal & Iron.	24¾
preferred	25	do. preferred	100
Kansas & Texas	13	Texas Pacific	7¾
do. preferred	23	Tol. A. A. & N. M.	
Kingston & Pem.	3	Tol. & O. Cen.	30
Lake Erie & West.	15	do. preferred	65
preferred	65	Tol. St. L. & K. C.	5
Lake Shore	137	do. preferred	10
National Lead	24¾	Union Pacific	3¾
preferred	83½	U. P. D. & Gulf.	3
Long Island	83	United States Cor.	4¾
Louis & Nash	42¾	do. preferred	9
Louis. N. Albany	8	do. guaranteed	19
preferred	17	United States Ex.	38
Manhattan Con.	96¾	U. S. Leather	9
Memph. & Charl.	15	do. preferred	57¾
Mexican Cen.	8	U. S. Rubber	26¾
Michigan Cen.	91	preferred	85
Minn. & St. L. Com.	17	Utica & B. River	150
do. 1st preferred	74	Wab. St. L. & P.	6¾
do. 2nd preferred	41½	preferred	15¾
Missouri Pacific	24	Wells Fargo Ex.	95
Mobile & Ohio	21½	Western Union	83¾
Nash & Chat.	65	Wisconsin Central	3½
Nat. Linseed Oil	19½	Wheel'g & L. E.	10¾
N. J. Central	97¾	do. preferred	34½

Bonds.

4s Registered	108¾	N. P. 5s	39
4s Coupon	109	Northw't'n Consols	135½
New 4s Reg.	115	Debenture 5s	108¾
4s Registered	96	Ore. Nav. 1sts	105
D. C. 3-65s	110	St. Louis & Iron M.	
Canada S. 2d	104	Gen. 5s	80
Cent. Pac. 1st	100	St. Louis & San F.	
D. & R. G. 1s	114	Gen. 6s	100
D. & R. G. 4s	86¾	St. Paul Consols	123
Erie 2ds	66	St. P. Chi. & Pac. 1s	112
Kan. Pac. Consols	70	S. Pac. Cal. 1s	107
K. P. 1sts, D. Div.	105	Tex. Pac. 1s	83½
M. K. & T. 2ds	55½	Tex. Pac. 2s	19¾
M. K. & T. 4s	83	U. P. 1s of '96	104
Mutual Union 6s	115	West Shore 4s	104¾
N. J. C. Gen. 5s	114¾	Mobile & Ohio 4s	63
N. P. 1s	114	R. G. W. 1s	71
N. P. 2s	101	Atchison 4s	71½

CHICAGO GRAIN

Chicago, Jan. 9.—While the apprehension feeling in wheat was less pronounced this morning than on either of the two days just previous, there was, nevertheless some disquietude still lingering in the market. This was evident from the fact that a drop of a few fractions in British consols subsequent to the opening, was followed by a sharp rise of half a cent in the value of wheat.

The Cincinnati Price Current summary afforded the market some firmness. The start was rather easy, prices ruling unchanged to ⅛ cent under yesterday's close. The recovery already mentioned then took place after which comparative steadiness prevailed.

Corn—The tone of corn was identical with that of wheat and the action similar, although less pretentious fluctuations took place. The business was not different from the ordinary and nothing entitled to special notice transpired. Receipts were 341 cars and 3000 bushels were taken from store. Liverpool cables were quiet and unchanged. Export clearances were 276,706 bushels. Estimated receipts for to-morrow 501 cars.

CLOSING PRICES.

Wheat—Jan. 57⅝; May 60¾@60⅞; July 60⅞.

Corn—Jan. 24¾; May 29¼; July 30.

Oats—Jan. 17½; May 19⅞@19⅞.

Pork—Jan. $9.60; May $9.92½.

Lard—Jan. $5.55; May $5.85.

Ribs—Jan. $4.65; May $4.95.

Chicago Live Stock.

Union Stock Yards, Ills., Jan. 9. Cattle—Receipts 9000; common to extra steers $3.25@5.10; stockers and feeders $2.60@3.80; cows and bulls $1.60@3.50; calves $3.25@6.75.

Hogs Receipts 37,000; heavy packing and shipping lots $3.70@3.95; common to choice mixed $3.70@3.95; choice assorted $3.80@3.95; light $3.70@3.95; pigs $2.90@3.85.

Sheep—Receipts 17,000; inferior to choice $2@3.75; lambs $3.60@4.90.

Not a Question of Courage.

"I always thought you were a man of courage," she said bitterly.

"I am," he protested.

"You!" she exclaimed sarcastically. "You!"

"Yes," he replied haughtily. "I have proved my courage dozens of times."

"Where?" she asked.

"On the football field, in the cane rushes, everywhere that courage is needed."

"Then," she said in a tone of conviction, "you do not love me."

"Ellen," he cried, "retract those words! You know not what you say! I love you madly, devotedly."

"So you have said before," she returned sorrowfully, "and yet."

"Speak!" he implored as she hesitated. "What makes you doubt either my love or my courage?"

"You have asked me to be yours," she said in a low, passionate voice. "You have said that you wished to marry me, and for two weeks we have been engaged."

"Glorious two weeks!" he interrupted.

"But during that time," she continued, "you have steadfastly refused to speak to my father."

His brow clouded instantly.

"I have," he admitted, "but that is purely a matter of discretion. I am courageous, Ellen, but I never claimed to be foolhardy."—Chicago Post.

Felt Guilty.

Mrs. Von Blumer: What makes your baby brother so bashful, Willie? He won't look any one in the face.

Willie Slimson: I guess it's because he isn't paid for yet.—New York Herald.

Payment on Publication.

"This joke," said the disgusted subscriber, "was originated in 1784."

"Yes," replied the editor calmly, "that was when we bought it."—Indianapolis Journal.

Not a few who read what Mr. Robert Rowls, of Hollands, Va., has to say below, will remember their own experience under like circumstances: "Last winter I had la grippe which left me in a low state of health. I tried numerous remedies, none of which did me any good, until I was induced to try a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. The first bottle of it so far relieved me that I was enabled to attend to my work and the second bottle effected a cure." For sale at 25 and 50 cents per bottle.

G. O. Taylor Whiskies invigorate the system.

DISEASES OF THE SKIN.

The intense itching and smarting incident to eczema, tetter, salt-rheum, and other diseases of the skin is instantly allayed by applying Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment. Many very bad cases have been permanently cured by it. It is equally efficient for itching piles and a favorite remedy for sore nipples, chapped hands, chilblains, frost bites, and chronic sore eyes. For sale by druggists at 25 cents per box.

Try Dr. Cady's Condition Powders, they are just what a horse needs when in bad condition. Tonic, blood purifier and vermifuge.

DR. GUNN'S IMPROVED LIVER PILLS

A Mild Physic. One Pill for a Dose. A movement of the bowels each day is necessary for health. These pills supply what the system lacks to make it regular. They cure Headache, brighten the Eyes, and clear the Complexion better than cosmetics. They neither gripe nor sicken. To convince you, we will mail sample free, or full box for 25c. Sold everywhere. DR. BOSANKO MED. CO. Philadelphia, Pa.

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DRUGGISTS, GROCERS AND HOTELS SELL IT.

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SMITH & WELLING.

West Creek Mining District.

I have for sale 800 acres of fine mineral land, patented and clear, upon which has been platted the town of West Creek which adjoins the Tyler ranch; this property is offered for sale upon very reasonable terms if sold at once. I am going east and must sell before I start. For further information, call or address

JOHN L. SCOTT, Owner. No. 202 Cooper Bldg., Denver.

10 CTS. A COPY. 10 CTS. A COPY.

New Year's Gazettes.

A FEW MORE LEFT.

It is a Splendid Advertisement for Colorado Springs and Cripple Creek.

SPECIAL RATES ON LARGE ORDERS.

SEND THEM TO YOUR EASTERN FRIENDS.

IT WILL BE OF GREAT INTEREST TO THEM!

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Begin the one by sweeping. It has points of merit in carpet sweeping. Do you know of any one who would like one?

For 30 days, with every chamber suit sold. We have good suits for $18.00

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And is now making Great Bargains. He can suit everybody

MATT. CONWAY - 19 East Pike's Peak Ave.

Horses Clipped

At Livery Barn, in rear of Durkee Building.

GREAT SACRIFICE SALE.

Now is the time to buy Horse Blankets, Robes, Saddles, Harness, Trunks, Valises, etc., at your own price in order to raise cash money.

F. H. METZ, 8 Pike's Peak Ave.

THE ELK MEAT MARKET Has Changed Hands.

We have secured one of the best meat cutters in the state. Meat of all kinds, poultry, fish and oysters, butter, eggs, and everything pertaining to a meat market. All goods first-class. Prompt Delivery. Prices reasonable. Satisfaction guaranteed at 124 E. Pike's Peak ave., first door east of Elk Hotel. Come and see us and we will treat you right.

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